Today's Weather.
Showers With Fresh Winds From the Northwest.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

Latest News Edition.

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REPUBLICAN CONVENTION GIVES INSPIRATION TO PARTY VALOR

NEWS SUMMARY

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION.

Convention met amid enthusiasm for Roosevelt and Fairbanks.—Page 1.

Elihu Root, temporary chairman, sounded the keynote of the campaign.—Page 6.

Senator Penrose and Gov. Pennypacker were given an ovation on entering the Coliseum.—Page 1.

La Follette faction declined to present their contest to the credential committee.—Page 2.

Platform sub-committee decided to "stand pat" on the tariff plank.—Page 1.

Favorite sons expected to withdraw and Fairbanks' nomination for vice president will be made unanimous.—Page 1.

Secretary Shaw talked on the tariff to an immense mass meeting at the Auditorium.—Page 1.

Pennsylvania delegates object to their location and their protest brings good results.—Page 2.

Secretary Cortelyou leaves Washington for Chicago.—Page 1.

THE SITUATION IN THE FAR EAST.

Russian general staff denies that a general engagement is in progress near Kai Ping.—Page 1.

War correspondents submit a written protest on Japanese censorship of news.—Page 1.

DOMESTIC.

Startling testimony is given at coroner's investigation of Slocum disaster in which probably 1,000 lives were lost, 845 bodies having been recovered.—Page 2.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Grove Thomas, catcher of the Babcock baseball team of Johnstown, is killed by a foul ball at Indiana.—Page 1.

A condemned murderer tries to escape from the Washington (Pa.) jail.—Page 8.

One farmer kills another during a quarrel in Greene county.—Page 8.

LOCAL.

The Gazette's directory of summer resorts is invaluable to those contemplating summer trips.—Page 14.

Mrs. Phipps draws first blood in getting temporary possession of her children.—Page 5.

All legislation to purchase Monongahela water works is shelved in a sub-committee named by Director Bigelow.—Page 3.

Director Moore's massage ordinance bitterly denounced but at the same time approved by council committee.—Page 3.

Filipino commissioners ask for a nap after luncheon each day in Pittsburgh.—Page 3.

Committee of East End board of trade appointed to confer with City Solicitor Rodgers about Hamilton avenue extension.—Page 3.

John S. Berger, manager of the United Labor league carnival has disappeared and the big show is closed.—Page 5.

In a class of 1,274 which took the examination for entrance to the Pittsburgh high schools, only 18 failed to pass. Names of the successful ones.—Page 7.

Aged man accuses J. Henry Jahn of fraudulently securing property which was his only support.—Page 3.

Pittsburgher recently returned from Japan tells of his observations there.—Page 11.

SOCIAL.

The engagement of Miss Margaret Marcus of Philadelphia, and Frank Pitcairn, nephew of Robert Pitcairn of this city and a son of Hugh Pitcairn, consul general to Hamburg, Germany, is announced.—Page 10.

SPORTING.

Mike Lynch, the college pitcher, won his first game for Pirates defeating Cardinals 9 to 6.—Page 9.

FINANCIAL.

New York stocks were dull but firm and higher. Local securities closed at net gains. Decrease in visible supply helps wheat prices.—Pages 12 and 13.

TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

BIJOU—"Road to Ruin," 2 and 8 p. m.

AVENUE—Continuous vaudeville, 15 acts, headed by Rossow Midgets, 1:30 to 10:30 p. m.

KENNYWOOD PARK—Aerial Laconas and vaudeville bill; free concerts and steeplechase house attractions; afternoon and evening.

SOUTHERN PARK—Vaudeville bill, headed by the Dixie Troubadours; afternoon and evening.

Great National Gathering Is Put in Motion at Chicago.

CHEERS FOR LEADERS

Roosevelt's Portrait Creates Enthusiasm and Fairbanks Receives an Ovation.

ROOT SUPPLIES ARTILLERY

By HENRY J. FORD.
(Staff Correspondent.)
[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

Chicago, June 21.—In a two-hour session today the Republican national convention surveyed the lines upon which the fall campaign will be fought and raised hearty cheers over the party prospects. Elihu Root, who since his withdrawal from field service may be regarded as chief of the general staff of administration politics, officiated as the strategist of the occasion, unfolding to the assembled captains a topographical survey of the field of war pointing out the vantage ground of the party.

The Coliseum in which this memorable council took place was full of inspiration to party valor. Right over the platform was a colossal oil painting of the late Senator Hanna smiling down upon the Republican hosts whom he had led to victory in two great campaigns. The huge frame of the portrait was draped by great flags and brilliantly lighted from above by a row of electric lights.

The galleries were festooned with red, white and blue bunting, caught up at regular intervals by a group of flags about a portrait engraving of President Roosevelt. In the angles thus formed were hanging baskets of ferns and on a lower tier was a row of palms. The general appearance was very pleasing and the tasteful effect of the decorations was heightened by the coloring of the auditorium.

A Pretty Color Scheme.

The chairs in the sections of the hall occupied by the delegates were green, the seats of the spectators were a mahogany red and the general tint of the woodwork was a colonial yellow, against which the decorations stood out in agreeable relief. In a large way is was as pretty a color scheme as the front page of The Gazette's Home Journal section.

The hour set for assembling was 12 o'clock, but the crowds were pouring in thick streams through the numerous portals for over an hour before. The galleries were well filled before the delegates' sections began to be occupied, but when these, too, began to fill, they did so rapidly, as the state delegations generally came in a bunch. As prominent delegates were recognized a burst of applause would be heard.

Senator Depew made his stage entrance at center, and was about the first of the big guns to arrive. He was all smiles and bowed right and left to the applause. Five minutes later "Uncle Joe" Cannon showed up in the center aisle and was greeted with cheers and huzzahs. He is a popular favorite. A minute later Senator Lodge made his way in without attracting special notice from the spectators, perhaps because he came in by a side aisle.

Real Ovation for Fairbanks.

Congressman Dalzell came in by the same aisle shortly after and got a round of applause, which he acknowledged by lifting his hat. None of these demonstrations amounted to what might be termed a curtain call, but a few minutes later the tall figure of Senator Fairbanks showed up among the Indiana delegates on their way to their seats, and the applause which broke out then was the real thing in the way of an ovation. By this time it was well on toward 12 and the delegates were pushing forward to their places in every direction.

The Pennsylvania delegation got into their seats in this period of bustle, cheers being raised for Senator Penrose as he came down the aisle. The delegation are on the extreme left row along with Indiana, New York and other big states. The Alaska delegation is behind the Pennsylvania and the only picturesque feature attending the gathering of the delegates was contributed by it. The six members marched in carrying

Continued on Second Page. Third Column.

TARIFF PLANK IS COMPLETED

Sub-Committee Decides to "Stand Pat" on the Schedules.

MANY SUGGESTIONS

Women Make Arguments for an Equal Suffrage Declaration in Platform.

ARBITRATION ALSO WANTED

By L. W. STRAYER.
(Staff Correspondent.)
[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

Chicago, June 21.—The tariff plank of the platform has been adopted by the sub-committee of the committee on resolutions, and as predicted in The Gazette some days ago, it is practically the same as that adopted by the Massachusetts convention. It "stands pat" on the subject of tariff schedules, but promises that they will be revised when conditions demand it.

However, it is specifically stated that such revision will be done by the friends of the protective tariff policy and not by those opposed to it. Senator Hopkins of Illinois stated late tonight that the committee had made good progress, and that all the subjects passed upon had been settled without any serious friction.

At midnight the sub-committee of the committee on resolutions was still in session at the Auditorium annex engaged in framing the platform for the Republican national convention. During the early part of the evening good progress was made on the framing of this important document, but when the tariff plank was reached it required more careful consideration. But members of the committee were firm in the belief that this plank would be so worded as to be satisfactory to the convention and to the rank and file of the Republican party.

Many Proposals Made.

At 5 o'clock this afternoon the sub-committee to which was referred this task of drafting the platform, began its session. Senator Lodge of Massachusetts produced a copy of the platform he had written, assisted by Senators Spooner and Allison, and this was read and tentatively considered by the sub-committee.

A proposition was submitted for a plank advocating the right of franchise for the District of Columbia, also one protesting against the peonage system in the south and another protesting against cutting down the representation in congress from the southern states by disfranchising the negroes. These were all taken under consideration by the sub-committee.

After an adjournment for dinner the committee met again at 8:30 o'clock. Predictions were made by Senator Hopkins and others that the task would be finished before midnight, but the veterans, who have been through the same thing many times, were not so sanguine. Before the evening session convened Senator Hansbrough had a talk with Representative John Dalzell regarding the senator's tariff plank calling for an early "readjustment" of the tariff schedules.

Mr. Dalzell was opposed to it, being one of the most determined "stand patters," and when the platform is reported to the full committee tomorrow, the senator from North Dakota will not be able to find his "readjustment" plank.

Voice From the Philippines.

John W. Switzer, a delegate from Cebu, Philippine islands, acting under instructions from his home convention, had a plank to propose to the committee as follows:

"We favor the reduction of the existing tariff imposed in the United States upon products from the Philippine islands, at least 25 per cent of the present Dingley rates. We favor ultimate free trade between the United States and the Philippine islands."

Mr. Switzer was informed by the committee that this was a matter he should bring before congress, so he pocketed his resolution and walked away. He was not disappointed and he had carried out the instructions of his constituents.

At 3 o'clock the resolutions committee gathered in the green room of the Annex and began its business by the selection of Senator Lodge as chairman and Senator Clarke of Wyoming as secretary. After an hour's adjournment it reassembled to hear any committees that might care to present their claims for consideration in the platform. In response to this invitation a committee of eight women, representing women's suffrage and women's rights organizations in various parts of the country, appeared under the leadership of Mrs. Catherine Waugh McCullough, president of the Illinois Women's Suffrage association. The atmosphere of the room was sweltering and was perfumed with smoke, but the ladies braved these discomforts to present their demands for recognition.

Committee Looked Bored.

When the ladies entered the room there was a bored look upon the face of every member of the committee, but after the three brief speeches had been delivered by those chosen for that purpose, the frigidity of manner had thawed from the committeemen and all agreed that the claims of these women had been brought forward in a most creditable manner. The speeches were bright and witty and showed that the ladies understood the political situation thoroughly.

In introducing the speakers Mrs. McCullough said that they had come to urge the committee to adopt a plank in the platform declaring in favor of a constitutional amendment prohibiting the disfranchisement of any citizen on account of sex. This was as far as they asked the party to go at this time.

Mrs. Harriet Taylor Upton of Warren, O., said that in addressing the committee she would especially address Senator Foraker, as she was acquainted with him and he was the only man present whom she was not afraid of. Mrs. Upton is a member of the school board of Warren.

Continued on Second Page. Seventh Column.

Harmony.

FAVORITE SONS TO BE WITHDRAWN

Fairbanks' Unanimous Nomination for Vice President Expected.

WAITING TO HEAR FROM HITT

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

Chicago, June 21.—The Indiana delegation made a tour of the different state delegations tonight, and created considerable interest, although no direct attempt was made to boom the nomination of Senator Fairbanks for vice president.

There is a practically unanimous belief that the Indiana senator is to be chosen, although there were no developments in the situation today. There has been some communication with Representative Hitt, and he has been informed of the situation. It is expected that he will authorize the withdrawal of his name, in which event the other candidates also will be withdrawn and the nomination of Senator Fairbanks be made unanimous. As the Illinois delegation has decided to support Mr. Hitt and he has signified his willingness to be a candidate the delegation will not withdraw him without his authority.

At a dinner at the Grand Pacific hotel, given tonight by the Hon. Thomas F. Walsh to the Colorado delegation, at which men of prominence from all parts of the country were present, Speaker Cannon responded to the toast, "The Speaker of the House," which was proposed by Mr. Walsh. In suggesting the toast Mr. Walsh said that Mr. Cannon could be vice president if he desired to be. Responding, Mr. Cannon said:

"The speakership is a great office if worthily filled, and, in my opinion, is very close in importance to the office of president. Indeed, I consider the speakership the second office under our government. When I was elected to it your Uncle Joe Cannon was completely submerged and his position of representative exalted. In that office I have gloried for the past 38 years, and if my constituency continues to treat me as kindly for the next 30 years I'll die a member of the popular body."

CORTELYOU OFF FOR CONVENTION

Has Always Been a Republican and Frankly Said So to Cleveland.

POLITICAL RECORD GIVEN

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

Washington, June 21.—Secretary Cortelyou left this afternoon for Chicago to attend the Republican national convention.

A high official of the government tonight made this statement:

"Secretary George B. Cortelyou's father and grandfather were Republicans of the stanchest kind. His grandfather, Peter Crollius Cortelyou, Sr., was the intimate friend and associate of Horace Greeley, Thurlow Weed and other great leaders of the party's early history. Both his brothers are Republicans and the members of his family have been known as Republicans since the foundation of the party. All the teachings of his early years were in that political faith, and when he took up the study of public questions on his own account he became a firm believer in Republican doctrines. His first vote was cast for a Republican candidate, and from that day to this he has voted the Republican ticket.

"Mr. Cortelyou was one of the founders of the Young Men's Republican club of Hempstead, N. Y. He was an active member of the Plumed Knights, and did hard and effective service in the Blaine campaign. He was the secretary of the Harrison managers at the Minneapolis convention. Upon the advent of the Democratic administration in 1889 he tendered his resignation and left the federal service. Again, in 1893, upon the advent of Mr. Cleveland's second administration he tendered his resignation and remained only at the earnest request of his new superior. He has gone regularly each year to his home and voted for Republican candidates, and, while he loyally served a Democratic president, he accepted the position then tendered him only after a frank statement of his political beliefs. He has been secretary to two Republican presidents and has been a cabinet officer in a Republican administration."

SHAW PRESENTS FACTS ON TARIFF

Secretary of Treasury Routs Democratic Argument on Foreign Sales.

IMMENSE MASS MEETING

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

Chicago, June 21.—Secretary of the Treasury Shaw and Representative J. Adam Bede of Minnesota, tonight addressed an immense mass meeting in the Auditorium. Frank O. Lowden presided. Both Mr. Bede and Secretary Shaw were accorded an ovation. Mr. Bede began by paying a tribute to McKinley and Hanna and said that their lives should be an inspiration for men to go on with the work they had begun. He closed by defending the president's age disability pension order, and said that after all the money paid the old soldiers was but a redistribution of wealth.

Secretary Shaw spoke as follows:

Our opponents lay much stress upon the fact that some American manufactures are sold abroad cheaper than at home. Our friends sometimes deny this, and they sometimes apologize for it, and a few in times past have joined our opponents in recommending a removal of the tariff from all such articles. It is useless to deny, and in my judgment, unwise to apologize, and little short of foolishness to attempt to remedy the assumed evil in the manner proposed by the opposition.

A non-partisan commission, appointed by congress to investigate the subject, with authority to compel the attendance of witnesses, reported that $4,000,000 worth of merchandise, the product of American factories, is annually sold abroad cheaper than in the domestic market. The report shows that some of these articles are protected in this country by patents, and are not so protected in the foreign markets. If the supposed evil as applied to patented articles is worthy of drastic remedial measures, the most feasible would be the repeal of patent laws.

There is one other important feature not often recognized. The Republican party has always provided a method whereby a manufacturer can have the benefit of free raw material for the production of merchandise actually exported. Under the regulations prepared by the secretary of the treasury, the consumer of imported material is allowed to recover back the duty paid thereon whenever he exports the same or any article manufactured therefrom. During the fiscal year 1903 the amount of drawbacks thus actually recovered exceeded $5,000,000. A portion of this was upon goods exported direct from warehouses and upon which no labor had been expended. But if the industrial commission reported correctly, that only $4,000,000 worth of merchandise is annually sold abroad cheaper than at home, then the annual drawback on imported material would seem to remove any presumption that an injustice is being perpetrated upon the American consumer. A very small portion of the $4,000,000 drawback would cover the difference between the price at which the merchandise is sold abroad and the domestic price.

We manufacture $13,000,000 worth per annum. This industrial commission reported that an aggregate of $4,000,000 per annum, or one-thirtieth of 1 per cent of the output of our factories, is sold abroad cheaper than at home. In other words, this non-partisan industrial commission, after spending months in taking testimony, reported that of every $1,000 worth of manufactures produced by American labor, 30 cents worth is sold abroad cheaper than to our own people; or, stated in another form, every time $700 is paid to labor employes in shop and factory, 30 cents worth of goods, the product of this labor, is sold abroad for 29 cents.

KILLING OF ETZEL WAS UNWARRANTED

WASHINGTON, June 21. — Minister Conger has cabled the state department that Consul Miller, after a thorough investigation of the facts connected with the killing of the American war correspondent, Etzel, by Chinese soldiers on the junk off Niuchwang, has made a report stating that the killing was unwarranted and without provocation. In due course the state department will bring the subject to the attention of the Chinese government.

GREAT OVATION FOR PENROSE

Pennsylvania Leader Is Cheered Upon Entering the Coliseum.

GOVERNOR IN BOOTS

Pennypacker Gives His Impression of His First National Convention.

PITTSBURGHERS ARE ADMITTED

By WALTER J. CHRISTY.
(Staff Correspondent.)
[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

Chicago, June 21.—When Senator Penrose walked to his seat in the convention today he was given an ovation by delegates from many states and the galleries joined in the applause. The tall Pennsylvanian has been an important figure in the preliminary work of the convention, and although one of the youngest of the national leaders, he is one of the best known.

Gov. Pennypacker was applauded when he took his seat in the front row of the block reserved for the Pennsylvania delegation. The chief executive of the Keystone state has always had a liking for boots and had them on today. This is the first national convention that he has attended and after the adjournment he was asked what he thought of the gathering.

"I could not see or hear much," said the governor, "but from what I gathered the proceedings were quite perfunctory. Such big assemblages have to be more or less machine-like. Every man must know how and when to perform the duty expected of him."

The governor was told that in the Pennsylvania caucus last night two delegates did not vote for the Quay resolution because they did not like the concluding sentence, which read: "In the grave he found that longed-for peace which ingratitude denied him while he was alive."

Not Responsible for Delegation.

"Well, I cannot help that," replied the governor, "when I wrote that resolution I did not take into consideration the make-up of the Pennsylvania delegation. While I have not been requested to report the resolution or a similar one in the national convention, I may do so. I can see no reason why I should not do so. Senator Quay was for years one of our greatest national leaders and it is fitting that the highest body of our party should pay tribute to his memory."

The two delegates who did not rise when the resolution was adopted are R. K. Young of Tioga and James Foster of Monroe. They are former members of the legislature and were strong in the councils of the anti-Quay faction. Others who had been just as active in the bitter contests of the past did vote for the resolution.

Pennsylvania had no part in the proceedings today as nothing was accomplished but the perfection of the temporary organization. Several times during the delivery of Chairman Root's speech, every delegate rose and cheered. The first outburst came when the speaker referred to President Roosevelt and again when he paid a tribute to the lamented Hanna.

All Pittsburghers Admitted.

The Allegheny county delegates were seated just behind the Philadelphians. When they wanted to see the stage they had to stand on their chairs. The big delegation of Pittsburghers that came with the delegates were all in the convention hall today. It took a good deal of scheming to secure admission tickets. One Allegheny county man made his ticket do much service. Fifteen men were able to get by the doorkeepers with it.

Many Pennsylvanians were acting as assistant sergeants-at-arms. They assisted in getting their friends into the hall. One of the most active was a young Western Pennsylvania millionaire. A couple of times during the convention his superior officer put him in charge of an aisle with orders to keep the crowd back. He appeared to enjoy the work, but was not a very competent official.

There were a number of Pennsylvania women in the galleries. Mrs. Elizabeth Moore and her daughter of Greensburg were in a party with Mrs. Charles Fairbanks of Indiana, wife of the senator who will be nominated for vice president.

Gov. Pennypacker was taken through

Continued on Second Page. Third Column.

STAFF DENIES NEWS OF FIGHT

St. Petersburg Officials Say Outposts Only Are Engaged.

SQUADRON RETURNS

Vice Admiral Skrydloff Reports Work Done by Fleet in Recent Raid.

JAPANESE NEAR LIAO-YANG

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

St. Petersburg, June 21.—The general staff today denies that a general engagement is in progress near Kai-Ping, but declares that the Japanese advance from Siuyen is continuing and that continuous skirmishes are taking place between outposts.

The Russian losses at the battle of Vafangow are turning out to be heavier as the reports of the various regiments come in. They are now placed by a conservative official at 4,000, but well-informed authorities expect the total to be increased to 6,500 when the full casualty list is uncovered.

Emperor Nicholas has received the following dispatch from Vice Admiral Skrydloff, dated June 21:

"On June 12 our squadron, consisting of the cruiser Rossia flying the flag of Vice Admiral Bezobrazoff, and the cruisers Gromoboi and Rurik, left to assume the offensive against the maritime communications of the Japanese army. The squadron returned to port on June 20.

"Its commander reports that, on the morning of June 15, the squadron advanced from the north toward the strait of Shimonoseki. When within 20 miles of the strait, our ships perceived on the horizon two steamers which they chased but could not overhaul owing to the great distance. At the same time a third ship was seen by the cruisers which the Gromoboi was ordered to capture.

Transport Izumi Sunk.

"The ship proved to be the transport Izumi. In spite of repeated orders to stop she refused to do so until she had been struck by several shells. She then stopped and men began to jump overboard. The Gromoboi then signalled for those on board to quit the ship, which was done, the crew leaving in two boats. These together with those who had jumped overboard and who were picked up by boats from the cruisers were received on board the Gromoboi.

"The Izumi which was of 3,000 tons was then sunk by our guns. Among the 105 taken on board the Gromoboi were 17 officers.

"After the sinking of the transport two more steamers were sighted by the Gromoboi and they were chased. They proved to be the transports Sado and Hitachi, each of 6,000 tons. On the former, in addition to military stores, were men of the telegraph corps and 12 officers and also pontoons. On the Hitachi were 1,000 troops besides military stores.

"The Rossia was ordered to capture the Sado and the Gromoboi the Hitachi, which tried to escape. After several shots had been fired warning the Hitachi to stop without effect our guns opened fire and she stopped. Those on board, however paid no attention to the signal to abandon the ship and after more shots had been fired they commenced to lower boats. The transport settled down very slowly and consequently the Gromoboi was ordered to expedite the sinking of her, which was soon accomplished.

The Sado Stopped.

"The Sado stopped after several shots had been fired across her bows and in accordance with our signals her boats, which were fairly numerous, were lowered. Some of the boats were precipitately lowered and several capsized. The other boats crowded with men headed toward Tsu and Iki islands which were visible in the distance. The weather was calm and the sea perfectly quiet.

"The Rurik was ordered to pick up the officers, soldiers and crew, but it was only possible to capture four foreigners engaged on the transport and 25 officers. The other troops did not leave the transport and the Ruriff was then ordered to torpedo and sink her. The transport, not sinking at the first torpedo, another was fired which sank her.

"Our squadron then, considering the matter ended and in view also of the growing darkness, proceeded on its cruise, a Japanese cruiser watching all the time.

"On the following day, in the Tsugaru

Continued on Second Page. Fourth Column.

FORAKERITES WILL FORCE DICK TO SHOW HIS HAND

They Expect the Junior Senator to Vote Against Them in Ohio Contests—Gov. Pennypacker to Second Fairbanks' Nomination.

By WALTER J. CHRISTY.
(Staff Correspondent.)
[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CHICAGO, June 21.—Senator Foraker's friends have decided to force Senator Dick to show his hand in the present contest. The Akron senator is a member of the committee on credentials. Foraker men are contesting for seats from the Fourth, Sixth and Twelfth districts. Gov. Herrick does not want them seated and he is depending upon Dick to see that the old Hanna guard is protected.

The Forakerites are confident that Dick will vote to oust them and in order to force his hand they have decided to press the contest. Wisconsin has occupied the time of the committee all evening and the Ohio contests cannot be reached before 2 o'clock tomorrow morning. But two of them will be heard. In the case of the Sixth district proper notice was not given and the committee will refuse to consider it.

Senator Dick says that he will be guided in his vote entirely by the evidence in the case. If the testimony should lead him to vote for Foraker, it would mean a breaking of the peace agreement with Gov. Herrick and George B. Cox. Herrick does not expect this to happen.

The Ohio delegation this morning held a caucus and instructed Chairman Cox to vote the delegation as a unit for Senator Fairbanks for vice president. Harry Daugherty was instrumental in securing the indorsement.

West Virginia today indorsed Fairbanks and instructed Chairman Landstreet to cast the vote of the delegation for him.

Senator Fairbanks made a request tonight that Gov. Pennypacker second his nomination for vice president. He appreciates the great work done for him by the state and is desirous that the executive perform this service. The governor has consented.

DIED ON BASEBALL FIELD WHILE WIFE WATCHED PLAY

Grove Thomas, Catcher of a Johnstown Team, Struck by a Foul Ball at Indiana, Dies in Front of Grandstand.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

INDIANA, PA., June 21.—A game of baseball was brought to a sudden close here this afternoon by an accident that resulted in the death of Grove Thomas, catcher of the Babcock baseball team of Johnstown.

In the seventh inning, while Mack Campbell of the Normal team was at the bat, a foul ball struck the Johnstown player over the heart. The catcher straightened up from his stooped position, turned around, walked three or four steps toward the grand stand where his wife was a spectator and again turning around facing the batter's box rubbed his hand over his heart, smiling at the pitcher, and pitched forward dead.

Medical aid was called immediately but it was too late. The accident happened in the last half of the inning and after the injured player had made the only run of the game in the first half of that inning. The body was immediately taken to the dormitory and an undertaker was summoned.

Friends of Mrs. Thomas led her from the field. Great fear is entertained that she may not recover from the shock. They had been married less than a year and have lived in Johnstown since their marriage.

Mr. Thomas, who was 29 years old, was a mechanical draughtsman for the Cambria Steel Company, having been connected with that corporation for three years. He was a graduate of the University of Cincinnati, as was his wife, whose maiden name was Alma Holt. They were both from that city. The body will be taken to Johnstown in the morning for interment.

CORRESPONDENTS PRESENT LONG LIST OF GRIEVANCES

Newspaper Men Submit Written Statement in Endeavor to Gain Permission to Send Out Complete News Reports from Seat of War.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS IN THE FIELD (Via Seoul) June 20.—There has been much dissatisfaction among newspaper correspondents over their status with the Japanese army, resulting in several protests to the staff. Finally, a written statement of their grievances was presented by the entire body of correspondents here.

The statement complains of the censorship of telegrams at Seoul and at Nagasaki, which the headquarters censor had already approved. It also complains of the strict enforcement of the rules framed by the general staff at Tokyo, which prevent correspondents in the field from sending details of what Tokyo correspondents are often permitted to describe. The statement further requests that some freedom be granted correspondents in the matter of moving about and observing the army and its operations.

The policy of the staff has been to suppress all information regarding the numbers and organizations which could give the enemy a clue to the size or character of the army opposing them. The Russian officers captured at the battle of the Yalu have displayed so much information of importance regarding the composition of this army that the Japanese officers consider that their policy of strict secrecy has been vindicated.

Lieut. Albert S. Fuger, an American artillery officer who was traveling on leave, attempted to visit headquarters of the Japanese army for the purpose of observation. Not having his credentials he was escorted back to Antung from a halfway station.

LA FOLLETTE MEN LEAVE IN A HUFF

Declare That Credentials Committee Is Not an Unprejudiced Body.

DECLINE TO SUBMIT CONTEST

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, June 21.—The LaFollette faction of the Wisconsin Republicans declined to make a contest before the credentials committee this afternoon, declaring that it refused to do so on the ground that the committee on credentials was not an unprejudiced body and making the flat statement that some members of the committee had been "approached." What the nature of the "approach" might be, or by whom made, the LaFollette people declined to state. They entered into no particulars, simply making the broad and general charge of an "approach" and withdrew.

The Wisconsin case was one of the earliest called when the credentials committee went into session at 4 o'clock. The contestants were not present when the sergeant-at-arms announced that the committee was ready to hear the Wisconsin fight, and the case was passed until a contest in the Fourth Alabama district had been heard. In this case the contestants withdrew, the action of the national committee in seating B. F. Aldrich being allowed to stand by default.

The Wisconsin case was called for second time and both parties came into the committee room. The LaFollette people were represented by Mr. Conners of Marshfield, Wis.; Gilbert E. Roe of New York and Henry F. Cochems of New York. The burden of proof was on the contestants and they opened and closed their case with a single statement by Mr. Roe, who spoke as follows:

"Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Committee: Several members of the committee on credentials before which we are now asked to present our case, are members of the national committee which passed on this case before. We do not, therefore, consider this an unprejudiced committee. We understand, moreover, that several members of this committee have been approached, and we therefore decline to present our case, preferring to submit it to the people of Wisconsin at the election next November. I will file with the committee this paper containing the statement I have just made."

A dead silence followed the speech of Mr. Roe. Some members of the committee scowled at him and others smiled sarcastically, but not one word was said in reply. Mr. Roe advanced to the clerk's desk, handed up his paper and then, in company with Mr. Conners and Mr. Cochems, left the committee room. As they were leaving, Senator McComas, who was acting as chairman of the committee, arose and said:

"I have grave doubts as to whether we should permit that paper to be filed at all."

No further comment was made, however, and the paper went in. The LaFollette people declined to make any statement as they left the committee room, but marched straight across the anteroom, down the stairway and left the building.

The "stalwart" faction, upon leaving the committee room was handed the statement handed in by Mr. Roe and retired to the office of the sergeant-at-arms to formulate a reply. Senator Quarles said:

"They were simply afraid to meet us on the floor of the convention or before the committee on credentials. Then they insulted other members of the national committee and every member of the credentials committee and went away."

By unanimous vote the committee on credentials upheld the action of the national committee and declared the J. Edward Addicks delegation from Delaware entitled to seats. Hearing was granted to both sides and the anti-Addicks faction charged that Addicks had at different times used some $80,000 to obtain the election of his lieutenants and in the effort to elect himself United States senator. Mr. Addicks rose to a question of personal privilege and emphatically denied the charge. He was not permitted to make a speech, however, but replied to questions from the committee.

The fight between the contesting delegates-at-large from Illinois was the most vigorous and terminated by the decision of the committee to seat all four delegates-at-large from the 'Lily Whites" and an equal number from the Black and Tans," each delegate to have one-half of a vote.

GAMBLERS' DUEL IN ILLINOIS FATAL TO BOTH FIGHTERS

MARION, ILL., June 21.—A pistol encounter between two gamblers, fatal to both participants, has taken place here. Meredith Barth, who was shot and killed in a saloon, Meredith began firing on Barth, three shots taking effect. Although in a dying condition, Barth turned upon Meredith and fired three rounds. One shot hit Meredith in the mouth, the ball went through his head, just above the eyes, and another through his heart.

THE WEATHER

Showers today, and fair and warmer for tomorrow, is the Washington forecast for Pittsburgh and vicinity. The maximum temperature was 83 and the minimum 66. The rainfall amounted to .20 of an inch. Yesterday was the longest day of the year, the sun rose cloudy at 4:47 and set cloudy at 7:55. The daily report, furnished by the local weather office, follows:

Time.	Baro.	Tem.	Hum.	Wind.	Weather.
8 a. m.....	29.81	73	77	N. W.	Cloudy.
8 p. m.....	29.75	86	64	N.	Rain.

Comparative temperature and precipitation for June 21:

	1904	1903		1904	1903
Maximum ...	83	75	Mean	74	66
Minimum ...	66	58	Precipitation	.20	.00

Nor. temp. 31 yrs. 73 | Nor. precip. 31 yrs. .12
Exc. for day..... 7 | Exc. for day..... .08
Dfcy. since June 1. 4 | Exc. since June 1.. .71
Dfcy. since Jan. 1.404 | Exc. since Jan. 1..1.81

Government Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 21.—Forecast: Western Pennsylvania—Showers Wednesday, Tuesday, fair; warmer in south portion; fresh northwest to north winds.

Ohio—Partly cloudy Wednesday, Thursday, fair; fresh west winds, becoming variable.

West Virginia—Fair in west; showers in east portion Wednesday, Thursday, fair.

Observations taken at weather bureau stations at 8 p. m.:

Buffalo ...	66 Cloudy	Washington ..	74 Cloudy
Vicksburg .	78 Cloudy	New York....	74 PtCldy
Omaha	76 Clear	Philadelphia .	74 Cloudy
Huron	70 Clear	Louisville	74 Cloudy
St. Paul	66 PtCldy	Cincinnati	76 Cloudy
Helena	80 Clear	Indianapolis ..	74 Cloudy
Duluth	58 Cloudy	Des Moines..	74 Clear
Minn.	76 PtCldy	Kansas City ..	76 Clear
Chicago ...	74 Clear	Salt Lake....	78 Cloudy
El Paso	94 Clear	New Orleans.	92 PtCldy
Denver	68 Cloudy	Memphis	72 Cloudy

OCEAN INTELLIGENCE.

Arrived June 21.

New York—Kron Prinz Wilhelm from Bremen, Ryndam from Rotterdam, Finland from Antwerp, Mesaba from London, Bremen from Bremen.

Plymouth—Graf Waldersee from New York.

Glasgow—Astoria from New York.

Bremen—Kaiser Wilhelm II. from New York.

Sailed June 21.

New York—Rotterdam for Rotterdam, Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse for Bremen, Pannania for Trieste, Hardegna for Naples.

Liverpool—Ivernia for Boston.

Passed June 21.

Lizard—Cambrian from Boston for London.

Sleeper to Deer Park, Maryland, Via Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

The Baltimore & Ohio railroad has inaugurated sleeping car service between Pittsburgh and Deer Park, Md., sleeper leaving Pittsburgh, Friday night 9 o'clock, returning leaving Deer Park Sunday night, arriving at Pittsburgh 9:15 Monday morning, the arrangement continuing during the summer season.

PROTEST HEARD AND ALL IS WELL

Changes Are Made at Chicago National Convention Upon Request of Penrose.

CORTELYOU ARRIVES TODAY

By CHESTER D. POTTER.
(Staff Correspondent.)

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, June 21.—While the Pennsylvania delegation is entirely satisfied with the program mapped out, the nomination of Roosevelt and Fairbanks and the adoption of a sound and sane platform, it nevertheless spent a very unpleasant day. It had a grievance which was voiced with all possible Keystone vigor. The Pennsylvanians were angry because the committee which had charge of the assignment of space placed it in a position where it could neither see the presiding officer nor hear a word he uttered.

Responsibility for this was placed upon Senator Scott of West Virginia, Harry S. New of Indiana and Committeeman Schneider of Nebraska, the sub-committee which had charge of arrangements. In placing the delegations it gave New York, Ohio and Indiana space directly in front and within seeing and hearing distance of the rostrum. Other states and territories, especially Alaska, were also favored by being placed within the zone of activities. Pennsylvania, which gives the greatest Republican majority, contributes the greatest sum to the campaign fund and has the most imposing of all congressional delegations, was placed upon the toboggan of indifference and shunted aside into a pit where it can neither see nor be seen.

The Keystone delegation today occupied seats at the extreme south end of the platform, at the bottom of the dip of the amphitheater and facing the five-foot rise of the stage, which is packed with newspaper men. Neither proposition is translucent and the only unobstructed view it enjoyed was that of the dome of the Coliseum and the exits high up in its rear.

Ovation for Penrose.

The Pennsylvanians began to grumble as soon as they were seated, but they waited for their chairman, Senator Penrose, before taking any action. The senator arrived at 12 o'clock. As his tall form was seen swinging down the aisle there was a burst of cheers and he was given an ocation second only to that received by Senator Fairbanks, the vice presidential candidate. Penrose was pleased. So were his friends, but the smile of satisfaction faded from his face when he found his seat at the small end of the funnel. His fellow delegates accentuated his personal indignation by a few observations more or less pointed.

Then the senator got busy. He sent his secretary, Col. W. R. Andrews, with a message to Senator Scott, chairman of the sub-committee on arrangements. Mr. Scott disclaimed responsibility and referred Mr. Andrews to Sergeant-at-Arms Stone. Stone also ducked. Then Senator Penrose had a little talk himself with Senator Scott. He asked that either the platform be lowered three or four feet or that Pennsylvania be given a location its prominence deserves.

As a result the sub-committee on arrangements met tonight and decided to make some changes. The speaker will move forward to the front of the stage and while this will not entirely remedy the difficulty it will give the delegates a chance to at least see the chairman, even if they do not hear him distinctly.

Pennsylvania outside the delegations, has fared exceedingly well in the matter of admissions. It was given about 100 appointments of sergeant-at-arms and 15 doorkeepers. Col. Andrews said tonight that all Pennsylvania applications had been granted and that it would not be necessary for any of the Keystone state to return home without having attended the convention.

Pennypacker Discusses Ticket.

At the conclusion of today's session Senator Penrose and Gov. Pennypacker took a long ride over the boulevard. Afterward the governor said:

"I have attended several national conventions, but never before as a delegate. The ticket which seems to be agreed upon is certainly a very strong one. There is no occasion for me to pay any tribute to President Roosevelt. The people know him. Senator Fairbanks, who, I understood, will be given the second place on the ticket is a very able gentleman and especially equipped for the position which will come to him unsought. He will greatly strengthen the ticket."

It was stated in this morning's dispatches from Pittsburgh that Mr. R. R. Quay had been given the credentials of his father, the late senator, and that he would take his place in the delegation today. Mr. Quay did not arrive. A. J. Zimmerman of Rochester was senator Quay's alternative. He waited until the last moment for Mr. Quay to arrive, being especially anxious that the son should be given the tribute of service in his father's stead. Should Mr. Quay arrive tonight Mr. Zimmerman will immediately transfer to him the credentials he holds.

Secretary of Commerce George B. Cortelyou is expected here tomorrow. Opposition to his selection as national chairman is no longer heard. Those who did not approve Mr. Cortelyou's candidacy for the position have acquiesced in the president's desires and will give him their hearty support in the management of the campaign. Until Mr. Cortelyou arrives the national committeemen will not be informed as to the details of the president's campaign program, but it is stated on high authority that there will be no friction between the state leaders and the new national chairman.

TWO COUNCILMEN HAVE ENCOUNTER WITH FISTS

Members Fight After Stormy Meeting of McKeesport Select Council.

A fistic encounter between two councilmen followed an exciting meeting of McKeesport select council last evening. James Irvin and D. P. McCune coming to blows over a remark made by McCune during the proceedings. The chair refused to give Irvin the floor during the debate on an ordinance, and he refused to vote. Six of the nine members of the branch were present, the ordinance receiving five votes. Irvin then claimed the passage of the bill was illegal because he had not voted. McCune interjected with the remark:

"Mr. Chairman, there is a member of this body who is not capable of voting."

The remark incensed Irvin, and he waited for McCune outside of the council chamber. He struck at McCune as the latter came out, but his aim missed. McCune struck back with no better success, and other councilmen stopped hostilities. McCune declares he will have Irvin impeached.

"I made the statement I did in council about Irvin because I was ashamed of his actions. He struck at me twice and in self-defense I struck back," said McCune. "Any member of council can prefer charges against another member for disorderly conduct and have him impeached, and I intend to bring charges against Irvin."

THIRTY-ONE GUNS ARE RESCUED FROM VARIAG

LONDON, June 22.—The Tokyo correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says that 31 guns of 6 inches and a large quantity of ammunition have been recovered from the Russian cruiser Variag, which was sunk by the Japanese at Chemulpo at the beginning of hostilities.

DIED.

WEIHER—On Monday, June 20, 1904, at 1:15 p. m., ANNA, widow of F. C. Weiher, at the age of 59 years.

We mourn our darling mother, but our mourning
Is edged as the storm cloud is edged by the sun,
As she sinks to her rest through the glory adorning
The couch of day when her labor is done.

Funeral on Thursday, June 23, 1904, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her son, F. C. Weiher, Jr., No. 2319 Penn avenue. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

THOMPSON—At Edgewood, Pa., on Tuesday, June 21, 1904, at 5:20 p. m., MRS. MARY C. THOMPSON, wife of Archie S. Thompson, in her 59th year.

Funeral services will be held at the residence, No. 710 Walnut street, Edgewood, on Friday, June 24, at 1:30 p. m. Interment at Woodlawn cemetery.

[Indiana and Philadelphia (Pa.) papers please copy.]

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION GIVES INSPIRATION TO PARTY VALOR

Continued from First Page.

totem poles surmounted by shields on which were perched stuffed Alaska eagles. They hardly attracted notice enough to pay them for their trouble and the eagles soon began to leave their perches and retire from public view. Indeed there was little of the spectacular in any of the proceedings and they were impressive simply as a demonstration of the American capacity for system and order in all things. Such theatric touches as were attempted did not make a great hit.

Tribute to Senator Hanna.

It was a quarter past 12 when Chairman Payne called the convention to order by three loud taps from a gavel as big as a bung-starter. At that time there was a good many vacant seats in the large auditorium and at no time during the day's session was the building crowded. Convention preliminaries are not particularly interesting. The routine was merely dumb show to the audience which couldn't hear a word of what Chairman Payne said and only an occasional word of the chaplain's prayer, five minutes long. When the trained reading clerks got to work they made themselves heard without difficulty, but that was merely a matter of calling over names and reading the call for the convention.

The first real thrill was when Assistant Secretary John R. Malloy of Ohio, finished the reading of the call by with the words, "M. A. Hanna, chairman." He rolled out the name with sonorous emphasis and a genuinely spontaneous outburst of applause rang through the Coliseum while thousands of eyes were uplifted to the speaking likeness of the departed leader.

The first outburst of Roosevelt enthusiasm came when Gov. Vansant of Minnesota, presented to the convention the historic table used at the conventions of 1892, 1896 and 1900. Gov. Vansant concluded by saying that it would now be used in the nomination of that "fearless, invincible leader, Theodore Roosevelt." This set the delegates going and for some minutes cheers rang through the hall and flags were waved. It seemed as if all were keen to show that the bickerings over the president's policy as regards campaign management had left no hard feeling. A tone of the greatest good humor is now undoubtedly universal.

Roosevelt's Portrait Cheered.

This demonstration was really more effective than one which took place soon after and which bore the marks of calculation. When ex-Secretary Root took the chair as temporary president, the convention rose to him with genuine enthusiasm and during the cheering a portrait of President Roosevelt was displayed upon an easel upon the platform. Of course this gave fresh impetus to the cheering, but the affair was rather a Root demonstration than a Roosevelt one. The easel obstructed the view of so many people that it and the portrait were soon removed.

Mr. Roots's speech was the event of the day. It was a review of the party record upon which the campaign will be fought. Mr. Root is a man of erect bearing and fine presence; his voice is sonorous and is doubtless effective in a senate chamber or a court room, but it does not possess the peculiar timber of the great orator. When he began he was almost inaudible and the voices of free American citizens were heard from various parts of the hall shouting "Louder."

As he warmed to his theme his voice strengthened until finally with close attention he could be heard throughout the hall. His gesticulation was easy and graceful and although his action was quiet at first, before he got through he was walking up and down the front of the platform addressing himself to his audience now to one side and agan to the other. There was quick appreciation of the points he made.

English Jurist Applauded.

His recital of financial achievement, his summary of the work of the department of justce and his account of the pacification of the Philippines was each the occasion of outbursts of hearty applause, but the crowning demonstration was when he eulogized the energetic course of the administration in dealing with the Panama question. A pleasing but somewhat unexpected feature was the loud applause which greeted a complimentary reference to the Lord Chief Justice of England in connection with his course in the Alaska arbitration.

The speech as a whole was strong, cogent, sensible, comprehensive, addressed to the reason rather than the feelings, and calculated for campaign service rather than imediate effect. Instead of a display of rockets for the pleasure of the convention it was a placing of campaign artillery along the lines on which the battle will be fought, occupying in force the key-positions of the field.

The work was done with a great indifference to show and with as keen an eye to results as Japanese artillery practice in the fighting in Manchuria. Careful emplacements were made upon all the points of vantage, a shrapnel fire of statistics was pounded into the enemy's position on the financial question, bombshells were used in clearing the field as regards the Panama policy, but for the most part solid shot was thrown in a steady concentrated fire upon the weak points of the enemy's position. It was a carefully planned job of heavy artillery work preparatory to the general advance all along the lines.

Mr. Root spoke for one hour and 25 minutes. He concluded with an eloquent tribute to President Roosevelt's qualities of character as a man. The cheernig and huzzaing were prolonged, the band cutting into the hubbub with "Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean."

The convention then turned to routine work and soon after adjourned.

(Hon. Elihu Root's speech in full is on Page 6.)

APPLAUSE GREETED CHAIRMAN PAYNE

Convention Got Down to Business at the Fall of the Gavel.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, June 21.—A few minutes before 12 the Coliseum resounded with a burst of applause; it was the greeting to Henry C. Payne, the chairman, and Elihu Root of New York, the temporary chairman. They proceeded at once to the platform.

Some difficulty was experienced in seating the delegations and the noon hour found Chairman Payne, gavel in hand, waiting patiently for the delegations to find their places before calling the convention to order. Shortly after noon special messengers were sent out through the large hall in the effort to get the delegates seated.

Loud applause greeted Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania as he marched in, followed by the Pennsylvania delegation, which was one of the last to arrive.

With three severe raps of the gavel Chairman Payne called the convention to order at 12:16. He then introduced the Rev. Timothy P. Frost, pastor of the First Methodist church of Evanston, Ill., who pronounced the opening prayer.

Senator Scott, on behalf of the Chicago Citizens' committee, which co-operated with the national committee on arrangements for the convention, then presented National Chairman Henry C. Payne with a handsome gavel. It was large and made for business. A heavy gold band was inscribed, "Mr. Henry C. Payne, Chairman Republican National Committee, 1904."

Applause Greeted Odell.

Chairman Payne in a few words expressed thanks for the gavel. He then said:

"Gentlemen of the convention, the national committee has selected for your temporary chairman, the Hon. Elihu Root of New York."

There was another shout from the conventioners that was prolonged when Gov. Odell of New York, rose to move that the action of the national committee be approved. Loud and continued applause greeted Gov. Odell, and it was some minutes before he could put his motion. It was promptly adopted by the convention. Mr. Root was greeted with applause and cheers as he advanced to the speaker's stand.

"Mr. Chairman," he said, "I am deeply—" Another burst of cheers cut him off. Quiet was restored and he was permitted to proceed. Secretary Root's declaration that the building of the Panama canal would have been delayed for another generation but for the insistence of President Roosevelt provoked great cheering.

Mr. Root concluded his address with the words "Theodore Roosevelt," and they were magic to the delegates. The most marked demonstration of the session ensued.

The convention unanimously approved the recommendation of the national committee, giving Taco two delegates and the Philippines six delegates with two votes.

Invited to World's Fair.

Senator L. E. McComas of Maryland, offered the following resolution:

"Resolved, That the roll call of states and territories be now called, and that the chairman of each delegation announce to the secretary the names of the persons selected to serve on the several committees follow. Permanent organization, rules and order of business, credentials resolutions, and further, that the chairman of each delegation send to the desk legibly writing the names of the persons selected from his delegations to serve on the afore-said committees." This was adopted.

Speaker Cannon asked unanimous consent that as soon as a state was called its list of committeemen be sent to the clerk's desk, without being read to the convention. The motion of Mr. Cannon was adopted, and almost instantly the assemblage lost all resemblance to a convention. The galleries began to empty, the delegates mingled on the floor and Mr. Root was surrounded by a group of chatting friends, while messengers forced their way through the crowd to collect the committee lists.

Senator Depew presented to the convention an invitation from the Louisiana Purchase exposition for the convention and the representatives of the press to attend the exposition at the close of the convention as the guests of the exposition. Senator Depew was made to go to the platform amid aplause, and read the invitation. Upon resolution of Senator Depew the chairman was requested to appoint a committee to arrange and report upon the invitation. Senator Depew made a brief address, hoping the convention would accept. The resolution was adopted.

The convention adjourned at 2:12 until noon tomorrow.

GREAT OVATION FOR PENROSE

Continued from First Page.

the Chicago tunnel this morning by Senator Flinn and Senator Patten. C. H. Johnson of New Castle was also a member of the party. The governor says that the undertaking is one of the greatest he has ever heard of and believes that it will be a success. A few days ago he granted charters for similar companies in Pittsburgh and Philadelphia. When he saw the great pile of dirt which had been taken out of the tunnel and dumped on the beach, he wanted to known if Chicago was receiving any compensation for allowing the lake front to be used as a dumping ground. When told that it was not, he said:

"If I were running the city there would be compensation."

WOMAN HANGS HERSELF.

UNIONTOWN, PA., June 21.—(Special.)—Mrs. Emma Hibbard, aged 43 years, committed suicide early this morning by hanging herself from a rafter in the cellar of the Hibbard home in the McCormick addition. She had been in poor health for months and her mind was affected. Her husband, Powell Hibbard, is employed at the Oliver coke plant at night, and upon returning this morning found his wife's body still warm. Pinned to the breast of the woman was a note as follows: "Don't think Powell is to blame for this, for he is very good and kind to me and has always done everything he could do while I can't do anything for him. He is so good to me and I can't do anything for him or anybody else, so I don't want to stay here and bother them and I don't know what will become of me. If I get any worse I can't stay here and he can't do any—" Here the note ended abruptly and showed signs of being hastily folded, as if Mrs. Hibbard was afraid she would be interrupted.

Mrs. Hibbard was born in Upper Middletown and was a daughter of Mrs. Elizabeth Kelly Rutter and is survived by five brothers. She married Mr. Hibbard 25 years ago. They have no children.

Another important feature about the LAWRENCE Paint is its wonderful covering capacity. Sold by all dealers.

STAFF DENIES NEWS OF FIGHT

Continued from First Page.

strait, our squadron stopped the British steamer Allenton. Her captain declared to the officer sent to examine her that he was proceeding from Muroran to Singapore with 6,500 tons of coal. An examination of the crew and inspection of the ship's papers and certain irregularities in the log, coupled with the fact that the steamer had previously conveyed contraband to Japan led us to doubt the neutrality of her cargo and she was sent to Vladivostok under guard. There her case will be examined by a prize court. No other ships were seen during the cruise.

"On board the Allanton was found a Japanese subject of the educated class. He was apparently one of the crew."

NIUCHWANG, June 21.—According to an American missionary who claims to have received information from a native source, a force of Japanese cavalry attacked the Russian outposts at Lia-Yang last Saturday. According to the same authority the fighting continued on Sunday.

Faint sounds of firing were heard for several hours this afternoon in the direction of Hai-Cheng.

A strong wind has been blowing in that direction tonight and frequent flashes, believed to have been from artillery fire, were seen.

GEN. MILES IS CHOICE OF PROHIBITION PARTY

CHICAGO, June 21.—"There has been a wonderful change in sentiment in our party ranks in the last 10 days concerning the presidential nomination," said Alonzo E. Wilson, chairman of the Illinois Prohibition executive committee today. "Most all our prominent men have declared for General Nelson A. Miles and I predict his nomination probably on the first ballot at Indianapolis next week. Sam P. Jones of Georgia or George W. Carroll of Beaumont, Texas, will be given the second place."

NO ATTEMPT MADE TO INSURE SAFETY

Startling Testimony Before Coroner Investigating Cause of Slocum Disaster.

845 BODIES NOW RECOVERED

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 21.—California bulrush life preservers and fire hose at 16 cents a foot formed part of the life-saving and fire fighting equipment of the General Slocum, and explains in some slight degree the fearful loss of possibly a 1,000 lives. The bulrush life-preservers were not placed in evidence today at the inquest held by Coroner Berry, but a bill showed that the fire hose had been bought at 40 cents a foot, with 60 per cent off.

The lives of the passengers upon the Slocum are thus shown to have depended upon a fire hose that cost less than the cheapest garden hose.

This, and the strange spectacle of a United States inspector refusing to answer the questions asked him, for fear they might incriminate him, formed the most striking feature of the inquest today.

Inspector Lundberg, by advice of his lawyer, refused to answer the questions of Mr. Garvan, and voluntarily placed himself in the position of a defendant. He was placed under arrest as a witness, and ordered detained in the house of detention for witnesses, but was later released on $500 bail.

By the investigation was developed fully the fact that there had never been a fire drill on the Slocum, a picked up crew of truck drivers, dock laborers, housesmiths and land workers of all classes were entrusted with the lives of thousands of women and children daily.

Not one of the crew had ever been instructed in a fire drill or had ever learned the station he was to take or the duties he was to perform in case of fire or panic. Only a few of them were in any way familiar with the boat. Not one of them saved a human life when the Slocum burned. One, a land laborer, a few days on the boat, testified that he leaned into the lifeboat when it was lowered and swamped it.

The captain, according to the testimony of the second pilot, Edwin Weaver, was not in the pilot house at any time after the fire was reported on Wednesday. The engineer, according to the testimony of the assistant engineer Bandow, was not in the engine room after the fire was reported.

The mate, Edward Flanagan, a housesmith, acting as mate without a license, in violation of law, did nothing toward marshaling the crew and instructing them as to what they should do after the fire hose burst, and their first futile, senseless effort to use the hose without taking out the false washer had failed of effect. He made no attempt to use the hose attached to the other standpipe 40 feet aft of the forward standpipe and on the starboard side, clear of all flame, according to the testimony of all the witnesses.

Every member of the crew has sworn that the flames spread along the port side. The after starboard standpipe was reached and there were no flames in that section, and yet the demoralized, panic-stricken crew made no effort to use it, but fled wildly to other parts of the ship and either leaped into the water or jumped into the only boat lowered and swamped it, drowning a score of women and children.

That the fire on the Slocum must be regarded as a national calamity was shown today by the appointment of a commission of investigation by Secretary Metcalf of the department of doing business for the navy department and they have formally told the president that they would be gratified if he is given the naval portfolio.

In President Roosevelt's search for a secretary of the navy it is learned that Representative Metcalf of California, heretofore regarded as a certain successor of Mr. Cortelyou as secretary of commerce and labor, is willing to assume the navy portfolio, if the president would find it easier to locate another secretary of commerce.

NORTH DAKOTA DEMOCRATS DO NOT INSTRUCT DELEGATES

FARGO, N. D., June 21.—After two hours of wrangling over an amendment to the report of the resolutions committee to indorse the Kansas City platform, the North Dakota state democratic convention today voted down the amendment and elected an uninstructed delegation to the St. Louis convention. The delegates chosen are as follows: M. F. Murphy, Grand Forks; Siver Serumgaard, Devils Lake; E. E. Cole, Fargo; C. G. Bade, Wahpeton; John B. Frid, Jamestown; I. P. Baker, Bismarck; Jacob Birder, Park River; William Woods, Bottineau.

Two Victims of Lightning.

MARTINSBURG, W. VA., June 21.—(Special.)—During a severe thunder storm yesterday George Miller and William Edwards, whose homes were near Tomahawk, were killed by lightning.

Happiness in Future for Czar.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 21.—The empress was expected to attend the burial of General Bobrikoff today, but did not. An event is understood to be imminent.

AMERICANS CRAZY SAYS STOESSEL

Feat of Indianapolis Correspondent Too Much for Commander at Port Arthur.

RUSSIANS SEEM UNTROUBLED

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., June 21.—The News today received from its special war correspondent, Hector Fuller, who effected an entrance into Port Arthur, where he was imprisoned five days before he was ordered from the fortress, a special cablegram, dated Chefoo, June 21, in which Fuller gives his experiences as follows:

"After being rowed across from the Miao-Tao islands in an open boat by two Chinamen, I landed at Louisa bay. The bay is near Port Arthur and is separated from it by a range of hills. The bay was occupied by a Russian flotilla of four torpedo boats, two destroyers and two cruisers. I landed at daybreak on the morning of June 10 without detection.

"With the full coming of the day I could see that every hilltop near the shore was alive with soldiers, busily engaged in strengthening the already formidable fortifications, which occupied every point of vantage. It looked at first as though it would be impossible to pass through the lines and make my way over the hills toward Port Arthur, but, by keeping down in the narrow valleys, which were free of soldiers, I gradually made my way into the interior of the peninsula. In this way, after a day and night of effort, I succeeded in reaching Port Arthur.

Started to Return.

"The hazard of my position became so obvious that the same day, Saturday, June 11, I set out on my return to Louisa bay. I presently came in sight of a large body of Russian infantry when I took refuge in a Chinese village, where I found a hiding place until danger was over.

"I had not proceeded far from this village when I came upon a small party of sappers. In order to avoid them, I made a dash up a hill, only to run over a regiment, engaged in digging entrenchments. Instantly I was surrounded. There was no possibility of escape.

"The officer in command detailed a guard to take me to Pigeon bay. There I was searched. I was stripped to the skin, and all my garments were subjected to the closest scrutiny. My money was taken, and all the papers in my possession were minutely examined. Thereupon I was blindfolded and marched to Port Arthur. The route taken was over the military road, which has recently been constructed. In spite of the bandage over my eyes, I was able to note that the road is of admirable construction, along which troops and artillery could move easily and rapidly.

Gaiety at Port Arthur.

"Port Arthur was full of life and gaiety, quite out of keeping with the stories of distress that had reached Chefoo. Indeed, nothing of this sort was observed. There seemed to be an abundance of supplies. And fresh supplies were coming in from Chinese sources. The Japanese blockade has not been effective. The harbor entrance has been freed of obstructions, the battleships have been repaired and the fortifications are constantly being made stronger. The garrison is larger than outside information had led me to believe. The troops are in excellent condition, and the general health conditions of the city are good. There seemed to be no fear that the city was likely soon to fall.

"The night I was marched into Port Arthur, under guard, the city was unusually lively, as the officers were giving a ball. Three officers were detailed to examine me, and they made thorough work of it. After the examination was completed I was locked in prison. The prison is directly opposite Golden hill. From the window of my cell I had a good view of the inner bay, and could see distinctly the repaired battleships lying at anchor.

"In the same prison were confined 100 Japanese who had been captured from the blockading expedition. Several of these had become insane.

Fed on Black Bread.

"I, myself, was kept on Russian black bread and water for two days. Then I was permitted by the authorities to purchase such food as I desired.

"While I was in the prison I was subjected to seven different examinations. The thing that evidently roused the greatest suspicion was the passport that had been issued to me at Tokyo. It is pretty evident that the Russian officers more than half suspected that I was a Japanese spy.

"I demanded the opportunity of seeing Gen. Stoessel, the commandant at Port Arthur, that I might lay my case directly before him. At last, after five days in prison, my plea was allowed, and I was taken immediately to the commander-in-chief. I made a straightforward statement of my purpose in seeking to penetrate the Russian lines, and gave a detailed account of my trip. At last he was convinced of my good faith.

"He said: 'You Americans must be crazy.'

"As the result of this hearing of my case Gen. Stoessel decided that I was to be allowed to leave Port Arthur on condition that I promise never to return. The promise was promptly forthcoming.

"Thereupon I was again blindfolded and taken back under guard by the direct route to Louisa bay. Arrived there, I was requested to point the exact spot at which I made my landing. Immediately a sentry was placed at that point.

Sent Away in Junk.

"I was sent away in a junk along with a host of Chinese. These were the men of an entire village who were being deported because the village had harbored some Japanese. The junk was escorted outside of the harbor by Russian torpedo boats, and then was left to make its way along as best it could across the gulf. I was without food for 60 hours, but finally reached here, little the worse for my 10 days' experiences.

"On the whole, I may say that, while I was in the hands of the Russians, I was kindly treated.

"On the night of June 13, the Japanese made another attack on Port Arthur, both by land and sea. I saw distinctly the firing from my cell window. When the affair was over the Russian officers returned laughing to their headquarters, reporting that the enemy had been easily repulsed.

"The talk is that Gen. Kuropatkin is likely soon to take charge in person at Port Arthur."

AMERICAN OFFICIALS SEEM NOT HOPEFUL

Conferences at Tangier Over Delay in Releasing Captives. Landing Parties Ready.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

TANGIER, June 21.—There are no further developments regarding the steps taken to bring about the release of Perdicaris and Varley. The legations are waiting for the answer to the letter of Mohammed el Torres, the representative of the sultan of Morocco, to Raisuli of June 20. The American authorities appear anything but hopeful. The ransom money is ready to be forwarded at a moment's notice.

LONDON, June 22.—The Daily Mail's Tangier correspondent telegraphs: "Two conferences were held today between the American and British ministers which were attended by the American admiral and the captain of the British battleship Prince of Wales. All the ships in the harbor have landing parties ready day and night. Quiet now prevails in the town, but reports from all parts of the country are to the effect that the tribes are growing more restless."

The Daily Express this morning prints a dispatch from its correspondent at Tangier which says that Raisuli has agreed to accept $20,000 of the ransom for Perdicaris and Varley in cash and the remainder in bills of exchange.

DARLING IS TALKED OF AS MOODY'S SUCCESSOR

Paul Morton, Second Vice President of Sante Fe System Has Declined Honor.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 21.—President Roosevelt is now considering the appointment of Charles H. Darling of Vermont as secretary of the navy, to succeed to the secretaryship when Mr. Moody becomes attorney general.

Mr. Paul Morton, second vice president of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad, was asked by President Roosevelt to succeed Mr. Moody. He declined. No decision has yet been reached as to whom the position will now be proffered, but strong indorsements of Mr. Darling have been presented at the White House.

Certain of them come from organized labor interests representing machinists, skilled artisans employed at the various navy yards throughout the country. Disputes as to their wages and hours of labor of these workers are frequent in the navy department. Sometimes they assume political importance. Mr. Darling has settled most of them amicably and to the satisfaction of all concerned. The result is a feeling of composure in all yards and an increase in efficiency. On the other hand, Mr. Darling has also proved himself a just official to shipbuilders and large contractors doing business for the navy department and they have formally told the president that they would be gratified if he is given the naval portfolio.

In President Roosevelt's search for a secretary of the navy it is learned that Representative Metcalf of California, heretofore regarded as a certain successor of Mr. Cortelyou as secretary of commerce and labor, is willing to assume the navy portfolio, if the president would find it easier to locate another secretary of commerce.

TARIFF PLANK IS COMPLETED

Continued from First Page.

having been elected on the Republican ticket. She told the committee that all they were asking was a declaration in favor of referring this matter of women's suffrange to the congress of the United States and letting them pass upon the question of adopting a constitutional amendment.

Mrs. Celia Parker Wooley of Chicago made a brief speech in favor of the plank and was followed by the Rev. Olympia Brown, president of the Wisconsin Suffrage association. Mrs. Brown is a minister of the gospel and for 40 years she has been working to get the privilege of the ballot for women. She said that there were three good reasons why the committee should adopt this plank in the platform:

Gave Her Reasons.

First—The president is thoroughly committed to this cause.

Second—The Republican party has practically no opposition this year. She said if a close contest was promised there might be some excuse for omitting the suffrage question, but she believed the opposition to the Republican ticket would be very slight.

Third—She referred to the antecedents of the party, which she said had always stood for personal liberty.

Mrs. McCullough closed the arguments and the ladies withdrew having made a good impression upon the committee. This, however, does not indicate that they will be successful. They will not be at all surprised if when the platform is announced they find that all mention of women's suffrage is omitted.

Dr. Richard Bartholdt, member of congress from St. Louis, appeared before the committee in favor of a plank declaring for international arbitration. He said that at the peace conference at Mohonk Lake recently, he was delegated to ask the resolutions committee to embody in the platform such a plank. Up until 10 years ago, he said, the party had carried a declaration in its national platform and he was at a loss to know why it had been dropped out. He quoted from a letter he had written to Senator Lodge in which he stated that President Roosevelt is heartily in favor of such a plank and expressing the belief that it would disarm those critics who declare the president to be a warlike jingoist.

The sub-committee that has direct charge of framing the platform was then announced as follows: Senator Lodge of Massachusetts; Senator Gallinger of New Hampshire; Edward Lauterbach of New York; Congressman Dalzell of Pennsylvania; Senator Foraker of Ohio; Senator Hopkins of Illinois; Senator Clark of Wyoming; Senator Nelson of Minnesota; Senator Hansbrough of North Dakota; Senator Heyburn of Idaho; Senator Beveridge of Indiana; William Short of Caldwell, N. J.; Mr. Blythe of Iowa.

On motion of Senator Dryden of New Jersey, the resolutions committee adjourned to meet at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning when it will receive the report of the sub-committee.

LEADERS

SOUTH SIDE IS AGAIN IGNORED

New Measures Providing for Purchase of Water Plant Shelved in Sub-Committee.

BANK AGREEMENTS APPROVED

All hope of the South Side getting a better water supply in the near future was destroyed yesterday, when the finance committee of councils shelved all legislation in this direction by referring it to a sub-committee named by the administration—a sub-committee of five members, of whom only one is a South Sider.

For a long time the favorite method of killing objectionable legislation has been to refer it to a sub-committee. The resolutions introduced in councils by John F. Semmelrock and A. G. Roenigk, providing that the mayor and city solicitor be instructed to take steps to purchase the South Side water plant, were referred to a sub-committee which was directed in vague terms to open negotiations with the Monongahela Water Company.

No time was set for the sub-committee to make a report and no means of buying the plant was suggested. The resolution referring the Semmelrock and Roenigk measures to a sub-committee were presented by P. J. Barry. A few minutes before Director Bigelow walked into the room where the committee was meeting and handed acting chairman John Taylor a piece of paper, on which was written the names of the following members to be appointed on the sub-committee: P. J. Barry, C. W. Helmold, Richard McNally, Joseph Walls and Joseph Zeuger. When Barry's resolution was adopted, Taylor appointed the members selected by Bigelow. Walls of the Thirtieth ward is the only South Side member on the committee.

An ordinance, introduced by Semmelrock a few months ago, providing for the acquisition of the South Side plant, met with the same fate. It was referred to a sub-committee which has never met.

As announced in The Gazette yesterday, the agreements with the four banks chosen as city depositories were presented in the finance committee yesterday and approved. The agreements will go to select council next week. They were presented by P. J. Barry. Murry A. Verner was an interested spectator of the proceedings at this stage.

President E. B. Ward yesterday issued a call for a special meeting of common council for tomorrow night, the principal purpose of this meeting being to approve the bank agreements.

The finance committee approved the ordinance authorizing the bond issue of $1,122,278 for the payment of judgments, claims and assessments against the city. It also approved an ordinance authorizing Director Bigelow to buy another lot of the C. B. Seeley plan, Nineteenth ward, to be added to Highland park. The ordinance directing the sale of a number of pieces of city property was approved, likewise the resolution transferring $5,000 to the Filipino entertainment fund from the appropriation for the building of a retaining wall in Second avenue.

WIRE-BURYING BILL DEFEATED BY COMPANIES

Measure Is Shelved by the Council Committee on Corporations.

The electric companies had enough supporters in the corporations committee of Pittsburgh councils yesterday to sidetrack the Roenigk ordinance requiring all wires to be put underground within a year. A. G. Roenigk, the author of the bill, offered an amendment to the ordinance to remove the objection made by the electric companies that they could not be forced to take down their wires before the city took down its police and fire wires strung on poles of the companies.

The amendment provided that the companies should first take down their wires and the city would then follow and have the privilege of using the conduits of the companies. Roenigk said the bill was the result of many objections by East End property owners to the erection of new telephone poles, and the only solution was by prohibiting the erection of any more poles and the removal of all poles. He said the companies were in default.

P. J. Kearns moved that the ordinance be referred to a sub-committee of three, and this carried. Chairman Costello appointed Kearns, Roenigk and Geary on the sub-committee. Roenigk's motion for the sub-committee to report at the next meeting of the corporations committee carried, but it is extremely doubtful when the general committee will have a meeting, as it meets only at the call of the chairman.

The committee approved the ordinance granting the Pittsburgh, Virginia & Charleston Railway Company the right to lay tracks across South Thirtieth, Sarah and Jane streets and Carey alley. The Fischer Foundry & Machine Company's switch ordinance was referred to the city solicitor for an opinion whether councils can grant the Fischer company the right to lay a switch on its sundry and connect it with the switch of the Duquesne brewery, which demands that the Fischer company shall lay a separate switch.

BLIND GAVE CONCERT.

Closing Program of Bellefield Avenue School Interesting and Attended Well.

The closing exercises of the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind, were held at the institution in Bellefield avenue last evening. A large audience was present. Col. J. N. Schoonmaker, Otis H. Childs, H. K. Porter and William Abbott, trustees, were in attendance. Col. Schoonmaker introduced Dr. J. T. McCrory, pastor of the Third United Presbyterian church, who opened the program with prayer.

Supt. H. B. Jacobs stated last evening that the past year was remarkable in point of progress made by the pupils and in that there had been no sickness. The year closed with a total of 96 pupils. Commencement exercises will be held at the close of next year, instead of the usual concert.

ADDRESS ON "COLLECTION" AT OFFICE MEN'S CLUB

The Office Men's club will hold their regular meeting tomorrow evening at 416 Wood street. J. M. Corboy will address the meeting on "Collections." Other topics will be presented by W. M. Lawrence, Joseph P. Vilk, George A. McGregor, W. B. Knight and George J. J. Hoelsche. The club will consider the desirability of arranging for a boat excursion for August. A vice president will be elected to succeed W. L. Newingham, who was elected president at the last meeting.

No Extra Fare
On the St. Louis Limited
To the World's Fair
Over Pennsylvania Lines.

Sleeping car passengers from Pittsburgh, leaving Union station 9:10 at night for St. Louis, go on "The St. Louis Limited" without extra fare. New electric lighted sleeping car for the special use of Pittsburghers; also compartment observation car, library-smoking car and dining car through to New York via St. Louis via Merchants bridge. See J. K. Dillon, District Passenger Agent, Room 515 Park building, Pittsburgh, regarding advantages of Pennsylvania Lines.

Cresson and Ebensburg Special.

Pennsylvania railroad announces that the Cresson and Ebensburg special will be placed in service, commencing Saturday, June 25, leaving Pittsburgh 2:40 p. m., arriving at Cresson at 5:30 p. m., Ebensburg at 6:15 p. m.; returning, leave Ebensburg at 7 a. m., Cresson at 7:35 a. m., arriving at Pittsburgh at 10:15 a. m.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

SON OF NAPOLEON'S WARRIOR WAS POLICEMAN; LIVED 100 YEARS

Pierre Le Horton, a centenarian who was born in Pittsburgh and who served in the Black Hawk war, is dead at his home in Louisville, Ky. He was a son of Pierre Le Horton, Sr., a distinguished officer under Napoleon, who was exiled in 1803. The elder Le Horton came to Pittsburgh with his family after escaping the wrath of the French and settled within the ramparts of old Ft. Pitt. He served in the battle of New Orleans under Gen. Andrew Jackson and afterward removed to Cincinnnati.

The man whose death Louisville mourns was a striking figure in that city for more than three-quarters of a century. He was one of the early pioneers of western Kentucky and Illinois and was a soldier in the campaign against Black Hawk. He was captured by the Indians and was adopted into the tribe as a subordinate chief. He had a strenuous career until after the invasion of Kentucky during the civil war. Twenty years before he had escaped from the Indians and 1864 he became a member of the Louisville police force. He served until 1884, when he was retired. A bullet wound received in his Indian campaign was the primary cause of his death. He is survived by a large family.

WABASH CUTS DEEPLY RATES TO WORLD'S FAIR

Differential Privilege to Be Extended to Pittsburghers as Well as Elsewhere, Despite Agreement of Other Roads to Charge Standard Fares.

Rates from Pittsburgh to St. Louis, the world's fair city, were slashed deeply by the Wabash railroad yesterday. A telegram from St. Louis in the afternoon announced this action and it was confirmed later by Wabash officials here. The action taken is one of much importance locally, as it is the first mark of the independence in the fixing of rates which has been expected to result from the coming of the Gould line.

The regular one-way fare from Pittsburgh to St. Louis is $15.75. No round trip tickets are sold between the two cities. For the world's fair business a sort of agreement was entered into that what are known as "standard fare" alone would be charged from Pittsburgh, no advantage being taken of the regular differentials. This agreement was made some months ago.

By this agreement the Baltimore & Ohio and the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie agreed to charge standard fares, while the Pennsylvania, which was eager for the arrangement, agreed to keep out of the coach excursion business until later in the season.

The announcement of the Wabash yesterday upsets all of these plans completely. Where the other railroads had agreed upon a season ticket to sell for $25, the Wabash cuts the rate to $22.60. For the 60-day ticket the Wabash reduces the charge of $20, made by the other lines, to $18.10. The agreed price for the 15-day ticket, probably the most popular of all the forms, was $16.50. Over the Wabash the price is but $14.95. The coach excursion price is $12.

Col. Fred H. Tristram, assistant general agent of the Wabash, confirmed the reports of the cut.

"It has been the firm opinion of Mr. Crane, general passenger agent of the Wabash, that Pittsburgh's people should have a chance to take advantage of the differential privileges, just as the people of other cities do," Col. Tristram said. "The proposition made by the other lines in Pittsburgh was that all the roads should maintain the 'standard' fares. To this proposition the Wabash would not give attention. In other cities the differential lines are offering the lower rates, which they should have, and it will be the same on the Wabash in Pittsburgh. The Wabash refuses to agree to anything else.

"These rates will be in effect from the time our first regular train leaves the Pittsburgh passenger terminal at 8:30 p. m., July 2. They will apply to all the St. Louis business and I have no doubt will be instrumental in introducing the new railroad to the people of this district."

The announcement of the lower rates is expected to cause considerable consternation among the rival railroads. Real bona fide competition has been a rare thing in the passenger business of this city for years. All the roads have been tied up in the so-called "community of interest," with everyone afraid to take action that would increase business. The rates from Pittsburgh to Buffalo at the time of the Pan-American exposition were a striking instance of this kind.

ASK DISCHARGE OF THE VIEWERS

East End Board of Trade Takes Hamilton Avenue Dispute to Rodgers.

HARMON APPOINTS MEMBERS

City Solicitor Rodgers will within a couple of days hold a conference with a committee from the East End board of trade to discuss the report of the board of viewers on the opening of Hamilton avenue and to devise means to have the court discharge the viewers and set aside their report. President T. D. Harman of the East End board of trade yesterday appointed the committee to confer with Rodgers.

The committee consists of Select Councilman Charles H. West, Ira F. Brainard, W. L. Sloan, John L. Kirk and Dr. C. O. Goulding. Councilman West will be chairman of the committee because he presented the resolution authorizing the appointment.

The charge against the viewers is that they violated law and precedure in making their awards of damages and benefits for the improvement of Hamilton avenue, which is to be opened between Fifth avenue and Penn avenue and to run parallel with the Pennsylvania railroad. The cost of the improvement, as assessed by the viewers is $586,000, of which $40,000 is assessed on abutting property holders and $586,000 on the city.

It is alleged that the majority of the property owners are opposed to the assessment and that many will join in a petition to court to have the viewers discharged and their report ignored. It is charged that the viewers took property without awarding a dollar of damages. In some cases when damages were allowed an equal amount of benefits was assessed to offset the other, thus leaving the property holder without remuneration for his property taken for the street.

Director Bigelow objects to the report because the viewers assessed $586,000 against the city. He claims that the total damages and benefits should balance each other as nearly as possible and points to the widening of Diamond street and Oliver avenue as illustrations. In each of these improvements the total damages and benefits were nearly the same, thus leaving almost the entire expense to be borne by the property owners.

The viewers have notified Chief Clerk Felmuth of the city bureau of viewers, to prepare the report and to set a date for its exhibit to the property owners. Clerk Felmuth has refused to obey the viewers and if they wish to have a hearing they will have to set the date themselves and prepare the report, which is a laborious clerical task.

Director Bigelow threatens to have the ordinance opening Hamilton avenue repealed, but the property owners object to this and hope, through the committee of the East End board of trade, to have another board of viwers appointed, so that the improvement may be carried out.

MRS. HAWKINS GRATEFUL.

Thanks Former Mayor Diehl for the Monument to Her Husband's Memory.

There is still a small balance to be raised toward defraying the expenses of the Hawkins memorial in Schenley park which was dedicated on June 11. It is expected that the money will be contributed from the surrounding towns where the Tenth regiment was recruited. The memorial commission is receiving many letters congratulating it upon its work. Among these was the following from Mrs. Hawkins to Chairman W. J. Diehl:

Dear Mr. Diehl: I write you a line to tell you how grateful we feel for what you have accomplished in erecting to Col. Hawkins and the members of the Tenth regiment the handsome memorial in Schenley park. I know these things cannot be accomplished without great effort by someone, and I also know you were one of the chief workers in the affair, and that we feel indebted to you and to the good people of Pennsylvania for what they have done cannot be questioned. The monument is handsome and we fully appreciate it. Again thanking you for your kindness, I am, most sincerely

MRS. A. L. HAWKINS.

Mayor Hays Will Appoint a Committee.

The benefit performance next Friday evening at the Nixon theater for the fund of the General Slocum sufferers will be a success. Mayor Hays was to have appointed a committee yesterday, but owing to pressing business deferred it until this morning. Manager Dunnlevy called a rehearsal last evening and added many new features to the already big show.

FILIPINO COMMISSIONERS DEMAND NAP AFTER LUNCHEON IN PITTSBURGH

Select Councilman Charles H. West, chairman of the Pittsburgh councilmanic cimmittee which will entertain the Filipino commissioners next Monday and Tuesday, yesterday received from the war department a telegram stating that the commissioners have been tired out by the arduous entertainment given them at Washington, Philadelphia, New York and other places, and requesting that the program for their stay in Pittsburgh be less exhaustive. The message stated that similar requests were being sent to other cities the Filipinos are to visit.

The telegram included a special request that provision be made to give the Filipinos their accustomed siesta each day after luncheon while in Pittsburgh. It is their custom to take a long smoke and a nap every day after the mid-day meal. Chairman West said the visitors would not be deprived of this luxury while here. According to the program already mapped out, the visitors are to be on board a train the first day in the city and on a steamboat the second day. West said that arrangements would be made on both train and boat for the orientals to enjoy a nap if they want one. Other comforts will be handy. There will be luncheon, cigars, cigarettes and liquid refreshments in abundance.

Chairman West said the first day's program would be shortened to comply with the request of the war department, and it is not likely that the visitors will leave their hotel on Monday until afternoon. The entire excursion for the first day may be dropped. Robert Porter, of the itinerary sub-committe, yesterday corrected a mistake made in the second day's program. Instead of leaving Pittsburgh by boat on Tuesday, the party will go by rail to Ambridge to view the American bridge works and will take the boat there.

FIRE-BUGS SUSPECTED BY ALLEGHENY POLICE

Mysterious Origin of Blazes on North Side Causes an Investigation to Determine Cause.

The occurrence of two disastrous fires, happening within several blocks of each other and the origins of which are unknown, has caused the Allegheny police to commence an investigation. The blaze early yesterday morning at Ohio and North avenues, causing a property loss of approximately $30,000, following so closely the destruction by fire of the city light plant Sunday morning, has aroused the suspicion that incendiaries are at work.

The Allegheny Carpet Cleaning Company, in whose plant the first was discovered yesterday morning, had stored in their buildings large quantities of chemicals in which the blaze may have started. Their building and stock was wiped out, entailing a loss of about $20,000. The Allegheny Automobile Company lost its building and seven automobiles. They carried no insurance and lose $7,000. The plant of the Duff Construction Company was scorched so badly that no work was done there yesterday. They expect to have the plant in operation today. One of their stables was burned down, but the horses were taken out and saved. their loss is small and is covered with insurance. The loss to the Buchanan Foundry Company in Boquet street is less than $1,000.

An effort was made by Police Superintendent Campbell to ascertain the cause of the fire, but in this he was unsuccessful.

CONVENTION CLOSED.

Pittsburgh District of Epworth League Raises $1,000 for Missionary Work.

At the second day's session of the 18th annual convention of the Pittsburgh district of the Epworth league, which is being held in the Friendship Park Methodist Episcopal church, Liberty avenue and Mathilda street, it was announced yesterday that $1,000 has been raised to help defray the expense of a missionary to be sent to Java. The session opened with devotional exercises conducted by the Rev. W. B. Slutz of the Lincoln Avenue church. Prof. A. C. Knudson made the chief address and Mrs. Annie E. Smiley of Springfield, Mass., conducted a junior department conference.

The following officers were elected and installed: H. C. Renton, president; C. A. Tushingham, first vice president; S. H. Wood, second vice president; Miss Mary Baudin, third vice president; Miss Bessie McClure, fourth vice president; Miss Martha McCowan, corresponding secretary; E. J. Dunlap, recording secretary; Harry D. Burke, treasurer; Miss L. M. King, junior superintendent, and Miss Eleanor Masten, assistant junior superintendent.

The Homewood Avenue church was selected for the next annual convention and the Duquesne Heights church for the spring training school. The treasurer's report showed $1,120.05 had been raised for mission work. This sum will be raised to $1,300 by the end of the fiscal year in November.

At the closing session the Rev. Dr. Thomas N. Boyle, presiding elder of the Pittsburgh district of the Methodist Episcopal church, delivered an address on home missions. Dr. W. B. Slutz conducted the closing exercises.

The best paint—LAWRENCE — will cover 50 per cent more surface than a cheap paint, costs 10 per cent more. See the saving?

JAPANESE ARTISTS IN AMERICAN COMPETITION

Director Beatty Discusses the Future of Oriental Art in This Country.

The prowess of Japanese arms will open the way for the triumph of oriental art. Among the world's greatest painters those of Japan are winning recognition and soon are expected to win laurels in western salons. Director John W. Beatty of the Carnegie art galleries in announcing the opening of entries for the international exhibition to be held in Pittsburgh next fall, declared yesterday that he looked forward with much anticipation to the debut of Japanese artists in American competition.

"The art of Japan antedates that of Europe by centuries," said Mr. Beatty, "and their painting has all the unique features of the more familiar handicraft of that ancient country. We are just beginning to familiarize ourselves with their work of their artists just as we are awakening to the realization of the gallantry of Japan's soldiers and the resources of her statesmen. One does not need to be possessed of a prophet's vision to foresee the invasion of their painting. Some day, perhaps, Japanese pictures will grace the walls of the local galleries."

The conditions for the entry of works to be submitted for the coming international exhibitions stipulates that all paintings intended for the general exhibit shall have been completed within five years and be submitted to a member of the Carnegie institute's advisory boar din London, Paris or Munich. All foreign works not submitted there must be sent to the art jury elected by the contributors which will sit in Pittsburgh in October. Works intended for the chronological exhibit shall have been completed within the last year. Four medals are offered as follows:

General exhibit—First prize, gold medal and $1,500; second prize, silver medal with $1,000; third prize, bronze medal and $500.

Chronological exhibit—Medal and $1,000.

Provision will be made for hanging about 250 paintings. This number is about the same as in previous exhibitions at the Carnegie galleries. The exhibition will open on November 3, following the annual Founder's day exercises.

FIRE UNDERWRITERS SEND INSPECTORS TO ALLEGHENY

Fire Chief Hunter of Allegheny was visited yesterday by the six inspectors representing the National Board of Fire Underwriters. For several weeks past the inspectors have been in Pittsburgh looking into the condition of the water supply and pressure, and buildings. The same thing will be done in Allegheny. On their report depends largely the rates for fire insurance that will be imposed upon policy holders in the two cities.

Ready for Carnival Opening.

No other arenic managers ever attempted to produce the feature acts Ferari Bros. will present at the Building Trades Council midsummer festival and carnival to be held in Wabash park, commencing next Monday. The ground at South First and Carson streets has been completed and ready for the arrival of the show train, which is due Sunday.

The Rev. R. H. Hood Has Resigned.

Members of the Mt. Washington United Presbyterian church will meet this evening at the church and take action on the resignation of the pastor, the Rev. Robert H. Hood. Mr. Hood has been pastor of the church for 13 years and wishes to be relieved of his charge because of ill health. He intends to remove to New York next month.

MORE TROUBLE FOR J. H. JAHN

Aged Man Accuses Him of Fraudulently Taking His Property and Support.

IN JAIL ON FORGERY CHARGE

Troubles are piling up for J. Henry Jahn, who has a number of suits, both civil and criminal, entered against him. J. J. Miller had him arrested on two charges of forgery yesterday afternoon as he was coming from a hearing in the United States court, where creditors have charged him with a violation of the bankruptcy laws in conveying property to his wife, and are attempting to have the discharge opened up and the property turned over to them.

Miller gives his story of his trouble with Jahn in an equity suit filed in court of common pleas No. 2 to have a deed declared invalid and fraudulently secured. The same charges are made as in the criminal suit which was brought before Alderman McGovern, who placed Jahn in jail yesterday afternoon. In the equity suit are included Mrs. Mary A. Jahn, Linnie Wolford, Jahn's stenographer, and C. F. Minehart. Minehart, in an answer filed with the bill, exonerates himself and pronounces the deal involved a "pure and simple fraud."

The plaintiff owned a farm in Moon township, which was exchanged for other property, Jahn being instrumental, it is said, in the transaction. In the property conveyed to Miller were five lots in Alleppo township and a lot in Howard street, Allegheny. These properties, with a property on Rawson street, Allegheny, belonging to the plaintiff's wife, the plaintiff averred he learned had all been conveyed by deeds purporting to be signed by him and his wife to C. F. Minehart. The signatures of Miller and his wife are averred to be forgeries, the plaintiff alleging that he never executed such deeds. They were placed on record and other records show that the properties were conveyed by Minehart to Linnie Wolford, who conveyed them to his wife, with the exception of the Howard street lot, which, the plaintiff avers, Jahn has mortgaged for seven times its value.

Minehart, in his answer, denies any participation in the transfers. He says he never paid anything on the properties and never received any deed. He says that if any title is vested in him he is ready to turn it over to the plaintiff.

Miller says he is 65 years old and the property represents all he has to support him during his declining years. He wants the deeds declared invalid.

Miller is represented by Attorneys W. C. McClure and William M. Price. Jahn is represented by John S. Robb. Attorney Miller had charge of the case at the bankruptcy hearing yesterday, and Attorney Price and himself had a warm discussion over the character of the evidence.

MOORE'S MASSAGE BILL DENOUNCED

Prominent Councilmen Declare It Is Designed to License Immorality.

APPROVED BY CLOSE VOTE

Director Moore's ordinance legalizing and licensing massage establishments, after being denounced by prominent councilmen and declared to be a disgrace to the city, was approved yesterday afternoon by the public safety committee of Pittsburgh councils with the aid of the votes of some members who have previously objected to Director Moore's rigid ideas of running a town. The ordinance, however, had a close call, the vote standing 10 to 9 in its favor. It will meet with opposition in both branches when it is reported to councils.

"It would be a disgrace to put such a law upon the statute books of the city, and should bring a blush of shame to every member who votes for it," declared William Brand, the Republican leader of common council. "Director Moore has just stated that these massage parlors are, in many instances, lower than disorderly resorts. I am bitterly opposed to licensing such institutions. They ought to be driven out of the city."

A few Citizens joined Brand in denouncing the bill. Of this number was R. B. Ward, president of common council. President Ward censured Director Moore for advocating such a measure. "If there are legitimate massage establishments it is not necessary to license them. If there are no massage parlors which are legitimate, the police should suppress them instead of licensing them," declared Mr. Ward.

The ordinance provides that the superintendent of police shall grant the license, which must be approved by the director. There is also the provision that every inmate or person connected with these places shall furnish the police authorities with a physician's certificate showing that he or she is free from contagious and infectious diseases. The license fee is a mere nominal one, $5 for six months. Dr. E. R. Walters opposed the ordinance. "The fee ought to be $500 instead of $5. It ought to be large enough to drive these places out of business," he said. "I notice that the inmates of these places are to undergo only one medical examination. Medical examinations ought to be made once or twice a week." Charles Gulland also spoke against the bill. The vote for its approval was as follows:

Ayes—John Barry, Edwards, Fleming, William McKelvey, Kaltchbaler, Rapp, Seltzenmeier, Sheehan, Wichtman and Chairman Frederick—10.

Noes—Brand, Geary, Gulland, Hammer, Myers, Pfannkuch, Schempp, Walters, Ward—9.

The committee also approved the ordinances creating the position of assistant superintendent of building inspection and prohibiting spitting in public places.

CHURCH FOR AMBRIDGE.

Application Made at Meeting of Presbytery at Sewickley Yesterday.

Application was made yesterday at a meeting of the Allegheny presbytery of the Presbyterian church, held in the Sewickley church, for the organization of a congregation at Ambridge. The petition was signed by 73 residents of that place. The Rev. William O. Campbell, pastor at Sewickley; James Wardrop and Henry Atwood were appointed a committee to consider the application. The Rev. Dr. Donald McClaran, a retired naval chaplain, now a member of the Porto Rico presbytery, attended the meeting. Dr. and Mrs. McClaran are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Philip Smith, at Edgeworth.

Members of the Allegheny United Presbyterian presbytery met yesterday in the Springdale church, the Rev. E. H. Balbinger, pastor. The Rev. Charles F. Wishart of the Eleventh church, Allegheny, presided. Calls were presented to the Rev. A. R. Ray of Beaver by the Avalon church; to the Rev. A. Mitchell by the West Unity church, and to the Rev. H. J. Rose of Steubenville by the Oakdale church. C. Y. Love was licensed to preach.

U. P. MINISTERS MEET.

Three Preachers Transferred from the Allegheny to Other Presbyteries.

At a meeting of the Allegheny United Presbyterian presbytery in the Springdale church, yesterday, the Rev. E. G. Forrester was transferred to the Monongahela presbytery; W. J. Hazlett to the Beaver Falls presbytery and W. M. Forrester to the Tennessee presbytery. A call from the West Union congregation of Valentine, Pa., to the Rev. Alexander Mitchell, was received and approved. Mr. Mitchell accepted. A call was received from the Oak Grove church to the Rev. H. J. Rose of Steubenville and from the Avalon church to the Rev. James F. Ray of Beaver Falls.

An application from the women's board of the Twelfth church for a loan of $4,000 to aid the building fund was presented and approved.

The finance committee reported that the presbytery had paid its full quota to the boards of the church, plus 2½ per cent.

CADMAN RECITAL AT BELLEVUE LARGELY ATTENDED

The third organ recital in the series being given by Charles Wakefield Cadman at the Bellevue Presbyterian church was given last night. A large and appreciative audience attended and showed much interest in the classical program of 10 numbers. Mr. Cadman was assisted by Herbert Davis, the well-known baritone, who recently returned from two years of study in Italy. Among the numbers rendered by Mr. Davis was "I'd Love Thee Still," from the opera "Anita," by Mr. Cadman. The next recital will be given on Thursday, June 30, when Mr. Cadman will be assisted by Thomas Hanna.

Suspected of Being Robbers.

Vincent Duffy, aged 22, of 4788 Liberty street, and B. Fox, aged 29, of 203 Pride street, were arrested last night in connection with a robbery of Thumm Bros.' store, 1480 Fifth avenue, Monday night. About $70 worth of baseballs, bats, catchers gloves and other articles were taken from the store.

Knox Straw Sailors

Knox—Men's straw sailors—rough braid—for only $3.00

Knox fine, smooth braid sailors—$4.00

Paulson stiff brim hats—Rough or smooth braid—$2.00 and $2.50

PAULSON BROS. CO., 515 WOOD STREET.

OSCILLATION AND LYMPH INSTITUTE

For diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs. For Pelvic and Nervous Diseases of Women and Children.

Offices, 501-502 Nixon Theater Building. Office hours, 9 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m. Wednesdays and Sundays by appointment only.

Ripans Tabules are the best dyspepsia medicine ever made. A hundred millions of them have been sold in the United States in a single year. Constipation, heartburn, sick headache, dizziness, bad breath, sore throat and every illness arising from a disordered stomach are relieved or cured by Ripans Tabules. One will generally give relief within 20 minutes. The five-cent package is enough for ordinary occasions. All druggists sell them.

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Weather—Showers. Yesterday's Temperature—Max. 83; Min. 66.

Wednesday, June 22, 1904.

Women's World's Fair Wraps.

Every woman who attends the World's Fair at St. Louis will strive to maintain the reputation of Pittsburg women for always being faultlessly gowned. Nothing adds to dress quite so much as a smart wrap.

In the following three propositions regarding Summer Coats is a clever study as to what actual lengths ten dollars will reach. A smart Summer Wrap for $10.00. A wrap possessing its full measure of style, a wrap delightfully summery, a wrap fit to grace the best of dressers, and all this for a really insignificant price.

Let's consider the three propositions separately.

WHITE LINEN COATS, the very thing for the St. Louis trip, or, if you do not attend, the very thing wherever you do go—to the mountains, to the quiet country retreat, to the stirring seashore resort—¾ and ⅞ lengths; loose box coats, or fitted back and loose fronts, flat collars, wide sleeves; pipings of light blue. A coat that launders beautifully. The price only $10.00.

NATURAL LINEN COATS, ⅞ length, half fitted back, double-breasted front, bell shaped sleeves, flat collar, pipings of white. A natty outer garment that will please you immensely. $10.00.

NATURAL LINEN COATS, ¾ length. Double-breasted fronts and loose backs. The back with belt. Wide sleeves, deep pockets. Just the coat for traveling and driving. A regular dust shedder. $10.00.

For examples in fine to finest Summer Coats a word as to your preference will bring forth a complete range of the most fashionable garments.

The Best Handkerchief Ever Offered for 25c.

No, we are not unduly enthusiastic over our own purchase. Look at them, even in the most cursory way, and you, too, will say the best handkerchief ever offered for 25c.

All of the same quality, but different styles. The linen is the finest and sheerest. They are generous sized handkerchiefs for women. Then they are further enhanced with the most exquisite of hand-wrought convent embroidery, a dainty vine climbing along the edge, or an elaborate spray. Some hemstitched and some finished with embroidered scallops. You'd call them a bargain at 50c.

Unlaundered Handkerchiefs, edged with lace, hand sewed, as pretty as need be, at 25c.

More elaborate styles in women's hemstitched and embroidered Handkerchiefs, 50c, 75c, $1.00 each.

Another Shipment of Utility Boxes.

It's really wonderful how fast they go out. We've no more than had an order filled when it is time to duplicate it. Seems as if women knew a good thing when they see it. Not that a box of this kind is not a treasure to men. It never knows when it's filled, so one keeps on adding something else.

Some people call them shirtwaist boxes, some are large enough to be called skirt boxes.

Utility Boxes, covered with matting, $2.75 each, $4.00, $5.00, $6.00, $7.00, $8.00, according to size and finish.

At the latter price you get what is called a skirt box, 22 inches wide by 16 high by 4 feet 6 inches long, and is furnished with casters.

Morocco cloth covered Boxes, 22 inches by 16 x 3 feet 3 inches, ornamented with antique nails, colors red and olive, $11.00.

On sale fourth floor, West, where the bargains in Lace Curtains are.

La Vida the Acme of Corset Excellence.

What is the first essential of a good corset? Why, fit, to be sure.

A well fitting corset adds grace to the figure, adds chic to the gown, adds style to the carriage.

On the other hand, a badly fitted corset detracts from Nature's divinest form, mars the most perfect confection of the dressmaker's art, is in fact an abomination.

The second essential is corset-comfort.

Any corset could be a comfortable corset if the qualities of grace and style were omitted, but it's the combination of these two great qualities, fit and comfort, which makes La Vida the most superior of all corsets. So that when a woman has worn La Vida she considers the corset question settled for once and all, and satisfactorily settled.

Models for every figure.

An expert corsetiere in the department to aid you in your selection.

More Ribbons for Underprices.

We were fortunate in securing a large quantity of the prettiest of this season's ribbons at a price that enables us to sell them far below the regular retail figure. We tell you this, fearing you'll take it from the low prices that they are old styles.

25c instead of 45c for 5-inch plain Taffeta.

25c instead of 45c for 5-inch Messaline.

35c instead of 60c for 6-inch plain Taffeta.

25c for 35c, 45c, 50c Fancy Warp Prints, Jacquards and Dresden Ribbons, 5 inches wide.

The Book Nook and 20 Cents.

The Crisis, by Winston Churchill, 20c, Author of The Crossing.

This is a sample of the prices we are making in our Book Nook on choice literature. While a good book is not dear at any price, it is exceedingly gratifying to be able to not only read, but own the best books for a small price.

At 20c per volume you can choose from a selection containing the most popular works of the leading authors of the day. Bound in strong paper bindings, printed on good paper in large clean type, equal to that in the $1.08 editions, and formerly to be had at that price only.

The Conqueror. By Gertrude Atherton.
The Pride of Jennico. By Agnes and Egerton Castle.
The Heart of Rome. By F. Marion Crawford.
The Virginian. By Owen Wister.
Hope Loring. By Lillian Bell.
The Mystery of Murray Davenport. By Robert Neilson Stephens.
Barbara Ladd. By Charles G. D. Roberts.
An Enemy to the King. By Robert Neilson Stephens.
The Road to Paris. By Robert Neilson Stephens.
The Continental Dragoon. By R. N. Stephens.
A Gentleman Player. By R. N. Stephens.
The One Woman. By Thomas Dixon, Jr.
Calumet. By Merwin Webster.
The Choir Invisible. By James Lane Allen.

Ask for descriptive booklet.

Fine Candies for the Price of Common Ones.

You'd give as much for the old-fashioned hard candies as we ask you to pay per pound for some of our most toothsome. Fresh every day and as pure as the best of sugar and high-grade ingredients can make them.

Toasted Marshmallows, 25c per pound.
Cream Filberts, 25c a pound.
Cocoanut Caramels, different flavors, 25c per pound.
Egyptian Paste, different flavors, 25c per pound.
Butter Crisps, a new summer confection, 50c per pound.

Try a Baltimore Glace, a Florida Orange Punch, a Cherry Claret, a Mint or Grape Rickey. These and many other of the most delightfully refreshing beverages at our Soda Fountain.

Sample Line of Women's Knit Underwear for Half.

There are vests and drawers and corset covers and union suits. Being a sample line means there is but one piece of a kind, but there's any number of different kinds to select from.

Our buyer, while in New York last week, bought the entire sample line at a sacrifice price. We have divided them into five lots, each price representing a half of the regular retail figure, as follows: 18c, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c a garment.

The sale starts today at 8 o'clock, in the East Store, second floor.

Black Mohairs, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 Yd.

Nothing so serviceable as mohair. It is unequalled for traveling dresses and coats, it makes a nobby street suit, it is admirable for coats for driving and automobiling, and has held its own against every newcomer for bathing suits.

The above prices refer to the genuine Bradford, England, Mohairs, which are noted the world over for their splendid qualities. They have a high brilliant finish and—well, they practically never wear out.

PENN, FIFTH, CECIL WAY.

BINDLEY HARDWARE CO.
SEVENTH AVE. & GRANT ST.
PITTSBURGH.
EVERY THING IN HARDWARE.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, City of Allegheny, June 20, 1904.

SEALED PROPOSALS—Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received at the office of the city controller until 2 o'clock p. m., on Thursday, June 30, 1904, for doing the following work:

SEWERS.

For the construction of a public sewer on Caroline street, First ward, from Grant avenue to Denny street.

For the construction of a public sewer on Atlantic avenue, from Benton avenue to the line of William Hoffmann's lands.

For the construction of a public sewer on Selbert street, Eleventh ward, from Shady avenue to Geyer's line.

For the construction of a public sewer on Cemetery avenue, Twelfth ward, from an unnamed 20-foot street or alley, to Meade street.

For the construction of a public sewer on Straub's lane, from Roessler street, southwestwardly, to Adam Fischer's east line.

GRADING.

For the grading of Pacific avenue, from Benton avenue, to the line of Mrs. A. M. Wuesthoff's lands.

GRADING AND PAVING.

For the grading and paving of Juno alley, Second ward, from Allegheny avenue to Preble avenue.

GRADING, PAVING AND CURBING.

For the grading, paving and curbing of Davis avenue, from California avenue to Fleming avenue.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a bond, with two sureties, probated before the city controller, or the bond of a surety trust company which has compited with the ordinance of councils for furnishing bonds for city contracts, bonds to be in the sum of one-half the estimated cost of said work.

Bids to be opened publicly in the office of the mayor at 2:45 o'clock p. m., Thursday, June 30, 1904.

JAMES G. WYMAN, Mayor.
EDWARD J. M'ILVAIN,
Director Department of Public Works.

Bonds for these contracts furnished by
THEOPHILUS SPROULL.
GERMAN NATIONAL BANK BLDG.,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

Office of Controller of Allegheny County, Pittsburgh, Pa., June 18, 1904.

Notice to Butchers and Bakers.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 4 o'clock p. m. Friday June 24, 1904, for supplying Allegheny County Jail with bread and meat from July 15, 1904, to January 15, 1905; bread to be of good quality wheat bread.

Proposals for meat will be: First, good quality of boiling beef, not to contain more than 27 per cent bone; second, to be free from bone and fat, accompanied by such an amount of soup bone as the warden shall direct.

The board reserves the right to consider either proposition in the interest of the county. All supplies to be subject to the approval of the warden, and be furnished in such quantities and at such times as he shall direct. For further information inquire at the county jail. The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

R. J. CUNNINGHAM,
County Controller.

Bonds for these contracts furnished by
THEOPHILUS SPROULL.
GERMAN NATIONAL BANK BLDG.,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, City of Allegheny, June 20, 1904.

NOTICE TO BUILDING CONTRACTORS

SEALED PROPOSALS—Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received at the office of the city controller until 2 o'clock p. m., on Thursday, June 30, 1904, for the construction and erection of a shelter house in Riverview park, Fifteenth ward.

Plans and specifications can be seen and all information obtained at the office of the b

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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WESTERN OFFICE—Rooms 1210 and 1212 Boyce Building, Chicago, Ill.
WASHINGTON (D. C.) NEWS BUREAU—Room 10, Postal Telegraph Building.
PHILADELPHIA NEWS BUREAU—Press Building, Seventh and Chestnut Streets.
LONDON (ENGLAND) OFFICE—5 Henrietta Street, Covent Garden.
ATLANTIC CITY (N. J.) OFFICE—Bartlett Building.
ATLANTIC CITY (N. J.) NEWS BUREAU—Young's Pier.

The Pittsburgh Gazette receives the full report of the Associated Press every day of the week, as well as the special telegraph and cable news of the New York Herald, and in addition has private wires to its bureaus in New York, Philadelphia and Harrisburg.

TERMS:

Daily Edition by carrier in Pittsburgh, Allegheny and surrounding towns for 6 cents a week.
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Daily Edition at the rate of $3 00 per year.
Sunday Edition, $2 50 per year.
Daily and Sunday Editions, per month, 60 cents.
Daily and Sunday Editions, per year, $5 00.

Anyone unable to purchase a copy of The Pittsburgh Gazette on trains or at news stands will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.

Wednesday, June 22, 1904.

The Gazette desires to call the attention of those of its readers who contemplate summer trips to the announcements of the many summer resort hotels published on page 14 of this issue.

While Pittsburgh schools have earned an enviable reputation in past years the record made in examinations for high school this year is the best yet. Out of a total of 1,274 pupils taking the examinations only 18 failed to pass and some of those having failed in but one study are entitled to reexamination. Seven failed on account of illness. The parochial schools also made an unusually good record this year. This result speaks well for the system of the Pittsburgh schools and the quality of the pupils, and it is a reminder that more high school facilities are needed. Not all of the class of nearly 1,800 will take the high school course, but enough will to overcrowd the buildings devoted to that purpose.

There is reason to expect that United States of America gold coin will yet become the standard of value on the isthmus of Panama. Secretary Taft and the Panama commission have decided to submit to Panama a proposition that the standard of value in that republic shall be a gold coin of the weight and fineness of the American gold dollar; that the American gold coin shall be legal tender on the isthmus, and that the Panama gold coin shall be legal tender in the canal zone. It is provided, also, that subsidiary silver may be coined to the amount of $1,500,000, which shall be legal tender within the canal zone for sums less than one dollar. This proposition will go to the Panama constitutional convention and it is not likely to be turned down there, though the Panama legislature did foolishly reject a bill to make American coin the circulating medium of the new state.

Since betting has been prohibited, Washington Park, Chicago, is to be closed. The managers admit the race course is wholly unprofitable without the betting privilege and they prefer going out of business to encouraging sport at a loss to themselves. It is probable they may be in earnest, though this will be better determined if the authorities stick to their prohibitive position. If the Washington Park plea is true, it disposes of the old claim that betting has been a mere incident at horse races, the real interest being in the horses themselves. In this instance the book appears to be the whole thing. It has been the attraction to the crowds who attend the races and the source of revenue to the owning club. So far from this being a reason for remitting the police order, it is the best reason in the world for having it rigidly enforced. Racing for betting purposes only is plain gambling. No more, no less.

Relegation of the South Side water question to a sub-committee of the finance committee is regarded as an ominous procedure. In the past history of councils, if sub-committees have not been grave diggers their files have been receiving vaults for forbidden legislation. The time has not arrived when something must be done in the South Side water matter, but the people of that portion of the river have good cause to complain that the question is not taken up with a view to determine what is to be or what may be done when the time does arrive. Should there be half as much delay in dealing with South Side distribution as there has been about securing filtration the Monongahela Water Company contract will expire years before the city is ready to meet the situation. That is why there is reason in urging present consideration and investigation of the problem.

Mr. Bryan's address to the Tammany Democrats in New York who are protesting against the nomination of Judge Alton B. Parker, has added no luster to his name. The words are those of a disappointed politician who has failed to secure the prize he longed for and who is determined to prevent another getting it if he can. It is too late in the primary campaign for this speech to have any effect upon the state conventions. Otherwise it would almost certainly cause the nomination of Judge Parker. It may have that effect upon the national convention, for it is an unwarranted attack upon a gentleman who, whatever may be thought of his political affiliations, has lived an honorable life and given his state honorable service upon the bench. Against this man Bryan launches billingsgate, unsupported by credible testimony. To him he attributes motives so base that no opponent in the Republican party has been guilty of suspecting. It is time for Col. Watterson to give some attention to this other Democrat who hath been made mad that he shall destroy himself.

Sounding the Keynote.

As temporary chairman of the Chicago convention, former Secretary of War Elihu Root performed the duty of "sounding the keynote" in highly creditable manner. He recognized the fact that whatever resolutions may be passed, the record of the Republican party and that of the administration will be the principal issues of the campaign, so he challenged judgment upon them.

What a grand record the old party has! Half way through the coming administration it will round out half a century of active life. Nine of the last eleven administrations at Washington have been Republican, and for nearly the same proportion of time both houses of congress have had a majority of the same party faith. As Mr. Root says, that period has covered the most marvelous development of material progress of a nation known to history. The development of material resources has been kept pace with by the advance in government facilities, and all of this has been done under Republican policies and Republican management. The one time during that period that the Democracy was in control of congress and executive was a time of disaster and the country went backward, only to go forward with accelerated pace when the party of progress was again put in control.

Mr. Root did not deal extensively in statistics, but the sums he mentioned, representing receipts and disbursements of the government, are colossal. They leave no doubt about Thomas Brackett Reed's verdict that this is "a billion-dollar country." The showing is entirely creditable to the dominant party, for while it twice reduced the rate of taxation during the past four years, the revenues far exceeded expenditures, the latter increasing to meet the needs of a rapidly growing population. There is nothing in the financial showing of two administrations that is not satisfactory, or that can be compared with the fiasco of the Democratic administration preceding. Extraordinary payments have been met, yet the treasury is in good condition, while during the Democratic administration the treasury was emptied and debt incurred to meet ordinary expenditures.

During this eight-year period the war with Spain was fought, Cuba freed, rehabilitated and made independent. Yet the national debt has been reduced. The insurrection in the Philippines has been put down and civil government established, enabling the withdrawal of 55,000 of the 80,000 troops needed there at first. The United States met its share of the relief of the Pekin legations and the restoration of peace in China. The bills have been paid and a surplus accumulated for other needs.

During the past four years the Sherman anti-trust law has been effectively enforced and a decision has been obtained sustaining the power of the interstate commerce commission to compel the production of books and papers. The postal service has been enlarged and improved. Also it has been cleansed. The isthmian canal project has been rescued from the innocuous desuetude in which it had lain for years and advanced to the status of an actual public work. The navy has been enlarged and greatly improved for the defense of American interests and the army has been reorganized on modern lines of effectiveness. In the meantime American diplomacy has won new prestige and influence in securing international peace. It has strengthened the Monroe doctrine while accepting the principles of arbitration underlying The Hague tribunal. The long pending Alaskan boundary dispute has been settled.

Such is the record to which every Republican may point with pride and every citizen with gratification. It is coming up to the plain people again to say whether the excellent policies of this party shall be continued for another four years or abandoned, whether the administration that has accomplished so much shall have their confidence and an opportunity to complete what has been so well begun. Chairman Root challenges judgment on the record, and we are content to leave the question to the people.

The Poor Boy in College.

The poor boy who earnestly desires a college education these days should not be frightened out of it by apparently adverse circumstances. To one who is not afraid of honest work, and who is willing to throttle false pride, that first great enemy of young manhood, the time for acquiring a higher education was never richer in opportunities than now. Prof. Charles F. Thwing, president of Western Reserve university and Adelbert college, has a word to say on this subject in the Saturday Evening Post. He does not encourage every poor boy to seek a university education. He plainly intimates that, unless the boy be of a certain type, he had better keep away from the quest. The kind of boy whom he does encourage is a lad who possesses such essential qualifications as a sound body, adequate intellectual preparation, an instinct for finding work and for doing it, the element of faithfulness, the fundamentals of an honest character, patience and a strong will.

To such a boy, Dr. Thwing declares, plenty of opportunities will offer for making at least enough money to pay his college expenses, including what he may be able to earn during his vacations. The kinds of work by which this may be done are many of them of a character which would scornfully be rejected by the youth whose bump of self-esteem is inordinately elevated, but a glance at the list which the doctor sets forth as the result of his own observations reveals nothing that a lad could be employed in and not maintain true self-respect. Some of the occupations mentioned by Dr. Thwing are as follows: Serving as waiter in college eating clubs, as janitor or caretaker of college buildings, as salesman, or collectors, street lamplighters, tutors, church janitors, theater ushers, laundry route agents, teachers in night schools and social settlements; caring for furnaces, mowing lawns and serving as clerks in hotels. The writer of this knew of a young fellow in a western college who made a good income by cobbling, a trade which he had been taught by his shoemaker father; and of another, who was the envy of his companions, by reason of the fact that his ability to set type enabled him to make large wages on off days in a city job office.

Not infrequently one hears men who have become quite successful in their business careers lament the fact that they did not obtain a higher education in their younger days. Perhaps, if the truth were known, the only obstacle that ever lay in their path was not poverty, but that spirit of false pride, peculiar to the period of adolescence, which maturer thought and sturdy conflict with the world has now largely eliminated from their characters.

Objects to Zionism.

Sir Charles N. F. Eliot, British commissioner for East Africa, in resigning his post demands an inquiry and investigation into his reasons for so doing. He gives a clue to what he means by declaring that he will not carry out the instructions to convey a large tract of land to the East African syndicate, which, he says, is the incorporated name of the Zionist colonial movement.

Until Sir Charles decides to take the public further into his confidence the ground of his objection to the Jewish colonization of East Africa may not be known. The general tenor of his communication gives the impression that he favored a system of private exploitation of the territory over which he presides. He says the colonial office refused individual grants he desired to have made and at the same time instructed him to convey in mass to the syndicate. But his letter may also be construed to mean an objection on his part to having the Jews locate in East Africa. At any rate, if they do he evidently does not desire to remain as high commissioner.

In this latter conclusion the colonial office and the Jewish colonizers are likely to agree with his sentiment. A more agreeable administrator may be found. As to any objection, per se, to the proposed colonization, it can have no foundation in the public interest. The Jews throughout the world are a law-abiding and thrifty people. They are not perfect, nor are the people of any other race. But wherever they have been treated with justice they have proven good, patriotic citizens. They are as ready as any others to promote public enterprises and to support government in peace or war. If they colonize East Africa it will not be strange if that territory shall soon become Britain's leading colony on the Dark Continent. In any case the colonial office will not be likely to shrink from the inquiry demanded by Sir Charles in his heat.

A Mistaken Argument.

Opponents of the civil service system in this country have seized upon what they fancy is a new weapon of attack in a report which says that Lord Curzon has abolished competitive civil service examinations in India after discovering their futility. The only objection to this rumor is that it is untrue. What Lord Curzon has done is to abolish the particular form of examination by which Hindu candidates were permitted to enter the subordinate native service. The viceroy found that instead of giving these native young men a thorough foundation in English branches the system was nothing but a shallow "cramming" process, which taught them little else than a few parrot-like answers to certain conventional questions. As a result, when these candidates entered the service Lord Curzon found them so deficient, superficial and unbusiness-like that they were utterly worthless. He now insists that the examinations for them shall include a thorough course in the rudiments, at least, of an English education.

Fortunately this fault cannot be found with the civil service examinations in this country, as one may easily see from a cursory inspection of the papers given out to candidates. These take for granted a good knowledge of the common English branches, and some of the examinations demand much more. The average high school graduate, for instance, would have his hands full trying to pass the examination required for the United States revenue cutter service, and the result is seen in the unusually intelligent and efficient class of young men which that service obtains. Lord Curzon is simply bringing the Indian civil service up toward the American standard. Enemies of that system will find nothing at all in his course to justify the "spoils" system.

Hip, hip, and a tiger for the dollar of our dads—The simon-pure simoleon, the king of all the "scads!"
Rush the tidings to the Jeremiah of the Platte, That little Panama knows just about where she is at.

Doubts about Secretary Cortelyou's Republicanism have no foundation. He was nurtured in the cradle of the party—and remains a Republican since he has begun to do his own thinking.

While there is plenty of enthusiasm in Chicago, the Republican convention opened with a frost—the Rev. Frost, who delivered the invocation.

The irritating thing about it all for Col. Bryan is that Judge Parker will probably persist in coming alive again about July 6.

Gen. Stakelberg's "successful operation" appears to have cost more than 2,000 lives and upward of 4,000 other losses.

Probably the guests at that Asiatic association dinner thought "banzai" was simply "Gesundheit" in Japanese.

Israel found her Moses in the bulrushes, but the Democracy doesn't seem to have found even any bulrushes yet.

It becomes evident that the sawmills are not going to be worked overtime for the Republican platform.

The "wets" scored a decisive victory over the "Prohibs" in Chicago when Highball beat Running Water.

Don't let yourself be buncoed into taking notes for $50,000 of that ransom, Raisuli!

Talked of in Gotham

By GEORGE C. JENKS.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 21.—Never in the history of New York harbor have there been so many tests of life-saving apparatus, including drills of men, women and children, as are of daily occurrence now. The disaster of the General Slocum is, of course, responsible for all this activity. A spectacular example of the precautions to be taken in future was afforded yesterday on the new ferryboat, Ellis Island, which plies between the barge office and the immigration station. The first drill ever held on the boat took place. One incident was the jumping overboard of one of her crew, who swam about until a life-preserver was tossed to him. He seized it and found it buoyant enough to support a man much larger than himself. The preserver had been picked up at random, the purpose being to show that all of the appliances were in good shape, and could be depended on. It is a matter of history that a great many of the supposed life belts on the General Slocum were so badly soaked with water, and contained such an inferior quality of cork, that they actually dragged their wearers to the bottom. The proof of this is in the fact that some bodies taken from the river bed were encased in these belts, and doubtless the people were drowned by them. The Ellis Island sometimes carries more than 5000 emibrants.

Every ferryboat and other passenger craft in the harbor is supplied with life belts. Some of them are old, but it is safe to say that there are few carried today which would not fulfill their functions. Railroad companies operating the ferries and pilots are not taking so many chances as they did a few weeks since. Perhaps the next reform will be in preventing ferryboats from being crowded, as they have been for years in the rush hours. If one of the North river boats when loaded with more than 1,000 persons and a score of wagons were to come into collision with another craft, there hardly could be a smaller tale of fatality than that of the General Slocum.

Education Comes High.

It will cost $100,000 more to run Columbia university this year than was required for the preceding 12 months. The cold figures of the budget just issued are not to be denied. The running expenses of the college for the year beginning July 1 will be nearly $1,400,000, an increase of more than $100,000 over the previous year. The income of the institution is estimated to be slightly in excess of $1,000,000, which will leave an awkward deficit unless unlooked-for aid should come. Doubtless there will be such assistance, for there are many wealthy men who are only too willing to unbind their "roll" in the interests of old Columbia.

Follows Lead of Pittsburgh.

Patriotism is a splendid thing, but there is no criticism of Police Commissioner McAdoo on account of his announced intention to regulate exuberant gun powder on the Fourth of July. He will not allow the shooting of fire crackers around hospitals, and there will be a muffler placed on many of the noises that are supposed to indicate how much the small boy loves Old Glory. As a matter of fact, Independence day is dreaded by many New Yorkers, especially if the day happens to be wet. When it is sunny everyone goes out of town, and there are more pyrotechnics outside than inside the city.

New Way of Taking Water Cure.

Jumping into the river from Brooklyn bridge carries peril of an uncertain quantity. About 90 per cent of the amateurs who essay the feat are killed in the act, but the other 10 per cent go away smiling—as soon as the police will let them. A man leaped in yesterday because he thought it would be good for the dropsy from which he is a sufferer. He bobbed up on the surface and swam gally to the Manhattan side without assistance. Then he was dragged out, and after an examination by an ambulance surgeon, who said he was not hurt, was taken to a police station on a charge of attempted suicide. He had made the mistake of not having procured a physician's prescription for the water cure.

Anna Held Joins Joe Weber.

It begins to look as if the Weber-Fields music hall will be as gay a place next season as ever it was in its palmy days. Joe Weber, who will be in charge there, is gathering in a number of performers of reputation, and he intends to give Broadway the best they have had, if it is within his power. The announcement that he has contracted with Anna Held to be the prima donna is received with general satisfaction along the Rialto. The deal is regarded as an excellent one on both sides. Our joyous Anna has had a somewhat depressing season with her "Mlle. Napoleon," and it is probable that her fat salary at the formerly popular little music hall will set her on her feet again, while bringing her again into touch with her metropolitan admirers.

What Might Have Happened.

Brooklyn is still quivering after the frightful thunder storm of last night. Both the elevated railway and the surface car lines were affected by the lightning. Explosions took place at various points and there was a general blockade at the rush hour this morning. Brooklyn is a large place and when a Manhattan worker has to walk to his place of business from his Brooklyn home it is likely to mean a great deal of exertion. Besides it takes time to promenade 10 miles or so of Brooklyn thoroughfares. All of this is of little moment, however, compared with the thought of what might have happened had the explosions taken place when the cars were full of passengers. There would have been panics, if nothing worse.

Glennon Before Bar.

Devery's former wardman, Edward Glennon, looked grave when he was brought to the bar in general sessions court today to plead to a charge of neglect of duty. A few years ago he was one of the most powerful officials in the Tenderloin. He is rather small potatoes now.

Slocum Disaster Stops Concert.

This is the regular evening for a public concert in Tompkin's Square park. It will not be held. It is in the heart of the district from which went the thousand and more of women and children who were destroyed by fire and water, or both, less than a week ago. They had been in the habit of pouring into the park on concert nights, and the music was given principally for their delight. No one wants to hear music in that neighborhood now. The band was playing on the General Slocum when the first alarm of fire rang through the boat.

Pittsburghers in New York.

The following Pittsburghers are registered at the New York hotels today:

Waldorf-Astoria.
H. B. Lupton, Miss Lyon, J. D. Lyon, L. R. Davidson, W. H. Whiteside, F. Davidson, A. M. McCrea, J. M. Hansen.

Holland.
Edward Worcester.

Manhatan.
P. M. Lincoln.

Georgian.
L. Davis.

Wolcott.
Mrs. H. Campbell Bakewell.

Marlborough.
J. E. Woods, Mrs. Woods, Joseph J. Vigneau.

Imperial.
J. G. Kaufmann, J. Frank Murray, Mrs. L. Dodds Quay, Ethan I. Dodds.

Bartholdi.
N. J. Mathews, R. L. Thomas, Mrs. Thomas.

Kensington.
E. Z. Johnston.

Gilsey.
O. G. Schultz.

Herald Square.
C. F. McKenvy, J. H. Mellon, Mrs. Mellon.

Fifth Avenue.
Joseph A. West, R. C. McLean, W. S. Huselton, C. H. Stubb, E. W. Summers, Mrs. Summers, Mrs. M. R. Reichine, J. D. Patton, J. N. Whitcett, Carl C. Law.

Grand Union.
H. W. Dunn.

Astor
Ralph Butler, Dr. L. Sadowski, A. Karabasz, Mrs. Sadowski.

Navarre.
H. L. Bragg.

Victoria.
J. M. Morin, Mrs. Morin.

Broadway Central.
F. C. Waddell, Master Waddell, G. E. Dietz, I. H. Aaron, Mrs. Aaron, Miss Aaron.

Seville.
E. L. Harper, S. W. Harper.

Pittsburghers at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, June 21.—(Special.)—The following Pittsburgh people are registered at the leading St. Louis hotels:

Washington.
H. P. Williams.

Planters.
Lucem Hill, H. W. Bockstore.

Lindell.
A. A. Heser.

Southern.
E. B. Garner.

The Quiet Observer

By ERASMUS WILSON.

What is it that renders a book or a play, a sermon or a lecture catchy, and makes it popular?

There are thousands of excellently written books printed every year, so well written and the matter so well arranged that the book reviewer can find no fault with them.

And yet these books do not sell well, and those that are sold do not give good satisfaction. When those who have read them are asked what is the matter with them, all they can say is that they didn't go to the spot.

Of all the books that have come out this season hardly more than half a dozen have been rated as sellers.

Nice bindings and fine illustrations will not sell a novel, although they may be appreciated as pleasant features. There must be something in the story itself—something which you may not be able to describe, but it must be there all the same.

What is that something?

It is human interest, or heart interest, if you prefer the term.

* * * * *

Some books have stories of their own which are even more interesting than the story they contain.

One of these stories has just come to light, and as the book is by a former Pittsburgher, and well known in adjoining counties, it is worth giving herewith.

The writer is George W. Hamilton of Fulton, Mo. He was born and reared near Washington, Pa., and after finishing his schooling he became associated with his father, James Hamilton, in the sheep business. The latter was for several years interested in the East Liberty stock yards.

Our author tackled story-writing several years ago, and wrote some very clever sketches and a book or two that sold quite well. Being a warm-hearted, generous and earnest sort of fellow, he put a good deal of kindly human feeling into his work.

But all this time he had a book in his head, and in his heart, which he at last got into manuscript. It started while attending school in Kentucky, and having married down there he kept right on gathering stuff until he had enough for two books, but somehow or other he couldn't get it before the people. Who knows but the times were not ripe for it?

* * * * *

In a talk with Mr. Hamilton relating to the story of the novel entitled "The Lantern Man," he said it had been written and rewritten several times, and parts of it probably 30 or 40 times. He said the story was begun about 37 years ago while he was living in Pittsburgh. He afterward went to Texas and there the work was again taken up and rewritten. Mr. Hamilton stated that his intention in writing the story was to truthfully portray that portion of the lives of boys and girls that is usually looked upon in a careless sort of way and the situation made as ludicrous as possible by the public and writers.

Of the characters in the book nearly all of them represent real persons, and many of them are now prominent in the world's affairs. The character known as Briar in the book is Lieut. Gov. Thorn of Kentucky at the present time, while Morey is a bank president in Tennessee; Lloyd was a Kansas sheriff who was shot and killed about two years ago.

In having the book published there were a series of misfortunes that would have discouraged the average person to the point of desperation. The book was first in the hands of the Tennyson-Neeley Publishing Company, and just as it was ready to go to press the firm failed and the plates and copy were tied up so that Mr. Hamilton lost a year before he could arrange for a new publisher. Another time the manuscript was sent to A. C. McClurg for publication and was lost in transit and Mr. Hamilton had to again rewrite the story.

In the dark days when misfortune came to him he says he worked on the book, and living again among the friends and scenes of his boyhood days brought solace to his heart and encouragement to face the battles of life with renewed vigor. The book is dedicated to his wife and his mother and this chaste story of loves of the dearest days that the human heart can know is most worthy of its dedication.

* * * * *

One might think from the fact that the book had been rewritten so often that the story was written to death, but such is not the case. Indeed it is more likely that it was improved each time, for the author was practicing on other stories right along.

Mr. Hamilton's sole aim appears to have been to tell the story as he knew it, and of which was himself a part, and not to show his skill as a fine writer or a master of English composition. With him the story is the thing, and so is it with the reader. Nor can the manner of its telling be too careless, or even bad in spots, else these defects would obtrude themselves to the extent of spoiling the general effect.

The experiences of the author in trying to get his book out ought to encourage those who have weakened not less than one-quarter of the adversity he encountered.

The lantern man was the author of a fearsome sheet that appeared now and again under the title of "The Lantern," for whose name the faculty would willingly have paid a large sum in good money. The lantern man was a regular bogie man, as the story clearly shows.

* * * * *

Mr. Quiet Observer:—Anent the discussion now going on in your column over the poem "What Is Charity?" I take the liberty of sending you a somewhat similar one. The lines have lingered in my memory for a good many years, but I do not know to whom the great credit of authorship should be given. Excepting, of course, the prose poem of Paul, I doubt if anything finer or more inspiring upon this subject has been printed.

CHARLES B. MERRICK.
Cascade Park, New Castle, Pa.

Ah, life would be a bitter thing,
A riddle without reasons,
If each sat lonely pondering,
Within his own hearth's narrow ring,
His hopes and fears, encumbering
The flight of earthly seasons.

Thank God that in life's little day,
Betwixt its dawn and setting,
We have kind deeds to give away,
Sad hearts for which our own may pray,
Or help—when they have need to stay—
Forgiving and forgetting!

We all are travelers who throng
A stormy road together,
And if some brother not so strong
As I—and footsore—does me wrong,
I'll make excuse—the road is long,
And stormy is the weather.

What comfort will it bring the day,
Whose hour shall find us dying,
To know that once we had our way
Against a child of weaker clay,
And gained our triumph in the fray
By virtue of his sighing?

Most like to Christ are they who bear—
Like Him—long with the sinning;
The music of long suffering prayer
Brings angels down love's golden stair,
Like those, who through Olivet's dark air,
First saw our life's beginning.

IT IS TO SMILE.

Wife—But doesn't it cost an awful lot of money to send me to the seashore for three months every summer?

Husband—Oh, yes, of course. Money is certainly a great blessing.—Chicago Daily News.

Father (cutting the whip smartly through the air)—See, Tommy, how I make the horse go faster without striking him at all.

Tommy—Papa, why don't you spank us children that way?—Glasgow Evening Times.

First Boy—We've got a new attachment on our piano.

Second Boy—That's nothing! We've got one on our house.—Smart Set.

Lamb—You understand what a margin is, don't you?

Mrs. Lamb—Oh, yes. That is the money you put up and lose.—Puck.

Mrs. Benham—Do you think a Mormon who has 10 wives can be really happy?

Benham—Well, he has 10 chances to my 1.—Town Topics.

Answers to Correspondents.

A. C. C., City—There are no mountain lakes, known as such, in the territory you mention.

E. H., Allegheny—Don't elope.

The Modern Bible

THE STROLLER.

We were discussing the decadence into which the study of the Bible has fallen nowadays.

"How erroneous is the popular impression that the old Book is nothing but a collection of fossilized historical antiquities and doctrines," said my friend. "Why its freshness and modernity is a perpetual revelation even to me, who have been a close student of Scripture for 20 years. The more I pore over it the more convinced I am that the seers of old saw distinctly certain institutions even of our day, and plainly referred to them. Take, for instance, the Pullman car berth. Who could fail to recognize it in this description of Isaiah's?"

◇ ◇ ◇

The Sleeping Car Berth.

"For the bed is shorter than a man can stretch himself on it; and the covering narrower than he can wrap himself in it."—Isa. 28:20.

"But surely," I began, "you can't mean that—"

"You believe such language may have been purely a coincidence," interrupted my friend, "but wait a minute; sleeping car berths were not the only feature of railroad life with which Isaiah was familiar. Can you call it a coincidence when he makes this clear allusion to a railroad restaurant:

◇ ◇ ◇

The Quick Lunch Counter.

"And he shall snatch on the right hand and be hungry; and he shall snatch on the left hand and not be satisfied."—Isa. 9:20.

"Then there are these present-day phases of political economy," continued my friend. "Why should not the beef trust easily have been foreseen when even as far back as Joseph's day there was a corner on corn?"

"But you don't mean to say that there is in the Bible specific reference to the beef trust?" said I.

"Certainly there is," quoth my friend. "Let exergetes interpret the passage as they will, what other construction can sensible men put on this verse:

◇ ◇ ◇

The Beef Trust.

"The cattle on a thousand hills are mine."—Psalm 50:10.

"Still," I ventured, "the context—"

"Oh, bother the context!" exclaimed my friend, "it's been used to wrest more Scripture from its plain meaning than you have any idea of. Why, I suppose you'll think it absolutely incredible that the Bible makes at least a half dozen references to such a profane game as poker."

"You've got to show me the passages before I'll believe you on that point," I replied, chillingly.

"Well, here they are," declared my friend, triumphantly, as he pushed a slip of paper over to me. "If you aren't satisfied with my word on the references you can look 'em up for yourself."

◇ ◇ ◇

The Game of Poker.

"Can thine hands be strong in the days that I shall deal with thee."—Ezek. 22:14.

"Behold, two kings stood not before him."—II. Kings 10:4.

"The treacherous dealer dealeth treacherously."—Isa. 21:2.

"Give us a king."—I. Sam. 8:6.

"And he shall deliver their kings into thine hand."—Deut. 7:24.

My silence after reading the foregoing passages evidently annoyed my friend.

"The trouble with superficial students of the Bible," said he, with just a trace of irritation, "is that they suppose every Scriptural passage must necessarily possess some hidden meaning. Why not learn to take its words at their face meaning just as we do in other kinds of literature? Now there's the game of baseball. To be sure there are not many allusions to it in the Scriptures, yet there is at least one reference which applies unmistakably. Here it is:

◇ ◇ ◇

The National Game.

"He made bases also."—II. Chron. 1:14.

"I have every reason to believe," he went on, "that the game of football, too, was not hidden from the vision of these men of old. In no other light, indeed, can I construe this passage from David:

◇ ◇ ◇

A Football Scrimmage.

"The plowers plowed upon my back; they made long their furrows."—Psalm 129:3.

"The fact of the matter is," said my friend, "human nature was the same in Bible times as it is today, and though the institutions in which it found expression may not have been cast in exactly the same forms as we find them today, yet in most of them there was at least the germ of what was to come after. This was easily discernable to the prophetic mind and eye. Take even that much-vaunted institution of modern times—the female seminary—and there is no room for question that, in its rudimentary form, at least, it existed way back in Josiah's time, as witness this clear allusion:

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The Female Seminary.

"Huldah dwelt in Jerusalem in the college."—II. Kings 22:14.

"And so I might go on indefinitely," concluded my friend. "The old book is rich in modernisms and if, instead of reading it on the principle inspired by the foolish old saw that 'the letter killeth,' one will take its passages in the literal spirit in which they were doubtless written, he will find them growing in freshness every day."

The Mendacious Press.

A prominent writer has published a magazine article in which he flatly accuses the American newspaper press of such unreliability as to amount to general untruthfulness. He makes his charge full and broad, an indictment of the whole daily press. There is general dissent from his conclusions, and justly so. As a rule, the men who gather and edit and publish the news are ordinary men, good Americans, fully up to the average of citizenship in morals and honesty. They are simply common men who are engaged from choice in journalistic work. It cannot be claimed that a place at a desk in a newspaper office causes an otherwise good fellow to become a hopeless liar and abandoned character. We have much knowledge of newspaper men, and we find them to be, as a rule, men whom it is a pleasure to know. They have their limitations, but within those lines they do their best to get the news correctly and publish it fairly for the information of their readers. They are wise enough to know that only by preserving a reputation for honest intentions can they hope to makes their papers permanently successful.—Pittsburgh Christian Advocate.

Neighbors Visiting Pittsburgh.

The residents of nearby towns at the local hotels last night were:

Monongahela House—W. S. Grele, Meadville; F. J. McCain, Mercer; J. H. Lynn, Uniontown; F. T. Allen, Youngstown.

Griswold—J. M. Walsh, Youngstown; D. E. Allen, Akron.

Henry—S. A. Curelhand, Wheeling; R. E. Eggleston, York; W. B. James, Oil City; L. Collmer, Irwin.

Duquesne—A. W. White, Greensburg; H. Graham, New Castle; A. C. Bilson, Uniontown.

Colonial—T. Saidley, Uniontown; F. G. Carnahan, Akron.

Anderson—F. A. Cogwell, Warren.

Seventh Avenue—John S. Scott, East Liverpool; James M. Watt, Indiana; C. A. Frank, Johnstown; W. J. Sturgeon, Kittanning; W. A. Firm, Grove City.

Lincoln—B. R. Smiley, Canton.

Newell's—F. R. Jones, Punxsutawney.

SCINTILLATIONS.

Having duly impressed the Filipinos with bullets, we are now sending Gen. Corbin among them to try the effect of buttons.—Philadelphia Record.

If Miss Stone hadn't gone on the lecture platform there might be more public enthusiasm felt for the release of Citizen Perdicaris.—Atlanta Constitution.

They disinterred a body up in Wisconsin the other day and it was found that the corpse had grown six inches since burial. Sort of growsome fact, eh?—Buffalo News.

"Uncle Joe" Cannon's language suggests that it might not be safe to stand near him should the vice presidential lightning strike him tomorrow.—New York Tribune.

The Death Roll

Mrs. Ellen Mowry Serrill.

Mrs. Ellen Mowry Serrill, a descendant of one of the oldest families of Pittsburgh, died yesterday afternoon in the Iroquois hotel, Buffalo, N. Y. Mrs. Serrill was born in Pittsburgh, May 28, 1820, and spent her early youth here. She married Joseph Bonsall and removed to Darby, Pa., a suburb of Philadelphia. Her husband lived only a few years. A few years after his death she married James Pearson Serrill of Darby, who came of a pioneer family in that part of the state. Mrs. Serrill was a daughter of Dr. Charles Bedford and Mary O'Hara Mowry, and a granddaughter of Dr. Peter Mowry. Dr. Peter Mowry was one of the most prominent citizens of Pittsburgh during his lifetime, and is buried in the old cemetery which surrounds Trinity Protestant Episcopal church. For many years Mrs. Serrill lived in Darby. Her husband died about six years ago, and last fall she moved to Pittsburgh, making her home with her daughter, Mrs. Samuel B. Griffith. Mrs. Serrill adopted the Quaker faith when she removed to the eastern part of the state. She is survived by two sons and three daughters. F. B. Bonsall of San Pedro, Cal.; Albert C. Bonsall of Darby; Mrs. Griffith of Pittsburgh; Mrs. W. Lane Verlenden of Darby, and Mrs. John L. Morrison of Sharon. Mrs. Serrill had been on a short trip and was taken ill in Buffalo more than a week ago. All of her daughters were with her when she died. Funeral services will be held at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Griffith, No. 6351 Howe street, and the interment will take place in the Friends burying ground, Darby.

Lawrence Strobel.

Lawrence Strobel, aged 72, died yesterday morning at his home, No. 23 Virginia avenue, Elliott borough, where he resided for 54 years. Mr. Strobel was born in Germany and on coming to this country secured a position as puddler in Painter's mill, South Side. He worked there until his health forced him to retire 12 years ago. He was a member of the South Side Methodist Episcopal church, Sixteenth street. His widow, who was Miss Katherine Heidenreich, one daughter, Mrs. Lena Swearingen of Elliott, and one brother, Conrad Strobel, survive. The funeral will take place from his late home tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock, and the interment will be made in Greentree cemetery.

John Gilbert Meiggs.

John Gilbert Meiggs, one of the best-known and most highly respected Americans of London, died at his residence in London yesterday. Mr. Meiggs, who was born in New England 77 years ago, has for the last 30 years lived in London. He left the United States for Peru, where he joined his brother, Henry Meiggs, in building the famous Oroya railroad, which is still regarded as one of the greatest feats of engineering. The original contract was taken by Mr. Meiggs for $27,000,000. Since living in London Mr. Meiggs built several important railroads in Argentina. He suffered a severe financial blow at the time of the Baring crash.

Mrs. Archie S. Thompson.

Mrs. Mary C. Thompson, aged 58, wife of Archie S. Thompson, died at her home, No. 716 Walnut street, Edgewood park, last night. Mrs. Thompson was a daughter of the late Griffith Owen of Indiana, Pa., and lived here until 12 years ago, when she removed to Wilkinsburg. She was a member of the First United Presbyterian church. Besides her husband, one son, Councilman Samuel H. Thompson of Wilkinsburg, and three daughters, Mrs. Clarence Repp of Greenfield; Mrs. D. E. Clowes of Indiana, Pa., and Mrs. Frank Vestrit of Idaho, survive. Funeral services will be held at her late home at 1:30 o'clock Friday afternoon.

Elmer Artman.

Elmer Artman, aged 42, a former well-known workman at the Homestead steel works, died late Monday night at the county home at Woodville. Shortly before the big strike of 1892 Artman had his skull fractured by being struck on the head by a heavy chain while at work. He recovered, but his reason was gone. He is survived by his widow and three children; also by his father, Israel Artman of New Kensington; four brothers, Frank of Homestead; Charles of Armstrong county; James of Freeport, Ill.; David of Vandergrift, and two sisters, Mrs. Mary Welsh of Leechburg and Mrs. Emma Willats of New Kensington.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. Bessie Reynulls, aged 23, wife of Charles Reynulls, is dead of fever at her late home in Corey avenue, Braddock. She was a former resident of Waynesboro, Pa.

Word has been received at New Castle, Pa., of the death at Seattle of Henry Neidig, formerly of Lawrence county, Pa. He contributed many articles upon geological topics for various Pittsburgh papers and was considered an authority upon prehistoric formations, especially in Western Pennsylvania. He was 62 years old and widely known throughout the state.

Mrs. Mary Willis Pierce, wife of DeLos Pierce, for many years a prominent hotelkeeper of New Castle, Pa., died yesterday at Greenville, Pa., where the family has been residing some time. Mrs. Pierce was in her 70th year. She is survived by her husband and two children, Charles D

MRS. PHIPPS GETS CARE OF CHILDREN

Pending a Settlement, the Two Little Daughters Will Reside at Grandview.

CONFERENCES ARE NOT ENDED

Efforts of the attorneys to prevent a court arraignment of the family troubles of Lawrence C. Phipps and his wife have so far failed utterly. After four days' of argument a compromise has not been reached. Mrs. Phipps having declared: "My terms or a trial."

She is reported to have drawn the first blood, however, when Mr. Phipps yesterday consented to allow her the temporary custody of Dorothy and Helen, who are now in Denver in the care of agents of their father. It was learned last evening that arrangements are being made at the Phipps residence, Grandview, for the early reception of the children.

It is asserted that a settlement could have been reached yesterday had Mrs. Phipps not taken such a determined stand. The question of money has been indirectly discussed by the attorneys for both sides, but the contention which seems most to concern Mrs. Phipps is the possession of her children and a complete vindication of the charges made against her by Lawrence C. Phipps in his suit for divorce. Her attorneys have advised her to act cautiously and on Monday are said to have advised her to settle out of court.

Does Not Agree With Attorneys.

This is said to have caused her to take issue with her attorneys, Judge Platt Rodgers of Denver and James S. Young, United States district attorney, and as a result of the friction she is said to have hinted that additional counsel should be engaged.

Judge Rodgers and Attorney Young left here last night at 10 o'clock for Philadelphia, where it is understood, they will meet a well-known attorney today. If the assistance of the third attorney proves of no avail, then it is said immediate steps will be taken to answer the charges of the suit and apply for a change of venue.

As to the outcome of the conferences neither the attorneys nor principals would say anything yesterday. Judge Platt and Attorney Young were early in conference in the latter's office in the Frick building. About 2 o'clock they met ex-Judge J. H. Reed, Mr. Phipps and his counsel, Gerald Hughes, of Denver. This conference was held in the offices of Reed, Smith, Shaw & Beal, Carnegie building.

Mr. Phipps, dressed in a modest suit of blue and a Panama hat, left the building with his attorney and proceeded to the Duquesne club. He was seen at the latter place and asked:

Phipps Would Not Talk.

"Won't you consent to make a settlement?"

He flushed as he replied with some passion:

"Certainly not. We have said nothing yet and intend saying nothing."

"Then has there been a settlement?"

Without replying Mr. Phipps wheeled about and walked off. His attorney also refused to talk.

Judge Platt later said: "It is astonishing to me how anyone can pick up the straggling ends of a thing and weave a story out of the whole. As to what we are doing there has been nothing said and I think we will stick to this policy."

He was asked if he was going east on the Phipps case and replied that he preferred not to answer.

"Do you expect to stop here on your way back?" he was asked.

He said that he did not.

Concerning a reported basis for settlement Attorney Young said:

"We know nothing of it. It is a surprise to us."

"Has a settlement been reached?" he was asked.

"I know nothing of that," he replied. "Will the case come to trial?"

His answer was the same.

P. C. Knox May Take a Hand.

"Will Attorney General Knox be called into the case?" was asked.

Attorney Young replied:

"He may."

Before leaving last night he would not say who he would meet in Philadelphia today.

"Do you go in the interest of Mrs. Phipps?"

"Partly," was the response.

When asked if his client was still in the city, he said that she was and he saw no reason for her leaving. Attorney Young said he would return here about Thursday, when it is likely more meetings will be held. Mrs. Phipps he said, would go to Denver without stopping off here.

It was reported that Mrs. Phipps was in confidence with her attorneys downtown during the afternoon, but Attorney Young denied this. She was absent from Grandview, however, the greater part of the afternoon, returning home about 6:30 o'clock. At that time she is alleged to have remarked with some impatience:

"No settlement yet."

About 8 o'clock a reporter for The Gazette called at the residence. An elderly lady answered the call. She declared that Mrs. Phipps was not in, but that she had not left the city nor would she leave during the night. She left the impression that Mrs. Phipps is fairly well satisfied.

Mrs. Phipps' Aunt Talks.

"I am Mrs. Phipps' aunt, Mrs. J. H. Chandler," said the lady in response to a question. "While she is not my daughter I consider her such, as I brought her up. Her mother died when she was quite young."

She was shown a number of newspaper clippings.

"I really can't read them and I won't open the door (a screen door) to do so."

When told they related to a settlement, she replied:

"There is no truth in them. Mrs. Phipps gets all of the papers and it isn't necessary for me to show her these clippings at this time. They are false and that's all there is to it."

Mrs. Chandler is the favorite aunt of Mrs. Phipps and usually accompanies her on all journeys. She was present at the Hotel Netherlands at the time of the taking of the two little girls by Mr. Phipps, but, like her niece, was taken unawares.

Mr. Phipps spent little time at the Duquesne club yesterday. He was in conference with ex-Judge J. H. Reed for several hours and held several long talks with his attorney. About 6:30 o'clock Gerald Hughes of Denver, the lawyer who accompanied Mr. Phipps to Pittsburgh on Saturday morning, registered off at the club and left with his luggage. It is believed that he returned to Denver on the 7:30 Ft. Wayne train.

More Conferences Are Necessary.

The report got out that Mr. Phipps had gone to Cleveland, but this was not true, as he returned to the club about 10:30 o'clock and retired at once.

Those in a position to know say that more conferences will have to be held before a compromise is effected. Mrs. Phipps is the main obstacle in the way of a speedy settlement and a very difficult one she is to remove. Her attorneys have attempted in vain to convince her of her error in wanting a court trial, but she is for having her terms agreed to or letting the case in court. She will agree to no arrangement, so it is said, whereby she does not get final and complete possession of her two daughters. It is asserted that as to the money stipulation, she can successfully combat the attempt of Mr. Phipps to get from her control of certain bonds and stocks and properties and that the court will adjudge her a handsome income in addition.

Allegheny's Fourth Fund Grows.

The following contributions have been added to the Allegheny Fourth of July fund: J. B. Sipe & Co., $10; William Young, Sr., $10; Mrs. M. Schwabthaler, $5; Louis Hack, $5; John Flaherty, $5; Frank S. Deirhard, $10; Hugh Morgan, 35; George A. Young, $5; C. Feirhie, $5; E. P. Kohler, $5; Fred Teehume, $10; Kennedy & White, $5; Carnegie Steel Company, Allegheny, $10; William Harris & Sons, $5; National Casket Company, $5; N. H. Yant & Co., $10; Alex McClure Box Company, $5; Pittsburgh Clay Pot Company, $5; W. J. Hamill, $5; J. A. Beck Salt Company, $5; Keystone Laundry Company, $5; Aubrie Iron works, $5; W. F. Trimble Song Company, $5; cash under $5, $143.50. Previously reported, $2,356.75. Total, $2,657.25.

LABOR CARNIVAL CLOSES ITS DOORS

John S. Berger, Manager of the Show, Cannot Be Found by Scores of Creditors.

PERFORMERS ARE STRANDED

The United Labor League carnival, at which two performances have been given each day since June 11 at Recreation park, Allegheny, has closed its doors, and John S. Berger, or, as he calls himself, the "Berger Exposition Company," has disappeared. Scores of people to whom Berger owes money are anxiously seeking him, and many of these who were part of his big show are wondering how they are going to get back home. Starvation seems staring some of them in the face, and had Berger been in the vicinity of the carnival grounds last night it is likely he would have suffered bodily injury.

When the carnival opened it was advertised to run two weeks. Berger disappeared after the performance late Monday night and yesterday the gates of the grounds were closed. Outside stood groups of disappointed creditors, each having a bill either for goods or services rendered. On the broad veranda of 918 Western avenue sat a troup of disconsolate ballet girls, vainly endeavoring to solve the problem of how to settle board bills with nothing in their pockets. In boarding houses and hotels others who have been attracting crowds to the big aerodrome for more than a week were making the same calculation.

Searching for Manager Berger.

Meanwhile others were searching the two cities for some trace of Berger, who seems to be the only person who has reaped any financial harvest from the carnival.

The members of the carnival committee of the United Labor league, headed by William Boate, president of the league, had possession of Berger's office last night, but had nothing to show to impatient creditors but a typewriter and a few camp stools. If possible, the labor leaders will manage the show until Saturday night, that the performers may get enough out of the receipts to buy railroad tickets to more familiar locations. Whether or not they can do this without assuming the liabilities of Berger is something they had not learned last night. This possibility was worrying them, and until the committee has received legal advice the show will not be opened.

"We are in the hole for about $3,000," said Thomas Blackburn, secretary of the committee, "but this is not causing us half the worry as the thought that these performers are stranded here and apparently without hope of getting away unless they walk. To me the situation is simply this: Berger started this carnival without a cent. We did not know this and must acknowledge that we were badly fooled. From what we can learn, most of the performers have received nothing, and those that were paid got a small proportion of what was due them.

"No blame can be attached to the United Labor league, for the contracts were made by Berger. Our organization was to get 10 per cent of the gross receipts. We got nothing, and that's all we will get. Our purpose now is to run the show through this week and give the performers their money. If we can do this without assuming Berger's debts we shall, but if all his debts are left to us in case we try to open the show, then we must declare ourselves done with it. We shall know in the morning our position."

The troubles of Mr. Berger started the night after the opening of the carnival. He was arrested for disorderly conduct by Lieut. Dickson in a Chinese restaurant in Craig street, First ward. Then John Brown and Walter M. Wise brought suits before Alderman McGovern charging Berger with false pretense. Each had contracted with Berger for the merry-go-round concession, with the condition that there was to be but one carousel. The privilege cost each man $100, and when Johnny Gray's flying horses had been duped the suits were entered. One was withdrawn yesterday and the other is scheduled to be heard today before Alderman McGovern.

Berger's Many Troubles.

As Berger is under $300 bail for his appearance, he will either forfeit this or face an angry mob of those to whom he owes money. On Monday Dr. R. C. Craig entered suit against Berger to recover $90 for medical services. The case was taken to Alderman Schellman of Allegheny. Three other suits for wages were settled before Schellman on Monday. This morning Policemen Beck, Robinson, Knable, Coleman and Falck will bring suit before Alderman Abernathey to recover wages due them for the days they have been on duty at the carnival grounds.

The Munn Lumber Company has $1,200 worth of lumber in the carnival grounds that has not been paid for. Advertising agents and members of printing firms were at the grounds last night with bills and stood about in the rain, accepting with poor grace the consolation offered them by the labor league committee.

On Monday night Berger struck Mrs. Elizabeth Humphreys with a heavy cane and dislocated her knee-cap. She is in the Allegheny General hospital. According to those who saw this, Berger was trying to punish some small boys who were in his path, and in swinging the cane missed the boys and hit the woman. She was with her husband. The pain caused her to faint and it was more than an hour before she revived.

Before the Monday night performance W. S. Todd's Mexican band refused to play until they received what was due them. During the day they had been given a check that they declared was valueless. They were prevailed upon to continue by the labor league committee, but did not appear at the grounds yesterday.

The Japanese dancing troupe of 18 girls, headed by Mlle. Rose Edith, were discharged on Monday night, although they had contracted for a two weeks' engagement.

Mrs. Marsh, wife of Marvelous Marsh, the bicycle rider and diver, who sold tickets at the door of the aerodrome, is said to have lost patience on Monday night and kept the money she took for tickets, amounting to about $50. Marsh and his wife were still in Allegheny last night.

Perhaps the most bitter of those who sought Berger last night was Tony Castalino, who loops-the-loop on a bicycle. Castalino declares that Berger owes him over $400 for wages, and that if he does not get the money he will get satisfaction in another way, the first time he meets Berger.

The members of the carnival committee of the United Labor league said last night that some statement would be made to the public today regarding the possible continuation of the carnival.

HUNGARIANS HELD UP.

They Say They Were Beaten and Robbed by Two Americans.

Wakum Hadrading and his uncle, Valentine Hadrading, Hungarians, appeared at the police station, McKeesport, last evening with faces cut and bruised. They said they had started for Clairton early in the afternoon and had stopped at a saloon in McKeesport, where they met two Americans. They asked the Americans the best way to reach Clairton, and the latter volunteered to guide them.

The four started out, crossing the bridge from the Tenth ward, McKeesport, to Dravosburg. When they had reached a point well outside of Dravosburg the two Americans suddenly turned on the Hungarians, beating them about the head, taking $20 from Wakum Hadrading and $53 from the older man, and then fled.

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SOME PROBLEMS FOR MR. BIGELOW

Citizens Leaders Find Difficulties Standing in the Way of a Fall Fusion Ticket.

MANY DEMOCRATS CHARY

Whether to nominate candidates for the legislature this fall or to continue to prosecute their scheme to capture the Republican organization, was the subject of a conference of the leaders of the Citizens party yesterday. That this was the object of the meeting was not confessed by Murry A. Verner. On the contrary, he said it was to devise means for raising the money to defray the cost of the approaching bond election, but he did not explain why a debate on that question should require the presence of Mayor Wyman of Allegheny. The mayor was there, as were Murry A. Verner, Thomas S. Bigelow, Mayor Hays, Director Bigelow, Director Clark and Director Moore; County Treasurer Collingwood, County Controller Cunningham and County Recorder O'Neill. The conference was held in Director Moore's office, and the participants talked three hours, from 9:30 a. m. until 12:30 p. m.

It is an open secret that the Citizens leaders despair of securing control of the Republican organization by their original plan of placing friends of the ward leaders on the payroll, expecting thereby to secure the friendship of the primary election boards. To preserve their own organization it might be necessary to put up a ticket this fall, some of the leaders thought.

Of course, the co-operation of the Democrats would be necessary to give Citizens candidates any chance at all to be elected, but ordinarily the Democrats would want several representatives on the legislative ticket, and the Citizens leaders know that it would be bad policy to father in a presidential campaign year a ticket containing the names of Democrats as candidates for a legislature which is to elect a United States senator.

It is pretty well authenticated that Col. James M. Guffey is averse to a fusion movement, as it would seem somewhat illogical for a Democrat to advocate the election of Republican legislators. William J. Brennen, Col. Guffey's lieutenant in this county, is, his friends say, unalterably opposed to a fusion movement at this time on general principles, and because experience has shown that the average Democrat voting a fusion ticket marks his cross in the column of the allied party, instead of the Democratic column, thus reducing the official Democratic vote.

It is pointed out, however, that Clark, the Democratic city chairman, seems to be easily swayed by the persuasive logic of Thomas S. Bigelow, and, it is believed, he will be for a fusion ticket if Mr. Bigelow decides there ought to be one. Clark is strong in Democratic councils when Col. Guffey keeps his hands off, and it has been the colonel's policy not to interfere with county leaders, thereby preserving their allegiance to himself as state leader. It is predicted that this time Col. Guffey will put his foot down and stamp out any scheme for a Democratic-Citizens fusion movement, and that the Democrats on the county and city payroll opposed to him will have but little influence in furthering a combination of Citizens and Democrats.

GRADUATES GET DIPLOMAS.

Closing Exercises Last Night by Pupils of Avalon High School.

The graduating exercises of the Avalon High school were held last evening in the Presbyterian church of that suburb, which was decorated with palms and flowers and the class colors. The members of the graduating class occupied seats on the platform, while seats in the front of the auditorium were reserved for members of the school and their friends.

The Rev. Dr. N. H. Holmes offered the invocation. The exercises included: Class history, Miss Elizabeth Buckley; oration, William Jacobs; class poem, Miss Mary Johnston; essay, Miss Grace Armstrong; donor, Miss Mary Barbour; oration, Roland Armstrong; declamation, Miss Frances Crick; oration, Frank Bowery; class prophecy, Miss Alice Johnston; oration, Hulton Brown; "Garlands of Hope," Miss Helen B. Owen; valedictory, Miss Rhea Monfort. The diplomas were presented by Alexander M. Hamilton, president of the school board. Music was furnished by the Avalon orchestra and a male quartet. The benediction was pronounced by the Rev. C. B. Tehan.

Wilson W. Graham Dead.

BUTLER, PA., June 21.—(Special.)—Wilson W. Graham died here today, aged 70. He was an elder in Shiloh United Presbyterian church until his removal to Butler from his farm. He was a brother of James H. Graham of Allegheny; Thomas Graham, Esq., of Mohardt, and Mrs. William Kennedy, of Penn township, Butler county, Pa.

ALEXANDER DODDS.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following marriage licenses were issued yesterday:

Emil Burcik	Pittsburgh
Martha Dornsal	Pittsburgh
Jonathan Phillips	Corsopolis
Anna M. Neely	Corsopolis
William Draher	Allegheny
Sadie Crilley	Pittsburgh
Thomas Gallagher	Pittsburgh
Bridget Harrington	Pittsburgh
Charles L. Peters	Pittsburgh
Irene M. S. Schwartz	Pittsburgh
Frank A. Kilgour	Braddock
Mary L. Davis	Braddock
Charles P. Kress	Millvale
Clara E. Schuck	Millvale
Richard Schrenian	Millvale
Emma Fromm	Millvale
John L. Marsch, Jr.	Pittsburgh
Clara Jones	Pittsburgh
James A. Carey	Jeannette
Alice Parker	Jeannette
Thomas M. Hathaway	Brackenridge
Ella R. Kennedy	Natrona
David M. Bateman	Pittsburgh
Margaret Hesslins	Pittsburgh
George J. Vogel, Jr.	Allegheny
Mabel C. Steen	Allegheny
Thomas J. Coulehan	Knoxville
Mary A. Walsh	Knoxville
John H. Graham	Braddock
Gertrude M. Jones	Braddock
Henry J. Schippacker	McKees Rocks
Elsie G. Cobbett	McKees Rocks
Charles W. Wise	Pittsburgh
Ellen Kenney	Pittsburgh
Florence H. Williams	Allegheny
Clara B. Gould	Pittsburgh
Leo J. McDonnell	Altoona
Estella W. McCluskey	Pittsburgh
William F. Cobbett	McKees Rocks
Stella M. Quinn	Pittsburgh
Charles E. Nendorfer	Pittsburgh
Annie L. Flisker	Pittsburgh
Joseph Hammerle	Allegheny
Anna Eppelein	Allegheny
Frank Klein	Donora
Dorothea Voskuhl	Pittsburgh
Clarence C. Spencer	McKees Rocks
H. May Ickes	Allegheny
Wilbert R. Cobb	Etna
Bessie Cubbs	Etna
John Burke	Pittsburgh
Catherine Joyce	Pittsburgh
John Eurich	Allegheny
Lizzie Scheets	Pittsburgh
Cassius M. Knapp	Pittsburgh
Annie B. Wolfrom	Pittsburgh
Boyd Hubner	Pittsburgh
Cecelia M. Cambridge	Pittsburgh
M. J. Scanlon	Pittsburgh
Elizabeth M. Barrett	Pittsburgh
M. C. Randolph	Sheraden
Annie M. O'Brien	Pittsburgh
Edward Groener	Pittsburgh
Geneva Liebler	Pittsburgh
George S. Kedar	Allegheny
Christina Ferris	Allegheny
Ernest A. Wilie	Pittsburgh
Augusta A. Meyer	Allegheny
Paul A. Sorg	Middletown, O.
Grace W. Aull	Pittsburgh
Walter R. Kneeland	Allegheny
Laura Rice	Allegheny
Harry Cornell	Niagara Falls, N. Y.
Edith Curlett	Allegheny
Lewis W. Grent	McKees Rocks
Tralena Davis	McKees Rocks

POSTAL CLERKS GET MORE MONEY

Salaries of Men Employed in Pittsburgh and Vicinity Given a Raise.

OFFICE FORCES INCREASED

[The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau. Room 10, Postal Building. WASHINGTON, D. C., June 21.

The postoffice department today made public a list of increases and promotions in the clerical force of the first and second class postoffices throughout the country to become effective July 1. Pittsburgh gets 12 additional clerks at a salary of $500 each and Allegheny two at a salary of $600 each. East Pittsburgh, Homestead, Duquesne, Larentum, McKeesport and Canonsburg and Uniontown get one additional clerk each. These promotions were announced:

Pittsburgh—Nineteen from $600 to $700; 13 from $70 0to $800; 11 from $800 to $900; five from $900 to $1,000; three from $1,000 to $1,100; two from $1,100 to $1,200; one from $1,200 to $1,300; one from $1,400 to $1,500; one from $2,000 to $2,300.

Allegheny—Two from $600 to $700; three from $700 to $800; two from $800 to $900; one from $900 to $1,000.

Beaver Falls—One from $600 to $700; one from $700 to $800.

Braddock—Two from $600 to $700; one from $700 to $800.

Butler—One from $600 to $700; one from $800 to $1,000.

Cannonsburg—Two from $500 to $600.

Charleroi—One from $500 to $600.

Connellsville—One from $600 to $700; one from $700 to $800.

Coraopolis—One from $400 to $500.

Duquesne—One additional at $400.

East Pittsburgh—One from $600 to $700.

Ellwood City—One from $500 to $600.

Homestead—Three from $500 to $600.

Indiana—One from $700 to $800; one from $800 to $900.

Jeannette—One from $500 to $600.

Kittanning—One from $600 to $700.

Latrobe—One from $400 to $500; one from $500 to $600.

McKeesport—Two from $500 to $600; two from $600 to $700; two from $800 to $900.

Monessen—Two from $500 to $600.

Monongahela—Two from $500 to $600.

New Brighton—One from $500 to $600; one from $700 to $800.

New Castle—One from $500 to $600; one from $600 to $700; one from $700 to $800; one from $900 to $1,000.

Sewickley—One from $600 to $700.

Sharon—Two from $600 to $700.

Sharpsburg—Two from $600 to $700.

Tarentum—One from $500 to $600.

Uniontown—One from $600 to $700.

Vandergrift—One from $600 to $700.

Washington—One from $500 to $600; one from $600 to $700; one from $700 to $800; one from $800 to $900; one from $900 to $1,000; one from $1,000 to $1,100.

TIMES SEEM IMPROVED, SAYS SCHWAB ON RETURN

Arrives In New York on Kronprinz After His Shortest Visit to Europe.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 21.—Charles M. Schwab arrived today on the Kronprinz after a three weeks' absence, the shortest trip to Europe he has ever made.

Asked whether the report was true that he was going to be president of the United States Shipbuilding Company, Mr. Schwab pooh-poohed the idea.

"Why, I have not even thought of it, and it has not been suggested," he said.

The reorganization is still going on, and the presidency is a matter for the board to decide. Mr. Schwab felt optimistic as the Kronprinz came up the bay.

"Why things look improved now," he replied to a question whether he looked for an early improvement. "They will get better all the time now, and after the election everything is bound to be all right. There appears to be a great deal of prosperity on the other side, though England seems to be a bit sore because American securities have not been paying as well as they used to."

Mr. Schwab said that, while in England, steps were taken by him and Mr. Duntley to reorganize the English pneumatic tool concern, which is controlled by the Chicago Pneumatic Tool Company. He said he was going immediately to his home in Loretto, Pa.

ALEXANDER DODDS.

No cracking and blistering if you use the LAWRENCE Paint—just try it.

DEATHS.

ARMSTRONG—On Tuesday, June 21, 1904, ALLEN BROWN, son of James and Mary Armstrong (nee McCoy), aged 15 years and 8 days.

Funeral services will be held at the parents' residence, New Texas, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, on Thursday, June 23, at 11 a. m. Interment at New Texas. [Wheeling and Moundsville (W. Va.) papers please copy.]

BULLING—On Tuesday, June 21, 1904, at 2:30 p. m., SUSANNA BULLING.

Funeral from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Edwin Carroll, 3502 Butler street, on Thursday, June 23, 1904, at 9 a. m. Requiem high mass at St. John's church, Thirty-sixth street and Liberty avenue, at 9:30 a. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

[Canfield (O.) papers please copy.]

GRAHAM—On Tuesday, June 21, 1904, at 1 a. m., WILSON W. GRAHAM, aged 60 years and 10 months.

Funeral services will be held at his late residence, Butler, Pa., on Thursday, June 23, at 2 p. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

IMBRIE—On Monday, June 20, 1904, at his residence in Beaver, ROBERT S. IMBRIE, 75 years old.

Funeral services at his late residence in Beaver, Wednesday, at 2:30 p. m. Interment private.

JOHNSON—On Tuesday morning, June 21, 1904, at 5 o'clock, at the residence of her niece Mrs. S. A. Parr, 3309 Madison avenue, MARY J. JOHNSON.

Funeral services Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private later.

LARE—On Monday, June 20, 1904, at 12:40 a. m., EDWIN LARE.

Funeral services at his late residence, 715 Washington street, Allegheny, on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

PEPPER—On Monday, June 20, 1904, at 4 a. m., SARAH, wife of John W. Pepper (nee Malcolm).

Funeral from the family residence in McCandless township, on Wednesday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Services at Cross Roads church at 2:30 p. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

SERRILL—In Buffalo, on Tuesday afternoon, at 5:40 o'clock, MRS. ELLEN MOWRY SERRILL, wife of the late James P. Serrill of Darby, Pa.

Funeral services from the residence of her son-in-law, Samuel B. Griffith, 6351 Howe street, Pittsburgh, Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment at Darby.

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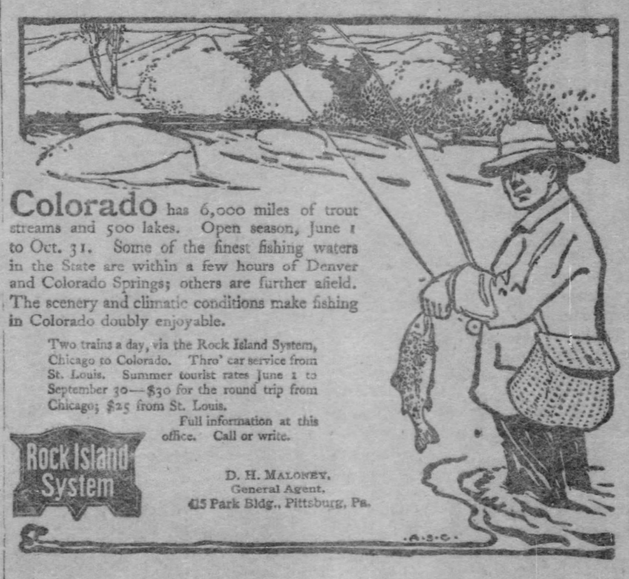

Colorado has 6,000 miles of trout streams and 500 lakes. Open season, June 1 to Oct. 31. Some of the finest fishing waters in the State are within a few hours of Denver and Colorado Springs; others are further afield. The scenery and climatic conditions make fishing in Colorado doubly enjoyable.

Two trains a day, via the Rock Island System, Chicago to Colorado. Thro' car service from St. Louis. Summer tourist rates June 1 to September 30—$30 for the round trip from Chicago; $25 from St. Louis.

Full information at this office. Call or write.

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B. & B.

There's two ways of running a big store successfully.

One is to keep whooping things up in the paper all the time to get the people into the store under any pretense, and then get what you can out of them, and not care whether you ever see them again or not.

The other is to do it on a large and liberal scale as to assortments and prices and do it quietly, with the dignity that people expect in a stable institution.

To provide h[ere] only the best of everything desirable and reliable—price it fairly and still retain an interest in the article and the purchaser until satisfaction is assured.

Success sometimes means one thing, and again something entirely different.

To make money is not all of success, is it?

B. & B.

NOTE THIS

We've been looking at Ladies' Coat Suits for Fall.

Find mighty little difference between what's to come and what we've got.

What we have are marked down ridiculously.

$18.50 to $25.00 Suits, $ 7.50
$25.00 to $28.50 Suits, $12.50
$35.00 to $40.00 Suits, $18.50

In this store anything marked down stays down till sold.

Candidly, we wish now we hadn't marked them down, but we thought there would be great changes, and these would better be sold.

It's your inning.

B. & B.

CHAMPAGNE OXFORDS

can't be produced satisfactorily with ordinary leather.

It's got to be extra fine, and the extra fine costs more.

Makes the Shoes cost so much that Stores get $6.00 for them.

It was a mighty tight proposition for us to get them down to $5.00, but that's what we did.

Ladies' Fine Champagne Oxfords, $5.00.

Ladies' Tan Oxfords, $2.50 to $6.00.

Black, $1.50 to $6.00.

If you'll look at the Black Oxfords at $2.50 and the Tans at $3.00, that's all that will be needed to convince you we're giving you an abundance of Shoe merit—far beyond usual.

Ladies' White and Black Canvas Tennis Shoes, $1.00—Oxfords, 90c.

Men's $1.00 and $1.25.

Ladies' White Duck hand-made Tennis Oxfords, $3.50.

Buckskin Golf Oxfords—Men's and Women's, $5.00.

Men's Low Cut Shoes—Tan and Black, $3.50 to $5.50.

Whether five's the price you feel like paying, or only $3.50, come and let us show you what better Shoes you can get for it.

B. & B.

STATIONERY DEPARTMENT

has a splendid and appreciable special today.

Kid and Satin Finish Superfine Paper—60 sheets and 50 envelopes in a box, 25c—worth as much more.

Large lot 25-cent Oval Ebony, Gold and Oxidized Photo Frames, 18c each—3 for 50c—3 sizes.

Dollar Square Cabinet Frames, 50c—guaranteed French Gold Plate that won't tarnish.

All kinds of fine Engraving done for small profit prices.

Business, Visiting and Professional Cards, Invitations, Menus, etc.

Monogram Stationery at low prices—selling a great deal now to people going to their summer homes.

Remember we sell 100 shaded Old English Visiting Cards for $2.50—and that two-fifty is a Dollar less than elsewhere.

BOGGS & BUHL, Allegheny.

B. & B.

MILLINERY ROOM

being cleared—doesn't mean there's no new things coming in—they are—every day—from other high sources, and our own work rooms—not quantities, but numbers of choice things.

We're selling out the others—all Millinery that's been occupying cases what we think is too long.

They're the kind being sacrificed, and it's being done effectually.

Case in the French room of fine models and our own early Hats that were $10.00 to $20.00 priced $5.00 today—any Hat in the entire case.

Other Trimmed Hats that were $2.50 to $5.00, for $1.00
Five to $8.00 ones, $2.50
Six-fifty to Ten Dollar ones, $3.50

Untrimmed Shapes that were 75c to $1.50, for 15c
Dollar to $2.50 ones, 25c
Two to $3.00 ones, 50c—better, far better, untrimmed Hats than you'll expect—better braids—better styles.

Handsome new White Hats—charming things for immediate wear, $5.00 and $6.00.

New fine high-class Dressy Hats, $10.00, $12.50, $15.00 and $18.00.

Making a feature today of Children's Millinery Trimmed Hats—pretty things, $2.00.

Prodigious showing of handsome French Novelty Ribbons for making the fashionable girdles, sashes and hair and neck bows at prices to save buyers money.

BOGGS & BUHL, Allegheny.

It's the quickest way to REACH anywhere—
AND THEN YOU DON'T HAVE TO WAIT FOR AN ANSWER.
The great beauty of communicating by BELL TELEPHONE.
THE C. D. & P. TEL. CO.
Call up 3600 Grant; ask for Contract Dept., Tel. Bldg., Seventh Ave.
EVERYWHERE

MANUFACTURERS.

OLIVER Iron & Steel Company,
ESTABLISHED 1863.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Soft Welding Steel and Iron.
Bolts for Railways, Wagons and Agricultural Implements.
Telegraph and Telephone Pole Supplies.
General Offices at
SOUTH TENTH STREET WORKS,
PITTSBURGH.

AMUSEMENTS.

NIXON—FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 24.
ELKS MAMMOTH MINSTRELS
—BENEFIT—
STR. SLOCUM SUFFERERS.
Tickets $1.00. On sale at Box Office Thursday and Friday.

B. F. Keith's Bijou Bar. Mat. Mon., Wed. and Sat. Best Reserved Seats 25c and 50c. This Week
THE ROAD TO RUIN.
With Joe Gans and Amateur Boxing Tournament. Next week—The Bowery After Dark and Terry McGovern.

AVENUE—Continuous Vaudeville.—1:30 to 10:30
THIS WEEK | Rossow Midgets, Edwin Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Drew, Zob & Zarrow Troupe
15—REFINED ACTS—15

KENNYWOOD—The Aerial Leonas. Steeplechase—Vaudeville.
The Big Dixie Troubadours and Four Acts SOUTHERN

REPUBLICANISM, GREAT IN IDEALS AND GRAND IN ITS ACHIEVEMENTS

Elihu Root Sounds Campaign Keynote at the Republican National Convention.

SAFE GUIDANCE OF NATION

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, June 21.—Former Secretary of War Elihu Root in assuming the temporary chairmanship of the Republican national convention today, sounded the keynote of the campaign. He spoke as follows:

The responsibility of government rests upon the Republican party. The complicated machinery through which the 80,000,000 people of the United States govern themselves, answers to no single will. The composite government devised by the framers of the Constitution to meet the conditions of national life more than a century ago, responds to the daily cooperation of many minds, the combination of many independent factors, in every forward step for the general welfare.

The president at Washington with his cabinet, the 90 senators representing 45 sovereign states, the 386 representatives in congress—are required to reach concurrent action upon a multitude of questions involving varied and conflicting interests and requiring investigation, information, consideration and comparison of views. From all our vast territory with its varieties of climate and industry, from all our great population, active in production and commerce, and social progress and intellectual and moral life to a degree never before attained by any people,—difficult problems press upon the national government.

Within the past five years more than 65,000 bills have been introduced in congress. Some method of selection must be found. There must be some preliminary process to ascertain the general tenor of public judgment upon the principles to be applied in government, and some sort of test of the relative strength of leadership which shall bring a legislative majority and the executive into accord in the practical application of those principles, or effective government becomes impossible.

Record a Proud One.

The practical governing instinct of our people has adapted the machinery devised in the eighteenth to the conditions of the twentieth century. The organization of the great political parties. In them men join for the promotion of a few cardinal principles upon which they agree. For the sake of those principles they lay aside their differences upon less important questions. To represent those principles and to carry on the government in accordance with them, they present to the people candidates whose competency and loyalty they approve. The people by their choice of candidates indicate the principles and methods which they wish followed in the conduct of their government. They do not merely choose between men; they choose between parties—between the principles they profess, the methods they follow, the trustworthiness of their professions, the inferences to be fairly drawn from the records of their past, the general weight of character of the body of men who will be brought into participation in government by their success.

When the course of the next administration is but half done the Republican party will have completed the first half century of its national life. Of the seven administrations since the election of Abraham Lincoln, nine—covering a period of 36 years—have been under Republican presidents. For the greater part of that time, the majority in each house of congress has been Republican. Nations the most parallel in any age or country for the growth in national greatness and power and honor, the wide diffusion of the comforts of life, the uplifting of the great mass of the people above the land conditions of poverty, the common opportunity for education and individual advancement, the universal possession of civil and religious liberty, the protection of property and security for the rewards of industry and enterprise, the cultivation of national morality, respect for religion, sympathy with humanity and love of liberty and justice, which have marked the life of the American people during this long period of Republican control.

Ask Renewed Faith

With the platform and the candidates of this convention, we are content to ask a renewed expression of popular confidence in the Republican party.

We shall ask it because the principles to which we declare our adherence are right, and in the interest of the general welfare require that they should be followed in its government.

We shall ask it because the unbroken record of the Republican party in the past is assurance of the sincerity of our declarations and the fidelity with which we shall give them effect. Because we have been constant to our promises, we are entitled to be believed and trusted now.

We shall ask it because the character of the party gives assurance of good government. A great political organization, competent to govern, is not a chance collection of individuals brought together for the moment as the shifting sands are piled up by wind and sea, to be swept away, to be formed and reformed again. It is a growth. Traditions and sentiments reaching down through struggles of years gone, and the stress and heat of old conflicts, and the leaders of other days passed away, and the ingrained habit of applying tried rules of interpretation and of thought—all give to a political party known and indelible qualities from which must follow in the deliberate judgment and ultimate action, like results for good or bad government. We do not deny that other parties have in their membership men of morality and patriotism; but we assert with confidence that above all others, by the influences which gave it birth and have maintained its life, by the causes for which it has striven, the ideals which it has followed, the Republican party as a party has acquired a character which makes its ascendancy the best guarantee of a government loyal to principle and effective in execution.

Party of Great Ideals.

Through it more than by other political organization, the moral sentiment of America finds expression. It cannot depart from the direction of its tendencies. From what it has been may be confidently said it has always been. Not all of us rise to its standard; not all of us are worthy of its glorious history; but as a whole this great political organization—the party of Lincoln and McKinley—advances only to work in the spirit of its past and in loyalty to great ideals.

We shall ask the continued confidence of the people because the candidates whom we present, men of proved ability and patriotism, are fitted to fill the offices for which they are nominated, to the credit and honor of our country.

We shall ask it because the present policies of our government are beneficial and ought not to be set aside, and the people's business is being well done, and ought not to be interfered with.

Have not the American people reason for satisfaction and pride in the conduct of their government since the election of 1900, when they rendered their judgment of approval upon the first administration of President McKinley? Have we not had an honest government? Have not the men selected for office been men of good character, whose whole past lives had given evidence that they were honest and competent? Can any private business be pointed out in which lapses from honesty have been so few and so trifling proportionately, as in the public service of the United States? And when they have occurred, have not the offenders been relentlessly prosecuted and sternly punished without regard to political or personal relations?

Some Pertinent Questions.

Have we not had an effective government? Have not the laws been enforced? Has not the slow process of legislative discussion upon many serious questions been brought to practical conclusions embodied in beneficial statutes? and has not the executive proceeded without vacillation or weakness to give these effects? Are not the laws of the United States obeyed at home and abroad in such a manner to command respect and honor throughout the world?

Have we not had a safe and conservative government? Has not property been protected? Are not the fruits of enterprise and industry secure? What safeguard of the Constitution for vested right or individual freedom has not been scrupulously observed? When has the American people moved more considerately and wisely with questions which might have been the cause of conflict with foreign powers? When have more just settlements been reached by peaceful means? When has the administration wielded a more powerful influence for peace? and when have we rested more secure in friendship with all mankind?

If our wars upon the business of the country was loaded with burdensome internal taxes imposed during the war with Spain. By the acts of March 2, 1901, and April 12, 1902, the country has been wholly relieved of that annual burden of $100,000,000, and the evil of further accumulation of a surplus which was constantly withdrawing the money of the country from circulation has been prevented by the reduction of taxation.

Revenue Enormous.

Between the 30th of June, 1900, and the 1st of June, 1904, our treasury department collected in revenues the enormous sum of $2,-262,000,000 and expended $2,054,000,000, leaving me with a surplus of over $170,000,000 after paying the $50,000,000 for the Panama canal and loaning $4,600,000 to the St. Louis exposition, including these two extraordinary payments, which are not to be counted in the surplus and not expenditures of current income, the surplus for this year will be the reasonable amount of about $12,000,000.

This vast and complicated transactions of the treasury, which for the last fiscal year show actual cash receipts of $4,250,200,282 and disbursements of $4,115,199,414, have been conducted with perfect accuracy and safety and without the loss of a dollar. Under wise management the financial act of March 14, 1900, which embodied the sound financial principles of the Republican party and provided for the maintenance of the currency on the arable basis of the gold standard, has wrought out beneficient results. On the 1st of November, 1899, the interest-bearing debt of the United States was $1,046,048,020. On the 1st of May last the amount of that debt was $895,157,440, a reduction of $150,891,580. By refunding, the annual interest has been still more rapidly reduced from $40,347,364 on the 1st of November, 1899, to $24,170,745 on the 1st of June, 1904, an annual saving of over $16,000,000. When the financial act was passed the thinly settled portions of our country were suffering for lack of banking facilities, and none of the banks were in the large towns, and none could be organized with a capital of less than $50,000. Under the provisions of that act, there were organized from the 1st of May last 1,296 small banks, of $25,000 capital, furnishing, under all the safeguards of the national banking system, facilities to the small communities of the west and south. The facilities made possible by that act have increased the circulation of national banks from $254,402,730 on the 14t of March, 1900, to $445,988,656 on the 1st of June, 1904.

Money Gains in Stability.

The money of the country in circulation has not only increased in amount with our growth in business, but it has steadily gained in the stability of its basis on which it rests. On the 1st of March, 1897, when the first administration of McKinley began, we had in the country, including bullion in the treasury, $1,-906,270,506. This was $23 14 per capita of our population, and of this 38.893 per cent was gold. On the 1st of March, 1901, when the second administration of McKinley began, the money in the country was $2,467,295,228. This was $28 81 per capita, and 40.573 per cent was gold. On the 1st of May last the money in the country was $2,814,985,446, which was $31 02 per capita, and of it 48.028 per cent was gold. This great increase of currency has been arranged in such a way that the large government notes in circulation are gold certificates, while the silver certificates and greenbacks are of small denominations. As these large gold certificates represent gold actually on deposit, their presentation at the treasury in exchange for gold can never infringe upon the gold reserve. As the small silver certificates and greenbacks are always in active circulation, no large amount of them can be accumulated for the purpose of drawing on the gold reserve; and thus, while every man can get a gold dollar for every silver dollar or government note, the endless chain which we were once taught to fear so much, has been effectively put out of business.

Treasury Department Active.

The secretary of the treasury has shown himself mindful of the needs of business and has so managed our finances as himself to expand and contract our currency as occasion required. He has exercised the banks were in the large towns, and none could be organized with a capital of less than $50,000. Under the provisions of that act, there were organized from the 1st of May last 1,296 small banks, of $25,000 capital, furnishing, under all the safeguards of the national banking system, facilities to the small communities of the west and south. The facilities made possible by that act have increased the circulation of national banks from $254,402,730 on the 14t of March, 1900, to $445,988,656 on the 1st of June, 1904.

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Treasury Department Active.

The secretary of the treasury has shown himself mindful of the needs of business and has so managed our finances as himself to expand and contract our currency as occasion required. He has exercised the discretion vested in him by congress and has deposited and withdrawn public moneys in banks in such sections of the country as the needs of business required. When in the fall of 1902 the demand for funds to move the crops caused extraordinary money stringency, the secretary exercised his lawful right to accept state and municipal bonds as security for public deposits, thus liberating United States bonds which were otherwise locked up in additional circulation. When the crops were moved and the stringency was over he called for a withdrawal of the state and municipal securities, and thus contracted the currency. Again, in 1903, under similar circumstances, he produced similar results. The payment of the $50,000,000 for the Panama canal made last month without causing the slightest disturbance in finance, showed good judgment and a careful consideration of the invests of business upon which our people may confidently rely.

Four years ago the regulation by law of the great corporate combinations called "trusts" stood substantially where it was when John Sherman anti-trust act of 1890 was passed. President Cleveland, in his last message of December, 1896, had said:

Though congress has attempted to deal with this matter by legislation, the laws passed for that purpose thus far have proved ineffective, not because of any lack of disposition or attempt to enforce them, but simply because the laws themselves as interpreted by the courts do not reach the difficulty. If the insufficiencies of existing laws can be remedied by further legislation, it should be done. The fact nevertheless is recognized however that all federal legislation on this subject may fall short of its purpose because of inherent obstacles and also because of the complex character of our governmental system which, while leaving federal authority supreme within its sphere, has carefully limited that sphere by metes and bounds that cannot be transgressed.

Solving Trust Question.

At every election, the regulation of trusts had been the foot-ball of campaign oratory and the subject of many insincere declarations. Our Republican administration has taken up the subject in a practical, sensible way as a business rather than a political question, saying what it really meant, and doing what lay at its hand to be done to accomplish effective regulations. The principles upon which the government proceeded were stated by the president in his message of December, 1902. He said:

A fundamental base of civilization is the inviolability of property; but this is in no wise inconsistent with the right of society to regulate the exercse of the artificial powers which it confers upon the owners of property, under the name of corporate franchises, in such a way as to prevent the misuse of these powers * * *

We can do nothing of good in the way of regulating and supervising these corporations until we distinctly bear in mind that we are not attacking the corporations, but endeavoring to do away with any evil in them. We are no hostile to them; we are merely determined that they shall be so handled as to subserve the public good. We draw the line against misconduct, not against wealth. * * *

In curbing and regulating the combinations of capital which are or may become injurious to the public we must be careful not to stop the great enterprises which have legitimately reduced the cost of production, not to abandon the place which our country has won in the industry of the International world, not to strike down wealth with the result of closing factories and mines, of turning the wage-worker idle in the streets and leaving the farmer without a market for what he grows. * * *

In Hands of Congress.

I believe that monopolies, unjust discriminations, which prevent or cripple competition, fraudulent over-capitalization, and other evils in trust organizations and practices which injuriously affect interstate trade, can be prevented under the power of congress to regulate commerce with foreign nations and among the several states through regulations and requirements operating directly upon such commerce, the instrumentalities thereof, and those engaged therein.

After long consideration, congress passed three practical statutes: on the 11th of February, 1903, an act to expedite hearings in suits in enforcement of the anti-trust act, on the 14th of February, 1903, the act creating a new department of commerce and labor with a bureau of corporations, having authority to secure systematic information regarding the organization and operation of corporations engaged in interstate commerce; and on the 19th of February, 1903, an act enlarging the powers of the interstate commerce commission and of the courts, to deal with secret rebates in transportation charges, which are the chief means by which the trusts crush out their smaller competitors.

Attorney General's Views.

The attorney general has gone on in the same practical way, not to talk about the trusts, but to proceed against the trusts by law for their regulation. In separate suits fourteen of the great railroads of the country have been restrained by injunction from giving illegal rebates to the favored shippers, who by means of them were driving out the smaller shippers and monopolizing the grain and meat business of the country. The beef trust was stopped under injunction. The officers of the railroads engaged in the cotton carrying pool, affecting all that great industry of the south, were indicted and have abandoned their combination.

The Northern Securities Company which undertook by combining in one ownership the capital stocks of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern railroads to end traffic competition in the northwest, has been destroyed by a vigorous prosecution expedited and brought to a speedy and effective conclusion in the supreme court under the act of February 11, 1903. The attorney general says:

"Here, then, are four phases of the attack on the combinations in restraint of trade and commerce—the railroad injunction suits, the cotton pool cases, the beef trust cases, and the Northern Securities case. The first relates to the monopoly produced by secret and unlawful rates for railroad transportation; the second to railroad traffic pooling; the third to a combination of independent corporations to fix and maintain extortionate prices for meats; and the fourth to a corporation organized to merge into itself the control of parallel and competing lines of railroad and to eliminate competition in their rates of transportation."

The right of the interstate commerce commission to compel the production of books and papers has been established by the judgment of the supreme court in a suit against the coal-carrying roads. Other suits have been brought and other indictments have been found and other trusts have been driven back within legal bounds. No investment in lawful business has been jeopardized, no fair and honest enterprise has been injured; but it is certain that wherever the constitutional power of the national government reaches, trusts are being practically regulated and curbed within lawful bounds and they never have been. Capital and the men of small capital are finding in the efficiency and skill of the national department of justice a protection they never had before against the crushing effect of unlawful combinations.

Public Domain Protected.

We have at last reached a point where the public wealth of farm land which has seemed so inexhaustible is nearly gone, and the problem of utilizing the remainder for the building of new homes has become of vital importance.

The present administration has dealt with this problem vigorously and effectively. Great areas have been unlawfully fenced in by men of large means, and the home-builder had been excluded. Many of these unlawful inclosures have been compelled to relinquish their booty, and more than 2,000,000 acres of land have been restored to the public. Extensive frauds in procuring grants of land, not for homesteads, but for speculation have been investigated and stopped, and the perpetrators have been indicted and are being actively prosecuted. A commission has been constituted to examine into the defective working of the existing laws and to suggest practical legislation to prevent further abuse. That commission has reported, and bills adequate for the remedying of these evils have been framed and are before congress. The further denudation of forest areas, producing alternate floods and dryness in our river valleys, has been arrested by the creation of forest reserves, which have been brought to aggregate more than 63,000,000 acres of land.

The reclamation by irrigation of the vast arid regions forming the chief part of our remaining public domain, has been provided for by the national reclamation law of June 17, 1902. The execution of this law, without taxation, and by the application of the proceeds of public land sales alone, through the construction of storage reservoirs for water, will make many millions of acres of fertile lands available for settlement. Over $20,000,000 from these sources have been already received to the credit of the reclamation fund. Over 33,-000,000 acres of public lands in 14 states and territories have been examined in the 59 projects which have been devised and are under examination, and on eight of these the work of actual construction has begun.

Postal Service Extended.

The postal service has been extended and improved. Its revenues have increased from $76,000,000 in 1895 to $95,000,000 in 1899, and $114,000,000 in 1904. In dealing with these vast sums, a few cases of peculation, trifling in amount and by subordinate officers, have occurred there as they occur in every business. Neither fear nor favor, nor political or personal influence has availed to protect the wrongdoers. Their acts have been detected, investigated, laid bare; they have been dismissed from their places, prosecuted criminally, indicted, many of them tried, and many of them convicted. The abuses in the carriage of second-class mail matter have been remedied. The rural free delivery has been widely extended. It is chiefly the creation of the republican administration, and the Democratic postmaster general declared it impracticable. The first administration of McKinley proved the contrary. At the beginning of the fiscal year 1900 there were 391 routes in operation. There are now more than 25,000 routes, bringing a daily mail service to more than 12,000,000 of our people in rural communities, enlarging the circulation of the newspaper and the magazine, cheapening the cost of mails and relieving the isolation of life on the farm.

The department of agriculture has been brought to a point of efficiency and practical benefit never before known. The tremendous increase of the work imposed by congress and the supreme court, and the act of July 1, 1902, to prevent the false branding of food and dairy products—protect farmers against fraudulent imitations. The act of February 2, 1903, enables the secretary of agriculture to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases of live stock. This is unquestionably now protected our cattle against infection from abroad, and has established the highest credit for our meat products in the markets of the world. The earth has been searched for weapons with which to fight the enemies that destroy the growing crops.

Fruit Growers Aided.

An insect brought from near the great wall of China has checked the San Jose scale which was destroying our orchards; a parasite fly brought from South Africa is exterminating the black scale in the lemon and orange groves of California; and an ant from Guatamala is about offering battle to the boll weevil. Broad science has been brought to the aid of limited experience. Study of the relations between plant life and climate and soil has been followed, by the introduction of special crops suited to our varied conditions. The introduction of just the right kind of seed has enabled the gulf states to increase our rice crop from 115,000,000 pounds in 1898 to 400,000,000 pounds in 1903, and to supply the entire American demand, which a few years ago we expect to import. The making of sugar beet has increased our annual production of beet sugar by over 200,000 tons. Seed brought from countries of little rainfall is producing sugar beets in Colorado and Utah, which a few years ago were deemed a hopeless part of the arid belt.

The systematic collection and publication of information regarding the magnitude and conditions of our crops, is mitigating the injury done by speculation to the farmer's market.

To increase the profit of the farmer's toil, to protect the farmer's product and extend his market, and to improve the conditions of the farmer's life; to advance the time when America shall raise within her own limits every product of the soil consumed by her people, as has been the case within but very limited necessary product of manufacture—these have been cardinal objects of Republican administration; and we show a record of practical things done on the line of accomplishment of these objects never before approached.

Pledge Kept With Cuba.

Four years ago we held the island of Cuba by military occupation. The opposition charged, and the people of Cuba believed that we did not intend to keep the pledge of April 20, 1898, that when the pacification of Cuba was accomplished we should leave the government and control of the island to its people. The new policy toward Cuba which should follow the fulfillment of that pledge was uniformed. During the four years it has been worked out, the people of the Philippine Islands, if these be not repressed and interrupted, the Philippine people will follow in the footsteps of the people of Cuba; that more slowly indeed, because they are not as far advanced, but surely, they will grow in capacity for self-government, and receiving power as they grow in capacity, will come to bear substantially such relations to the people of the United States as now the people of Cuba, differing in details as conditions and needs differ, but the same in principle and the same in beneficent results.

In the 11th of April, 1903, was proclaimed another convention between all the great powers providing more humane rules for the conduct of war; and these in substance incorporated and gave the sanction of the civilized world to the rules drafted by Francis Lieber and approved by Abraham Lincoln for the conduct of the armies of the United States in the field.

All Americans who desire safe and conservative administration which shall avoid cause of quarrel, all who abhor war, all who long for the perfect sway of the principles of that religion which we all profess, should rejoice that under this Republican administration their country has attained a potent leadership among the nations in the cause of peace and international justice.

The respect and moral power thus gained has been exercised in the interests of humanity, where the rules of diplomatic intercourse have made formal intervention impossible. When the Roumanian outrages and when the appalling massacre at Kishineff shocked civilization and filled thousands of our own people with mourning, the protest of America was heard through the voice of its government, with full observance of diplomatic rules, but with moral power and effect.

Monroe Doctrine Adhered to.

We have advanced the authority of the Monroe doctrine. Our adherence to the convention which established The Hague tribunal was accepted by the other powers, with a formal declaration that nothing therein contained should be construed to imply the relinquishment by the United States of its traditional attitude toward purely American questions. The armed demonstration by the European powers against Venezuela was made the occasion for disclaimers to the United States of any intention to seize the territory of Venezuela, recognizing in the most unmistakable way the rights of the United States expressed in the declaration of that traditional policy.

In the meantime, mindful that moral powers unsupported by physical strength do not always avail against selfishness and aggression, we have been maintaining the forces which command respect.

We have brought our navy to a high state of efficiency and have exercised both army and navy in the practical work of war and defense. The joint army and navy board has been bringing the two services together in good understanding and the common study of the whole art, the preparation and the cooperation which will make them effective in time of need. Our ships have been exercised in fleet and squadron movements, have been improved in marksmanship and mobility, and have been constantly tested by use. Since the last national convention met we have completed and added to our navy five battleships, four cruisers, four monitors, 34 torpedo destroyers and torpedo boats; while we have put under construction 13 battleships and 13 cruisers.

Army Reorganized.

Four years ago our army numbered over 100,000 men—regulars and volunteers, 75 per cent of them in the Philippines and China. Under the operation of statutes limiting the period of service, it was about to lapse back into its old and insufficient number of 27,000, and its old and insufficient organization under the practical control of permanent staff departments at Washington, with the same divisions of counsel and lack of co-ordinating and directing power at the head, that led to confusion and scandal in the war with Spain. During the last four years the lessons taught by that war have received practical effect. The teachings of Sherman and of Upton have been recalled and respected. Congress has fixed a maximum of the regular army at 100,000 and a minimum at 60,000, so that maintaining only the minimum in peace, as we now do, when war threatens the president may begin preparation to fill the ranks to the maximum, without waiting until after war has begun, as he had to wait in 1898.

Permanent staff appointments have been restored to detail and the general line, with compulsory returns at fixed intervals to service with troops, so that the requirements of the field and the camp rather than the requirements of the office control the selection and appointments of administration and supply. A corps organization has been provided for our artillery, with a chief of artillery at the head, so that there may be intelligent use of our coast defenses. The militia law of the 14th of February 14, 1903, a general staff has been established, organized to suit American conditions and requirements and adequate for the performance of the long-neglected but all-important duties of directing military education and training, and applying the most advanced principles of military science to the use of our citizen soldiery. The war which is the surest safeguard of peace.

President in Real Command.

The command of the army now rests where it is placed by the Constitution—in the president. His power is exercised through a military chief of staff pledged by the conditions and tenure of his office to confidence and loyalty to the commander in chief. Thus civilian control of the military arm, upon which we must always insist, is reconciled with that military efficiency which can be obtained only under the direction of the trained military expert.

Four years ago we were living under an obsolete militia law more than a century old, which Washington and Jefferson and Madison, and almost every president since their time, had declared to be inadequate to the emergencies of war, and the curious spectacle of a people depending upon a citizen soldiery for protection against aggression, and making practically no provision whatever for training its citizens in the use of warlike weapons or in the elementary duties of the soldier.

The mandate of the Constitution which required congress to provide for organizing, arming and disciplining the militia had been left unexecuted. In default of national provisions, bodies of state troops, created for local services and supported at local expense, had grown up throughout the union. Their feelings toward the regular army were rather of distrust and dislike than of comradeship. Their arms, equipment, organization, personnel and methods of obtaining and accounting for supplies were varied and inconsistent. They were unsuited to become a part of any homogeneous force, and the relations which would have prevailed if the United States were undefined and conjectural. By the militia act of January 20, 1903, congress performed its duty under the constitution. Leaving these bodies well-drilled to perform their duties to the states, it made them the organized militia of the United States. It provided for their conformity in armament, organization and discipline to the army of the United States; it provided that after two years, when either drafted as militia or as volunteers, they should become an active part of the army when called upon; it provided for their training, instruction and service conjointly with the regular army; it imposed upon the regular army the duty of promoting their efficiency in many ways.

Militia Much Improved.

In recognition of the service to the nation which these citizen soldiers would be competent to render, the nation assumed its share of the burden of their armament, their supply and their training. The working of the new system have already demonstrated, not only that we can have citizens outside of the regular army trained for duty in war, but that we can have in the militia of the United States ready for service, between whom and the officers of the regular army have been created by intimate association and mutual friendliness, those relations of confidence and esteem without which no army can be effective.

The first administration of McKinley fought and won the war with Spain, put down the insurrection in the Philippines, and when Boxers rescued the legations in Pekin, brought Porto Rico into our commercial system, enacted a protective tariff and established our national currency on the firm foundation of the gold standard by the financial legislation of the fifty-sixth congress.

The present administration has reduced taxation, reduced the public debt, reduced the annual interest charge, made effective provisions in the regulation of the trusts, fostered business, promoted agriculture, built up the navy, reorganized the army, resurrected the militia system, inaugurated a new policy of forest preservation and reclamation of public lands, given civil government to the Philippines, established the republic of Cuba, bound it to us by ties of gratitude, of commercial interest and of common defense, swung open the long closed gateway of the isthmus, strengthened the Monroe doctrine, ended the Alaskan boundary dispute, protected the Panama, opened wider its doors of trade, advanced the principle of arbitration and prompted peace among the nations.

We challenge judgment upon this record of effective performance in legislation, in execution and in administration.

Work Not Yet Completed.

The work is not fully done; policies are not completely wrought out; economic questions still press continually for solution; other trusts must be regulated; the tariff may presently receive revision, and if so, should receive it at the hands of the friends and not the enemies of the protective system. The new Philippine government has only begun to develop its plans for the benefit of that long-neglected country; our flag floats on the isthmus, but the canal is yet to be built; peace does not yet reign on earth, and considerate firmness backed by strength are still needful in diplomacy.

The American people have now to say whether our policies shall be reversed or committed to unfriendly guardians; whether performance, which now proves itself for the benefit and honor of our country, shall be transferred to unknown and perchance to feeble hands.

No dividing line can be drawn athwart the course of this successful administration. The fatal 14th of September, 1901, marked no change of policy, no lower level of achievement. The bullet of the assassin robbed us of the friend we loved; it took away from the people the president of their choice; it deprived civilization of a potent force making always for righteousness and for humanity. But the fabric of free institutions remained unshaken. The government of the people went on. The great party that William McKinley led wrought out in peace the spirit of his example. His true and loyal successor has been equal to the burden cast upon him. Widely different in temperament and methods, he has approved himself of the same elemental virtues—the same fundamental beliefs. With faithful and reviving memory he has executed the purposes and continued unbroken the policy of President McKinley for the peace, prosperity and honor of our beloved country. And he has met all new occasions with strength and resolution and far-sighted wisdom.

Tribute to McKinley.

As we gather in this convention, our hearts go back to the friend—the never to be forgotten friend, whom when last we met we acclaimed with one accord as our universal choice to bear a second time the highest honor in the nation's gift; and back still, memory goes through many a year of leadership and loyalty.

How wise and how skillful he was! how modest and self-effacing! how deep his insight into the human heart! how swift the intuitions of his sympathy! how compelling the charm of his gracious presence! He was so sensible, so sound, so genuine, the sanest of others, so genuine a lover of his country and his kind. And he was the kindest and tenderest friend who ever grasped another's hand. Alas, that his virtues did not avail against fate!

Yet we may rejoice, that while he lived he was crowned with honor; that the rancor of party strife had ceased; that success in his great task, the restoration of confidence, appreal of his countrymen, the affection of his friends—gave the last quiet months in his home at Canton repose and contentment.

And with McKinley we remember Hanna with affection and sorrow—his great lieutenant. They are together again.

But we turn as they would have us turn, to the duties of the hour, the hopes of the future; we turn as they would have us turn, to prepare ourselves for struggle under the same standard borne in other hands by right of true inheritance. Honor, patriotism, purity of life, domestic virtues, love of country, loyalty to high ideals—all these combined with active intelligence, with learning, with experience in affairs, with the conclusive proof of competency afforded by wise and conservative administration, by great things already done and great results already achieved—all these we bring to the people with another candidate. Shall not these have hope in our land? Truth, sincerity, courage—these underlie the fabric of our institutions.

Campaign Founded on Truth.

Upon hypocrisy and sham, upon cunning and false pretense, upon weakness and cowardice, upon the arts of the demagogue and the devices of the mere politician—no government can stand. No system of popular government can endure in which the people do not believe and trust. Our president has taken the whole people into his confidence. Incapable of deception, he has put aside concealment. Frankly and without reserve, he has told them what their government was doing, and the reasons.

It is no campaign of appearances upon which we enter, for the people know the good and the bad, the success and failure, to be credited and charged to our account. It is no campaign of sounding words and specious pretences, for our president has told the people with frankness what he believed and what he intended. He has meant every word he said, and with him this convention agrees because every word has been sound Republican doctrine. No people can maintain free government who do not in their hearts value the qualities which have made the present president of the United States conspicuous among the men of his time as a type of noble manhood. Come what may here—come what may in November, God grant that those qualities of brave true manhood shall have honor throughout America, shall be held for an example in every home, and that the youth of generations to come may grow up to feel that it is better than wealth, or office, or power, to have the honesty, the purity, and the courage of Theodore Roosevelt.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE HAS NEW MEMBERS

Number of Changes Have Been Made in the Republican Organization.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, June 21.—The following is the new Republican national committee, quite a number of changes being made:

Alabama, Charles H. Scott; Arkansas, Powell Clayton; California, George A. Knight; Colorado, A. M. Stevenson; Connecticut, Charles F. Brooker; Delaware, J. Edward Addicks; Florida, J. N. Coombs; Georgia, Judson W. Lyons; Idaho, Weldon B. Heyburn; Illinois, Frank O. Lowden; Indiana, Harry S. New; Iowa, Ernest E. Hart; Kansas, David W. Mulvane; Kentucky, John W. Yerkes; Louisiana, Walter L. Cohn; Maine, John F. Hill; Maryland, Louis E. McComas; Massachusetts, W. Murray Crane; Michigan, John W. Blodgett; Minnesota, Frank Kellogg; Mississippi, L. B. Mosby; Missouri, Thomas J. Aikens; Montana, John R. Waite; Nebraska, Charles H. Morrill; Nevada, F. L. Flanigan; New Hampshire, Frank W. Rollins; New Jersey, Franklin Murphy; New York, William L. Ward; North Carolina, E. C. Duncan; North Dakota, Alexander McKenzie; Ohio, Myron T. Herrick; Oregon, Charles W. Fulton; Pennsylvania, Boies Penrose; South Carolina, John G. Capers; South Dakota, J. M. Greene; Tennessee, W. P. Brownlow; Texas, Cecil A. Lyons; Utah, C. E. Loose; Vermont, James Brock; Virginia, George E. Bowden; Washington, Levi Ankeny; West Virginia, N. B. Scott; Wisconsin, Henry C. Payne; Wyoming, George E. Pexton; Alaska, John C. Heid; Arizona, W. S. Sturgis; District of Columbia, Robert Heyburn; Indian Territory, A. L. Soper; New Mexico, Solomon Luna; Oklahoma, C. M. Cade; Porto Rico, Robert H. Todd; Hawaii, Alexander G. M. Robertson.

RESOLUTION COMMITTEE.

Names of the Men Who Framed the Republican National Platform.

CHICAGO, June 21.—The committee on resolutions of the Republican national convention is made up as follows:

Alabama, Andrew N. Johnson; Arkansas, Charles F. Duke; California, Frank H. Short; Colorado, C. C. Dawson; Connecticut, Edwin W. Higgins; Delaware, Caleb R. Layton; Florida, W. H. Northrup; Georgia, W. H. Johnson; Idaho, Weldon B. Heyburn; Illinois, Albert J. Hopkins; Indiana, Albert J. Beveridge; Iowa, J. W. Blythe; Kansas, Frederick D. Smith; Kentucky, George W. Long; Louisiana, J. Madison Vance; Maine, E. F. Spofford; Maryland, Phillip Laubenborough; Massachusetts, Cabot Lodge; Michigan, Ralph Lovelland; Minnesota, Knute Nelson; Mississippi, W. E. Mollison; Missouri, Boyd Dudley; Montana, Thomas H. Carter; Nebraska, Frank Williams; Nevada, E. E. Farrington; New Hampshire, J. H. Gallinger; New Jersey, John F. Dryden; New York, Edward Lauterbach; North Carolina, V. S. Lusk; North Dakota, H. Osborne; Ohio, Asher Hinkle; Oregon, J. C. Campbell; Pennsylvania, John Dalzell; Rhode Island, William L. Hodgman; South Carolina, E. J. Dickerson; South Dakota, N. L. Bruce; Tennessee, Walter Harmon; Texas, A. J. Rosenthal; Utah, George C. Sutherland; Vermont, William P. Dillingham; Virginia, D. L. Groner; Washington, J. McMillan; West Virginia, George Wilson; Wisconsin, John C. Spooner; Wyoming, C. D. Clark; Alaska, J. W. Ivey; Arizona, H. B. Tenney; District of Columbia, Robert Heyburn; Indian territory, W. T. Durrough; New Mexico, R. O. Burnet; Oklahoma, R. A. Lowry; Porto Rico, Dr. J. G. Brioso; Hawaii, J. K. Kalanianaole.

Ferris Expected to Recover.

KITTANNING, PA., June 21.—(Special.) Clarence Ferris of the Fourteenth regiment who was hurt while his regiment was on its way to the Hawkins memorial ceremonies, has just recovered partial consciousness. He is in the hospital. It is believed he will recover.

W. M. LAIRD CO.

404 to 408 MARKET STREET.

This Week's Specials for Women

Include a line of plain, common-sense hand-turn oxfords—very comfortable, made especially for tender feet—a $2.50 value—today and tomorrow,

$1.95 a pair

ANOTHER—

A woman's hand-turn, patent tip $2.00 oxford—today and tomorrow,

$1.69 a pair

ALSO

An Ideal kid, light-turn sole, $2.50 oxford for

$1.95 a pair

A HALF-PRICE BARGAIN TABLE

Is brimful of fine Oxfords at 75c and $1.00.

OTHER SPECIALS

Include a bargain table of men's $2.50 and $3.00 Oxfords for $1.95 a pair.

AND

Full lines of outing footwear in canvas and duck—in white and colors.

W. M. LAIRD CO.

404 to 408 MARKET ST.

PAUL PLACE LOTS ARE SELLING

If you have seen Paul Place you know why---If you have not seen it, you should see it. The following will tell you why.

Its closeness to the center of the city, the high, level character of the lots, the advantages of graded, paved and sewered streets, the abundance of natural gas for every lot, the fact that the fine new West Liberty public school is built right in the center of the plan, that is perfectly free of soot, smoke and dirt, that it will have, and now has, the best traction trolley service of any West Liberty district, being right on the Mt. Washington tunnel line—all these points, of course, tended to influence buyers. Still, without these, the fact that beautiful lots are selling at just one-half of what would be a low figure, and the easy terms, with no interest, no taxes and a guaranteed title, would sell them at any time.

Choice home sites are offered at $25, $50, $75 and $100, and still better ones up to $400; some larger lots for more. The size of the lots is 30x100 feet, and they are sold on a payment of $10 and the balance at 2 per cent a month.

Sales will be continued daily, and you should see this particular plan—but don't be misled—other plans are offered out this way—but you will miss the best if you miss this—To go to PAUL PLACE take any car on Smithfield street marked "Mt. Lebanon" or "Castle Shannon" and get off at Oakwood avenue—not before—and you are right on the ground. No transfers; just stay on the car till you reach Oakwood avenue. You will see the sign, "Paul Place Plan of Lots." Your car fares will be refunded you on the ground.

ALBERT H. OYER, Agt.

431 FOURTH AVE.

OFFICE ALSO ON THE PLAN.

Chiclets

REALLY DELIGHTFUL

Bouquet de Creme de Menthe

A Dainty Confection

Candy Coated Chewing Gum

Particularly desirable "after dinner"

Made by the makers of "Fleers Pepsin Gum"

Their Best Recommendation

Give Chiclets to the little folk—good for the teeth—good for the stomach. Little girls, little boys, big girls, big boys, and grown up little girls and grown up little boys enjoy really delightful Chiclets.

At all the better kind of stores. Try five little pennies worth.

Retail Storekeepers supplied by any Wholesale Druggist or Confectioner.

Jobbers supplied by Frank H. Fleer & Company, Inc., Philadelphia.

Sale Ten Million Boxes a Year.

The BEST HOT WEATHER MEDICINE

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

10c, 25c, 50c. THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP All Drugg

OVER 1,200 PUPILS PASS EXAMINATION FOR PITTSBURGH HIGH SCHOOLS

Of 1,274 Students Who Were Examined Only 18 Failed to Stand the Test.

REMARKABLE SHOWING MADE

The results of the examination for admission to the Pittsburgh High schools were announced last night. In many respects the examination was remarkable. There were a few less candidates in examination than a year ago, but those who presented themselves were prepared better than ever before. Out of 1,274 only 18 failed to stand the test. There were 1,193 who made the average required to pass; 56 made the average required, but are low in one study and are entitled to a re-examination, and seven, owing to sickness or other unavoidable cause, were prevented from completing the examination and will also be given a re-examination.

The schools which passed all the candidates entered were the Brushton, Forbes, Franklin, Grant, Homewood, Knox, Lawrence, Monongahela, O'Hara, Peebles, Riverside, South, Springfield, Thad Stevens and Washington. In addition to these, the schools that had no failures, but did have one or more to be re-examined, are the Allen, Bedford, Beltzhoover, Duquesne, Hancock, Liberty, Lincoln, Luckey, Minersville, Moorehead, Morse, Mt. Albion, Mt. Washington, Ralston, Sterrett and Wickersham. This makes 31 out of the 39 schools in the city that did not have a failure, a record that was never approached before. Many of those who are in the list for re-examination only missed by one. Among this class is the Liberty school, which had a class of 100, of whom 99 passed and one is to be re-examined; the Moorehead with one re-examination out of 58 candidates; the Mt. Washington one out of 44; the Sterrett with one out of 35; the Allen with one out of 20, and the Mt. Albion that had two incomplete out of a class of 40.

The figures furnished this year of the total enrollment indicate that some districts have rather a small percentage of their pupils in the high grades.

The parochial schools made an excellent showing in some districts. The Holy Cross, South Side, St. James, West End, and SS. Peter and Paul, East End, passed their entire classes. Holy Cross, East End, St. Agnes, Soho and St. John the Baptist, South Side, had no failures and but one re-examination each.

The results by sub-districts were as follows:

Allen Sub-District, Thirty-First Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 1,178; class, 29; passed, 28; to be re-examined, 1.

Lucyann Atwell. Hilda K. Knoble.
Milton C. Braun. Lillian C. Mack.
Henry W. Binder. Lida M. Matz.
Helen M. Broderick. Elizabeth Maher.
Mildred E. Beam. Hugh M. Osborne.
William Cowles. Elmer Richter.
Albert P. Danenhauer. Lydia C. Stoerkel.
Bertha F. Flannery. Edna M. Schuetz.
Louisa M. Hammel. Edith F. Sincere.
Alice V. Johnson. Harold W. Smith.
Mary Jones. Emil E. Siedel.
Anna V. Kepple. Archie E. Thomas.
Adam H. Kohler. Olive Waddell.
Adele M. Koch. Raymond Wangeman.

Bedford Sub-District, Twenty-Ninth Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 491; class, 13; passed, 12; to be re-examined, 1.

Mary E. Bettner. James J. Farrell.
Harry Campbell. Florence M. Fiedler.
Peter Conroy. Hilda A. Hoffman.
Lysle F. Cornwall. May E. Raleigh.
Alma L. Diehl. Grace H. St. Peter.
William Dugan. Ray D. Westfall.

Beltzhoover Sub-District, Thirty-Eighth Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 716; class, 17; passed, 16; to be re-examined, 1.

Henry Berster. Joseph Madine.
Nancy Brown. Margaret Martin.
Charles Cross. George Schwartz.
James Davin. Barbara Scott.
Edward Evans. Edna Shupert.
William Henson. Ida Solomon.
Arthur Jones. Phoebe Whole.
Della Jones. Elsie Yaney.

Birmingham Sub-District, Twenty-Ninth Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 496; class, 19; passed, 18; failed, 1.

Hilton. Edna Parker.
Loretta Arthurs. Harry Reefer.
Louis Beinhaur. Walter Rohrkaste.
Lida Bodenhagen. Emma Sherran.
Alfred Dutt. Hilda Spheyer.
Howard Fischer. Bessie Swaney.
Jacob Gross. Marie Sweeney.
Paul Homan. Katherine Williams.
Daniel McCarthy. Della Wise.

Brushton Sub-District, Thirty-Seventh Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 1,209; class, 24; passed, 24.

Bradley M. Alexander. Cora E. McIntyre.
Ben R. Beisel. George P. McKee.
William J. Bengess. Allan G. McCullough.
Harry H. Burgess. William H. Norris.
Norman O. Burgess. Neda B. Stoup.
D. C. Cunningham. Elsie C. Rothweiler.
Constance E. Darling. Wm. C. Robinson.
Ida G. Heim. Leonard J. Reynolds.
Margaret K. McKee. Artie M. Stoup.
Bruce L. Miller. Lysle H. Siebert.
Clarence E. Law. Olive M. Taylor.
George P. Jackson. Dred M. Windsor.

Colfax Sub-District, Twenty-Second Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 390; class, 24; passed, 22; to be re-examined, 1; failed, 1.

Bettie Conrad. Edna Levy.
William Crow. Edgar Myers.
Helna Cuppler. Harry Phillips.
Gladys Evans. Irving Ross.
Josephine Gant. Helen Smith.
Attilla Grant. Ollie Sowash.
Eleanor Heinerly. Bessie Sucoop.
Kurt Henning. Lelie Sucoop.
Carrol Hesain. Howard Teeters.
Alvin Kingsbacher. Roy Untegraff.
Florence Kingsbacher. Anna Waters.

Duquesne Sub-District, First Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 149; class, 3; passed, 2; to be re-examined, 1.

Winifred Fox. Florence Shriver.

Forbes Sub-District, Sixth Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 1,131; class, 26; passed, 25.

Bennie Cohen. Mary M. McCarthy.
A. Cancelliere. Lillian Murphy.
Mary F. Dempsey. Frank McNorton.
Stella R. Ehmann. Pearl May.
Bessie Fairgrieve. J. Louis Palley.
Eunice Gano. Carrie M. Pettsinger.
Rita Hazlip. Marguerite Reynolds.
Bessie Kreiger. Anna C. Roth.
John Laboon. Elizabeth Sippey.
Mabel I. Lutton. Katherine Wall.

Franklin Sub-District, Seventh and Eighth Wards.

Total enrollment June 1, 1,170; class, 21; passed, 21.

Eva Chersky. Celia Levin.
Saul Chersky. Abe Neaman.
Bessie Cohen. Rosa Neiman.
Katie Cohen. Bessie Pachman.
Rebecca Davidson. Emil Rubinovitz.
Sophia Dunn. Tibie Sheinberg.
Annie Goldman. Alex Silverman.
Jennie Greenberg. Sadie Skimble.
Sellers Hall. Mary Turner.
Rosabelle Levy. Roy Weinstein.
Ida Lewis.

Grant Sub-District, Third Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 672; class, 30; passed, 30.

Enid M. Bolt. Campbell McNary.
Marion S. Bowers. Benjamin Pearlman.
Maurice L. Caplan. Max Rosenshine.
Ralph S. Cohn. Freda Rosenthal.
Anna E. Cleary. Meyer W. Silverberg.
Lena M. Descalzi. Julius Silkin.
Mary Elmern. Abraham Smith.
Francis T. Floyd. Philip Stein.
Abraham Gilck. Pauline Stein.
George E. Groetzinger. Marie E. J. Succop.
Samuel J. Harris. Geo. S. Thompson.
Benjamin M. Kamens. Roy Tobenfiegel.
Samuel Levenson. Abraham R. Vixman.
Herman Levison. Charles G. Will.
Flora E. McGate. Anna Williams.

Hancock Sub-District, Fifth Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 480; class, 18; passed, 17; to be re-examined, 1.

Margaret Butler. Ray Levy.
Jane Bowden. Katie Lynch.
Abe Comensky. Dora Markowitz.
Samuel Fellis. Harry Silvits.
Ralph Friday. Joseph Shamberg.
Madeline Kenan. Joseph Torchia.
Sam Larkotzky.

Hiland Sub-District, Nineteenth Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 2,761; class, 92; passed, 89; to be re-examined, 2; failed, 1.

Walter Bachman. John H. Cole.
Mary Beebe. Mary E. DuBarry.
Edwin Buchanan. Albert Fulton.
Edith Carey. Agnes Fleming.
Cora Crawford. Walter T. Gilb.
Katherine N. Castle. Sidney Harrell.
Lulie Crosby. Harry Henry.
Ralph Crowther. Harold Harmon.
Pierce Degan. Anna Jayme.
Earl Mac Farrar. Russell Kuhn.
Joseph Frankenstein. M. E. McBride.
Henry L. Goehring. Charles S. Shaeffer.
Alice S. Harper. Smiley Madison.
William Hittner. Mary E. B. Orr.
Jean Kennedy. George E. Splane.
Marian V. Kiehl. Virginia Shepherd.
Frank W. Kirker. Caroline Starr.
Frances H. King. Maurice E. Sorg.
Lois V. Lowry. Hazel J. White.
Helen Mayle. Charline Thompson.
Laurence B. Menches. Anna E. Shedden.
Emma McKenna. Leo York.
Anna M. Miller. Sara Breen.

Agnes McNally. John Baur.
Kenneth McKnight. Thomas Coleman.
Marie Ruppel. Thomas Crawford.
Helen Shepgard. Elizabeth Donahue.
Edna P. Stewart. Robert Davis.
Frederick Stocks. James D. Dunmore.
Magdalena Stocke. Katherine Flynn.
Franklin Sibert. Carl Feick.
Eleanor Succop. Clarence Gabel.
Adelaide Succop. Eleanor Gibson.
Anna Todd. Walter N. Graham.
Edwin Thompson. William P. Hunter.
Margaret Wright. Anna I. Holt.
Homer O. Williams. Margaret Minor.
Sara J. Adams. Juniata Megraw.
Louis W. Allinder. William McCullegh.
John E. Baur. Elizabeth R. McKee.
Anna C. Bitzer. Franklin Sixth.
Edward W. Appleton. Ethel McGhee.
Oliver Bauer. Verna M. Simmers.
Howard Borland. Ruth Thomas.
Allen D. Carlile, Jr.

Homewood Sub-District, Twenty-First Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 1,606; class, 28; passed, 28.

Bertha Allen. William Little.
Grace Bauer. Elizabeth Maneese.
Estelle Comstock. Charles Mahaffey.
Robert Eigennaud. Harry McCuna.
Maude Gilfillan. Ada M. Pherson.
Mabel R. Goundy. Philip Muller.
George Herron. Flora Parshall.
Roy Jones. S. Alva Putney.
Frank Keally. Donna Riegel.
Oswald Kellar. Georgetta Shirk.
Velma King. Ella Shourek.
DeWitt Kissell. Jay Thompson.
Roy Kister. F. Lourene Trout.
Henry Koenig. Helen Wymard.

Howard Sub-District, Sixteenth Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 1,659; class, 27; passed, 22; to be re-examined, *3; failed, 2.

George Blair. Albert Park, Jr.
Clara Caniar. Emma Patterson.
Florence Cantar. Samuel Patterson.
Albert Kirby. Mary Patterson.
Harry Kleinfelder. William Piper.
Edna Kuhn. Clara Schairer.
Frank Loeffler. Frank Scott.
Regina Malone. Ethel Smith.
Hanna McElroy. Earl Suckling.
James McNerney. Waller Thomas.
Margaret Nolan. Franklin Thomas.
*Including 1 incomplete.

Humboldt Sub-District, Twenty-Sixth Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 790; class, 20; passed, 16; to be re-examined, 1; failed, 3.

Pearl R. Burns. Alma Herbst.
Mary Beck. Fred Hunt.
Angeline Boalo. Hazel Johnson.
Edna Espy. Louise Miller.
Harriet Evans. Edna Rink.
Anna Engelmohr. Stephen Steinecke.
Charles Gross. Florence Thrbom.
Mary Hankins. William Zimmer.

Knox Sub-District, Thirtieth Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 462; class, 5; passed, 5.

Mary Boyle. Veronica Crown.
Margaret Carroll. Hannah Mockley.
Mary Carter.

Lawrence Sub-District, Fifteenth Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 451; class, 10; passed, 10.

Eleanor Brown. Isabella Morgan.
Jacob Crants. Rebecca Nace.
Mark Friskkorn. Lawrence Schaffer.
Katherine Hartman. Lizzetta Schivler.
Genevieve Hemsinger. Herman Stutzman.
Estelle Hibler. Henrietta Warren.
Olive Jones. Raymond Warren.
Verne McGrew. Clarence Zipf.

Liberty Sub-District, Twentieth Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 2,169; class, 100; passed, 99; to be re-examined, 1.

Robert Anderson. Fred Jackson.
Anna Atchinson. Ferdinand Jacober.
Agnes Baney. John Kearns.
Pauline Bateman. Susie Kelly.
Simon Beymer. Helen Kimball.
Julia Bierer. Bessie King.
Grace Bissett. Manon Knight.
Ethel Bond. Paul Lazaar.
Walter Brailsford. Jean Lee.
Anna Brawdy. Clarence Mackrell.
Clarence Brown. Edna Mackrell.
Margaret Carnegie. Howard Mason.
Emma Charles. Joseph Mason.
Catherine Clark. Bronson McKee.
Eleanor Clark. Faith McKee.
Helen Clark. Frederick McKee.
Frank Cohen. Frank McPhie.
Emily Colvin. Beulah Miller.
Ella Condon. Janet Molvic.
Anna Cusick. John Moore.
Jennie Dehl. Sidney Newman.
Fred Disque. Irene Niebaum.
Beatrice Downing. Julia Niebaum.
Margaret Drumm. Gertrude O'Sullivan.
Raymond Ebpling. R. Pasbach.
Mary Faloon. Katherine Patterson.
Esther Feldstein. Murray Phillips.
Clarence Fink. James Price.
George Fisher. Craig Reynolds.
Laura Flinn. Flossie Roberts.
Charles Flood. Forest Robertson.
William Fuller. Esther Rosenthal.
Emma Gabel. Elizabeth Sumnette.
Parker Garamm. Martha Sands.
Margaret Glafey. Albert Schwartskopf.
May Goshorn. Walter Scott.
Mildred Haas. Ralph Simpson.
Jean Hamill. Lambert Slater.
Alice Hardern. Mabel Slater.
May Hardy. Charles Swearer.
Frank Hartman. Bessie Taylor.
Lodie Hartman. John Taylor.
John Hasley. Lulu Thomas.
Andrew Herron. Hazel Tomer.
Vernie Hood. Adolph Trapp.
Gladys Howe. Maria Turton.
Brewster Huging. Gaylor Uptegraff.
Talitha Hunt. Morris Walters.
William Jack. Grace Wilson.
Laishley Wragg.

Lincoln Sub-District Twenty-First Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 2,287; class, 73; passed, 67; to be re-examined, 6.

James C. Anderson. Lillian Lamont.
Harry Scott Anderson. Gerden Lenhart.
Jane Bowes. Minnie Lynch.
Jesse Ball. Lucy Morrison.
John Braun. George McCutcheon.
Leah Bell. Sarah Miller.
Clara Collins. Sylvia Mardis.
Hoy Crosbie. John McNeil.
Jennie Dalley. Verner McLaren.
Ruth Doran. Mary Norrish.
Harriet Diffenderfer. William Orr.
Sela Dunlevy. John O'Brien.
Frances Einstein. Margaret Negley.
Clarence Emrich. Clinton Parker.
Emma Flister. Twila Poff.
Martha Fee. Harriet Reid.
Gwendolyn Ferguson. Ribrla Ross.
George Firmin. Helen Roessing.
Mary Fee. Edna Rodgers.
Robert Gandelott. William Rugh.
Sadie Geiger. Marie Seeger.
Nelson Greves. Anna Shannon.
Irene Haney. Helen Shannon.
Louise Hartman. Arthur Sloan.
Hertha Haney. Virginia Stupley.
Mary Hocksieder. Andrian Shallenberger.
Minnie Harris. Josephine Thomas.
Susan King. Bessie Wable.
Lucile Kelly. Jean Watt.
Marcella Keller. Catherine Wolff.
Kathryn Kissler. Paul Wakefield.
Benjamin Knipp. Nellie Wilson.
John Logan. Lelia Wilson.

Luckey Sub-District, Thirty-Fifth Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 916; class, 36; passed, 33; to be re-examined, 3.

Thomas Coburn. William F. Potter.
Elvira Estep. Margaret Prokop.
Katherine Finn. Margaret B. Reno.
Lubelle Groat. Anna C. Shaughnessy.
Wm. Greenwood. John J. Shaughnessy.
Gertrude Heaning. Myrtle M. Stein.
Emma Horatman. Josephine Sullivan.
Theresa S. Horatman. Charles H. Wood.
Anne H. Hundeling. Ida M. Burns.
Marie Hutchinson. Mabel S. Evans.
Laura Jamieson. Ethel E. Moore.
Anna M. Jamieson. Mildred W. Moore.
Rose Keenan. Raymond Prisby.
Mary E. Kreimendahl. Elva H. Smith.
Florence McLean. Frances E. Smith.
Blanche C. Miller. Nina I. Thompson.
Mary C. Miller.

Minersville Sub-District, Thirteenth Ward.

Total enrollment, 2,270; class, 41; passed, 36; to be re-examined, 5.

Elizabeth Allers. Samuel Pearce.
Mary Forestell. Luther Saling.
Robert Golden. Elmer Smith.
May Gower. Kathryn Smith.
Alma Graf. Estelle Stevens.
Evaline Griffiths. Emma S. Aronson.
Brag Harvey. May Balzer.
Jacob Hunkele. Ebbie Eichel.
Estelle Johnson. Jeanette Evans.
Alice Jones. Mabel Flinn.
Louisa Kleinhample. Marion Hackett.
Horace Lampert. Kathryn Humphries.
Margaret Llewellyn. Franklin Jones.
Myrtle Lowe. Bertram Jones.
Edwin MacLean. Rachel Kelly.
Lewis McIntyre. Willa Payne.
Minnie Mueler. Loretta Schwerin.
Margaret O'Hagen. Reed Shoemaker.

Monongahela Sub-District, Thirty-Third Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 243; class, 2; passed, 2.

Mary Kappler. Frank Gibbons.

Moorehead Sub-District, Eleventh Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 1,631; class, 58; passed, 57; to be re-examined, 1.

Eleanor N. Angloch. Bessie Mertz.
Paul Bleiler. William Mitchell.
Elizabeth Bowes. Rose Mormon.
Joseph H. Braden. Leo Moses.
Howard Campbell. Paul Muhr.
Edith L. Churchill. Irene Mylseal.
Marie Cole. Pauline P. Niemax.
John Cunningham. James Perkins.
Samuel Deutsch. Ethel L. Pipes.
Florence M. Doody. Carrie S. Pryor.
Marguerite Duncan. David L. Rapport.
Frank Eberharter. Simon Ratner.
Lillian Evans. Paul Z Reist.
Samuel D. Eschart. Annetta E. Rigdon.
Margaret Fitzpatrick. Mabel H. Robinson.
Joseph H. Filler. Sarah Rodgers.
Lena V. Flocker. Louis Rosenfeld.
Mary M. Graham. Jane Ray.
Clinton Hdle. Anna M. Rust.
Charles Harris. Gustave Sachs.
Katherin E. Hite. Elizabeth M. Shilladay.

Carrie Householder. Edna B. Skees.
Yetta Kanzler. Florence A. Sproul.
Freda Lange. Myrtle L. Steele.
Ruth B. Lee. Tobias L. Unger.
Florence Little. Ida Warnock.
Minnie Major. William O. H. Woods.
Robert Major. Minnie Wyerman.
George Marshall.

Morse Sub-District, Twenty-Fifth Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 812; class, 21; passed, 20; to be re-examined, 1.

Carrie Albright. Joseph McGuire.
W. Bainbridge. Beatrice Schmitt.
Julia Barreaux. August Schmitt.
Ollie Dalley. George Schaefer.
Anna Gearing. Emma Seifeth.
Anna Hammon. Harry Seifrth.
Emma Haupht. Vern Steck.
Hazel Kramer. William Vichman.
Ida Marsh. Merril Watkins.
Anna Meyer. Lucilla Weaver.

Mt. Allen Sub-District, Eighteenth Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 1,652; class, 40; passed, 38; incomplete, 2.

Mary P. Baker. Arthur Mellor.
Ben. H. Blanchard. Ruth S. Miller.
Rhoda R. Bowler. Anna A. Pearson.
Iva J. Brunt. Wm. J. Reseigh.
Russell E. Claves. Harry Schweppe.
Sara A. Corry. Rose C. Schuler.
Jennie Crane. Theresa Schuster.
Sadie A. Darby. Amelia R. Zinser.
Sadie Fiegenbaum. James R. Baldrich.
Thomas H. George. Wm. C. Cooper.
Carolina B. Gustavson. Herriet M. Davis.
Elvira Hamstrom. Nellie M. Douglass.
Wm. P. Holthaus. Georgiana Ferguson.
Mildred D. Keagle. Annie M. King.
Nellie M. Kernan. Thomas Newell.
Joseph M. Kiley. Katherine M. Nolan.
Mary C. Lanahan. Agnes J. Scully.
David Lindberg. Sylvia E. White.
Margaret M. Matthews. Geo. W. Young.

Mt. Washington Sub-District, 32nd Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 1,512; class, *44; passed, 43; to be re-examined, 1.

Helen Burnside. Lillian Glaser.
Elizabeth Boyd. Chester Maratta.
Mildred Brown. Charles Hoffman.
Marie Barrett. Jean Hodgkiss.
John Burrey. Margaret Jackman.
Mabel Bader. Colista Jones.
Robert Carter. Anna Kearns.
Harry Criswell. Elmer Kime.
Isabella Coward. Clarence Lisbelt.
Maybelle Clouss. Susan Love.
Edith Crowley. Emma Lukes.
John Clark. Margaret Milligan.
Edna Conway. Earl Pare.
Georgia Davis. Hannah Sholes.
Carl Dambrum. Clarence Sanderbeck.
Albert Evans. Minnie Sims.
Eliz. Engermann. Frederick Wels.
Herman Eckerle. Adolf Wolfram.
Raymond Fergus. James Williamson.
Edward Fiedler. Bertha Ward.
Ethel Gault. William Sisler.

*Card No. 538, apparently from this school, passed, but the certificate, with the candidate's name, is missing.

North Sub-District, 4th Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 243; class, 13; passed, 11; to be re-examined, 1; failed, 1.

Frank W. Bonnell. Samuel M. Rex.
William R. Earle. Louis W. Staude.
Walter S. Kidd. D. Cameron Steen.
Marion D. McMahon. Elizabeth E. Whittaker.
Bertha McMatthen. M. Coretta Wernitz.

Oakland Sub-District, 14th Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 2,365; class *73; passed, 67; to be re-examined, 5; failed, 1.

Louis Bihlman. Albert Baker.
Vincent Cotton. Leslie Crawford.
Lillian Deibler. Marguerite S. Evans.
Bessie B. Duff. Agnes B. Edgar.
Helen Frost. E. Louise Foster.
Albert D. Frost. Marie A. Guckert.
Karl W. Glass. Harry Hisley.
Sophia Hasper. Martha M. James.
Karl H. Held. Edward Kirk.
Marion Homan. Hulbert S. Munson.
Lillian Kaufmann. Sadie S. Marks.
Raymond Kernz. Gladys Perry.
Portia Keefer. Ethel Robinson.
Martha A. Kim. Jennie S. Rowley.
Harold Leitch. Della R. Shannon.
Jane Lindeman. Gladys Tilson.
Fred C. Ludwig. Dorothy Vivian.
Louis McCandless. Ella M. Yost.
William McKnight. Lex Boyd.
Robert E. Mercer. Ida Coward.
Edna Schucker. Agnes Hagan.
Henry C. Silliman. Henrietta Lingenfelser.
Mary E. Smith. Myrtle Miller.
Alma A. Snyder. Edna Myers.
Elfriede Snyder. Cornelia Mines.
Laura B. Snyder. Edward Morris.
Mary E. Somers. Fannie Page.
Raydn Stephens. Edith Rickert.
Helen Stewart. Hannah Smith.
Marion Walker. Lulu Smith.
Elizabeth Willey. Clarence Thomas.
Florence Brothers. Margaret Williams.
Frances Braun. Mabel Wallace.

*Card No. 1,157, apparently from this school, passed, but the certificate bearing the candidate's name is missing.

O'Hara Sub-District, 12th Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 508; class, 5; passed, 3.

Sallie Friedman. George Lawther.
Jennie Kyle. William Moore.
Alice Lawther.

Peebles Sub-District, 23rd Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 2,593; class, 59; passed, 59.

Crissie Buffington. Evangeline Fox.
George Cochran. Violet Freeh.
Bessie Harris. Margaret Gallagher.
George Hunter. Edna Giles.
Henrietta Keelan. Walter Heinrichs.
Anna Mathews. Frances Hock.
Joseph O'Hanlon. Stella Hudson.
Edward Stock. Annie Holding.
Elvira Thomas. Katherine King.
Gladys Battles. Maude Martin.
Mary Casey. John Mateer.
Dorothy Dering. Leonetta Merrington.
Ophelia Erskine. Jeanie Mitchell.
Frances Evans. Edith Mott.
Bessie Finney. Catherine McIlvaine.
Emma Gable. Ray O'Brien.
Ellen McElroy. May O'Brien.
Martha McKnight. Gertrude O'Malley.
Clarence Rupp. Mabel Pickles.
Lewis Smith. Abram Redman.
Agnes Stuebner. Marion Redenbaugh.
Henrietta Sweeney. Edna Ryan.
Edna Williams. Mabel Sellers.
Mary Bain. Flora Smith.
Carrie Bitts. Harriet Smith.
Sarah Carpenter. George Stombaugh.
Joseph Crane. Hazel Wedd.
Albert Dewait. Emma Wenzilk.
Fanny Duffey. Ethel Wilson.
Romanus Engeman.

Ralston Sub-District, 9th and 10th Wards.

Total enrollment June 1, 331; class, 11; passed, 9; to be re-examined, 2.

Richard Beck. Mamie Reilly.
Abe Dandy. Phanie Silverman.
Katie Donahue. Elizabeth Smith.
Thomas Dursi. Raymond Smith.
Jacob Miller.

Riverside Sub-District, 34th Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 158; class, 6; passed, 6.

Rose A. Brislin. Frank Rusimak.
Mary A. Haney. George Phillips.
Irene M. Krepp. George W. Richards.

South Sub-District, 2nd Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 868; class, 14; passed, 14.

Nathan Ashinsky. John Hurd.
Neville Bragdon. Lottie Miller.
Ben Diamond. Abe Osseroff.
George Erb. Bessie Sakon.
Peter Glick. Ida Saul.
Sam Goldstein. Lena Smyth.
Ben Goldberg. John Walsh.

Springfield Sub-District, 12th Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 357; class, 7; passed, 7.

May Brunswasser. Fannie Levine.
Mollie Brumswasser. Louis Levy.
Cassel Goldstein. Katie Snyder.
James Keating.

Sterrett Sub-District, 22nd Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 644; class, 33; passed, 32; to be re-examined, 1.

Elizabeth Brooks. Harry Letsche.
Tom Boyd. James Lowther.
Frank Bockstoce. Agnes McClure.
Howard Baldensperger. Kenneth McDonald.
Alida B. Carson. Sidney Newbury.
Edith Chaddock. Margaret Renters.
John F. Craig. John Smith.
Florence Doyle. Clio Semmer.
William Fleming. Kate Smith.
Leo Geyer. Florence Shannahan.
Mary Gray. Earl Stonerod.
John W. Hallock. Daisy Sharp.
Irene Kartz. Madelaine Sweeney.
Sidney King, Jr. Cora Wellings.
Will Lloyd. Lloyd Wassell.
Marian Lee. Carroll Williams.

St. Clair Sub-District, 27th Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 995; class, 32; passed, 31; failed, 1.

Thomas A. Carson. Ralph W. Lew.
Charles O. Church. Joseph McAllister.
Almarena A. Cooley. Margaret E McCarthy.
Wilhelmena B. Dewalt. May McSwiggen.
Carrie M. Donnelly. Rees T. Morris.
May A. Fennessy. Elsie J. Parcell.
Alfred L. Forat. Wilhelmina S. Reber.
Lelia V. Gue. Alice Sankey.
Robert C. Hartwig. Lenore Sayenga.
Thomas Jacobs. Carrie A. Schmitz.
Freda Jennine. Alma M. Spielmann.
Viola A. Junker. Elsie J. Taylor.
Charles J. Kalback. David E. Widging.
Alice M. Kalback. Charles H. Winters.
Alice M. M. Kimble. Mabel Worthington.
Paul H. Lankford.

Thad. Stevens Sub-District, 36th Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 468; class, 19; passed, 19.

Eva L. Culley. Sarah R. Mertz.
Elva Gilbert. Emma W. McCurry.
Mary E. Flanigan. Cameron Reed.
Emma E. Gould. Frank T. Stack.
Harriett Garbart. Walter G. Swaney.
John G. Hershberger. William Sproul.
Annie M. Handlok. Leo Sable.
Gertrude M. Kirkland. Helen A. Wilson.

Evelyn A. Keenan. Bessie G. Walter.
Jessie S. L. Morrison.

Washington Sub-District, 17th Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 1,467; class, 50; passed, 50.

Arden Anderson. Florence Bickel.
Annie Beresford. Clara Bruggeman.
Chalmers Bittris. Thurlow Brand.
Estelle Z. Caln. Helen G. Cuddy.
Elizabeth Carson. Pearl Eitel.
Edith K. Cassell. William J. Evans.
Brown Hays. Mildred Erskine.
Genevieve Keech. Wilhelmena Falkenhagen.
Clyde Lang.
Marie Lippert. Elizabeth Fife.
Bertha Lippert. Edith L. Hermann.
Emma S. McEldowney. Elsie L. Keim.
Hugh McElroy. Edith Kretter.
Harry Naser. Reese W. Lindsay.
Elizabeth B. Reyher. Helen Montgomery.
Lenore Shoup. Mary H. McClelland.
May S. Smith. Carl T. Poellot.
Jeannette Steininger. Clara E. Stewart.
Victor H. Stiefel. Anna L. Schilling.
Ernest Stiefel. Clayton F. Snyder.
Richard E. Stiefel. Martha E. Whited.
Raymond W. Wagner. Elsie M. Wilson.
Agnes Weyman. Frank Wilkenson.
Paul Wissman. Violet Wise.
Sallie Zangemaster. John Wright.
Martha Bailey.

Wickersham Sub-District, 24th Ward.

Total enrollment June 1, 413; class, 13; passed, 12; to be re-examined, 1.

Sophia M. Brown. Lydia T. McMinn.
Mathilda Butler. Eva E. Meeks.
George H. Charles. Margaretta J. Miller.
Laura M. Chisholm. A. W. Sankey.
Helen E. George. Dorothy E. Stange.
Wilbur M. Layton. May J. Zeeg.

Parochial Schools.

Holy Cross.

Class, 3; passed, 3.

Ruth Bird. George Harrington.
Frances Boyle.

Sacred Heart.

Class, 24; passed, 23; to be re-examined, 1.

Anna Baker. Katherine Lyons.
John Bryar. William Manchester.
Thomas Campbell. Nellie McCarthy.
Francis Clark. Frances Ruppert.
Francis Corcoran. James Rutledge.
Mary Duvine. Marie E. Rutledge.
Nellie Erhert. Furman Smith.
Francis Flynn. Anna M. Sullivan.
Dana Fox. Clara Trapp.
Charles Friel. William Victory.
William Jones. Laurence Williams.
Katherine Klein.

St. Agnes.

Class, 13; passed, 12; to be re-examined, 1.

Patrick Brennan. Timothy Jennings.
William Coyle. Annie Joyce.
Jeremiah Doherty. Michael Muldowney.
Mary Finerty. Joseph Murphy.
Marie Fitzgibbon. William McGovern.
Edward Gibbons. Anna Trimble.

St. James.

Class, 10; passed, 10.

Margaret C. Healy. Anna M. Mullen.
Beatrice G. Hoffman. Celia McCormell.
Florence Mertz. Katherine Panner.
Michael Minick. Inez Patterson.
Regis Misklow. John Rush.

St. John the Baptist.

Class, 15; passed, 14; to be re-examined, 1.

John Dawson. Bessie Michael.
Matthew Dunn. Daniel McCaffrey.
John Flynn. James McGonigle.
Annie Ford. Florence McNally.
Harry Gilbert. Anna Santa.
Edward Holleran. James Sherlock.
John Mahoney. James Welsh.

St. John the Evangelist.

Class, 15; passed, 10; to be re-examined, *5.

Rosella Bergman. Wm. Michalski.
Alice Fuchs. Martha McCaffrey.
Edna Gunther. Mary McWilliams.
Margaret Houlihan. Mary Ryan.
George Laurent. Mary Smith.
*Including one incomplete.

St. Kieren.

Class, 6; passed, 3; to be re-examined, 2; failed, 1.

Margaret Flynn. Elizabeth McVeigh.
Mary Kraus.

SS. Peter and Paul.

Class, 6; passed, 6.

Edward Burke. Elizabeth Joller.
George Christgn. Perina Mosellen.
Agnes Dzmura. Frank Neff.

St. Stephens.

Class, 16; passed, 9; to be re-examined, 3; failed, 4.

Lillian Chester. Alice McCloskey.
Charles Clair. Martha McGreevy.
Irene Daily. Stanislaus Swttalski.
Anna Hogue. Mary Wallace.
John McCabe.

Unattached Candidates.

Number, 10; passed, 5; incomplete, 3; failed, 2.

Anna Callahan, McKees Rocks; Nellie Donovan, McKees Rocks; Regina Drake, McKees Rocks; Lula Fallon, McKees Rocks; Sidney Siegel, Allegheny.

The following are entitled to re-examination in the branches named:

Composition—Nos. 56, 67, 69, 70, 75, 78, 81, 82, 148, 181, 248, 290, 329, 675, 1319, 1320, 1382. Total, 17.

Grammar—1225.

Arithmetic—Nos. 93, 596, 605, 860, 935, 960, 973, 977, 1010, 1201. Total, 10.

Algebra—Nos. 14, 95, 102, 166, 217, 240, 261, 434, 491, 502, 504, 595, 604, 658, 750, 760, 928, 976, 1004, 1011, 1020,, 1021, 1038, 1141, 1206, 218, 2230, 23?—Total, 28.

The following are incomplete: 72, 770, 1106, 1123, 1451, 1456, 1457. Total, 7.

The appended table shows the results by sub-districts:

In City Schools.

Sub-Dist. & Wd.	Total enrolled.	No. in Class.	To be Re-examined. Pass.	Fail.	Fail. ed.
Allen, 31st	1,178	29	28	1	0
Bedford, 29th	491	13	12	1	0
Beltzhoover, 38th	716	17	16	1	0
Birmingham, 28th	496	19	18	0	1
Brushton, 37th	1,209	24	24	0	0
Colfax, 22d	590	24	22	1	1
Duquesne, 1st	149	3	2	1	0
Forbes, 6th	1,131	26	26	0	0
Franklin, 7th-8th	1,176	21	21	0	0
Grant, 3d	672	30	30	0	0
Hancock, 5th	480	18	13	5	0
Hiland, 19th	2,576	92	89	2	1
Homewood, 21st	1,606	28	28	0	0
Howard, 16th	1,659	27	22	3	2
Humboldt, 26th	790	20	16	1	3
Knox, 30th	462	5	5	0	0
Lawrence, 15th	451	10	10	0	0
Liberty, 20th	2,169	100	99	1	0
Lincoln, 21st	2,287	73	67	6	0
Luckey, 35th	916	36	33	3	0
Minersville, 13th	2,270	41	36	5	0
Monongahela, 33d	243	2	2	0	0
Moorhead, 11th	1,631	58	57	1	0
Morse, 25th	812	21	20	1	0
Mt. Albion, 18th	1,652	40	38	*2	0
Mt. Wash'ton, 32d	1,512	44	43	1	0
North, 4th	243	13	11	1	1
Oakland, 14th	2,365	73	67	5	1
O'Hara, 12th	508	5	5	0	0
Peebles, 23d	2,593	59	59	0	0
Ralston, 9th-10th	331	11	9	2	0
Riverside, 34th	158	6	6	0	0
South, 2d	868	14	14	0	0

SOCIETIES HOLD ANNUAL CONTEST

Debate of Normal School Organizations Feature of Commencement.

PROGRAM FOR GRADUATION

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

CALIFORNIA, PA., June 21.—The commencement events at the State Normal school here are passing off with much enthusiasm. Alumni are present from every direction, representing almost every profession and taking apparently as much interest as when they themselves were graduated. The grand concert last night was an artistic success, the participants being Mrs. Laura Ward McClary, Charles S. Cornell, Charles Frederic Morse, Millie Sadler, Mrs. Jessie Scott Piper, Mrs. Maud Smith-Steele and chorus.

This morning the members of the middle class, numbering about 100, who will be seniors next year, held their class day exercises and were greeted by an appreciative audience. J. Leslie Roberts presided; Thomas W. Walton was orator, Garnet C. Colvin, reader; Bertice McMichael, historian; Edgar H. Powell, donor; Marguerite Scott and Earl Springer, cartoonists, and Sara Sheblar, pessimist, while Neanie Tannehill gave the class song. The Boys' Glee club and Elsie E. Harshey also took part. An informal reunion of alumni and others was held this afternoon upon the campus.

Literary Societies Contest.

Perhaps the most important event of the series was the annual contest between the Clionian and Philomathean Literary societies, which was held this evening. This event almost overshadows the formal commencement itself, because it is a contest, and many think it should be held at some other time of the year, in order to give the outgoing class a better chance to hold the center of the stage. The two literary societies of the school have worked in friendly and helpful rivalry for a quarter of a century. Each has a history of which its members may well be proud. Each society occupies a large and beautiful hall, complete in all its appointments. The weekly exercises are of a very interesting character and afford to the members a most valuable literary training. Much of the success of California Normal graduates is due to the training in those societies.

Those Who Participated.

In the contest tonight the Clionians were represented by Katherine F. McCool, Charles L. Llewellyn, A. Myrtle Shaw and William A. Miller, on essay, oration, recitation and debate, respectively. Their Philomathean opponents were Esther Catherine Cooper, Robert M. Boggs, Eva Straus and Clarence Tannehill. The question for debate was, "Resolved, That the czar of Russia is warranted in adopting the restrictive measures of the recent peasant code." The judges were the Rev. E. L. Eaton of Allegheny, Dr. E. Hower Holbrook of the South Side High school and Judge R. E. Umbel of Uniontown, who awarded the honors as follows:

Esther Catherine Cooper, essay; Charles L. Llewellyn, oration; Eva Straus, recitation and Clarence Tannehill, debate.

The musical features of the contest program were very pleasing as furnished by Miss Louise M. Taylor, Charles S. Cornell and the Girls' Choral club. The commencement exercises proper will be held in the college chapel at 9:30 o'clock tomorrow morning, the program being as follows:

Program for Today.

Singer—"Break Forth Into Joy," chorus; The Beginning of American Literature, Vance McMinn; Puderewski—Piano solo, "Polonaise in B-major, op. 9," Mary T. Noss; The Early Life of Longfellow, Alverda Hopwood; Selections from Hiawatha, Mary V. Moore; "Nocturne"—Piano—vocal solo, Mary E. Bird; Longfellow at Cambridge, Albert Colmery; "Argus Macdonald"—Roeckel—vocal solo, Helen Beeson; Longfellow's Home Life, O. Mae Tewell; "The Two Larks"—Leschetizky—piano solo, Charles Frederic Morse; The Story of Evangeline, Bessie A. Rees; "Faust up to Date"—Piano solo, Grace E. Moore; Burt—"Sunset," Charles S. Cornell; "Robert of Sicily," Joseph Bell; Longfellow as a Teacher of People, Dale E. Cary; presenting diplomas and certificates, the principal.

Contestants Representing Two Literary Societies at State Normal School, California, Pa.

CLIONIAN SOCIETY CONTESTANTS.
Standing are Charles Llewellyn and Miss Katherine McCool. Sitting are William Miller and Miss Myrtle Shaw.

PHILOMATHEAN SOCIETY CONTESTANTS.
Standing are Miss Catherine Cooper and Clarence Tannehill. Sitting are R. Miller Boggs and Miss Eva G. Brass.

THREE NATIONS JOIN IN THE CELEBRATION

Nova Scotians Observe 300th Anniversary of Landing of Sieur De Monts.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

ANNAPOLIS, June 21.—The celebration of the 300th anniversary of the landing of Sieur de Monts, June 21, 1604, in this country, where he founded the first European colony in British North America and the second on the continent, was begun here today, the first event on the program being an international military demonstration in the old French fort in which sailors from French and United States warships took part, with British tars and the local militia. The warships in port included the British cruiser Ariadne, the United States cruisers Detroit and Topeka, the French cruiser Troude and Canadian vessels. All the ships were gaily dressed in bunting and throughout the old town the colors of the three countries were generally displayed. Thousands of visitors attended.

After the demonstration at the fort the guests of the government and committee in charge of the celebration were taken on an excursion to Granville, the site of the first fort. President Loubet of France was represented by M. Koskowski, consul general of France, and among the guests were Samuel Verplanck Hoffman, representing the New York Historical society; Prof. Thwaites of the University of Wisconsin, and the Right Rev. Thomas N. Jaggar, Episcopal bishop of Southern Ohio. The celebration here will be concluded tomorrow, after which the warships and most of the distinguished visitors will go to St. Johns, where an elaborate program for Thursday and Friday has been arranged.

Installing New Gas Producer.

KOKOMO, IND., June 21.—(Special.)—W. D. Hartupee, chief engineer of the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company, is in the city installing gas producers from coal for the boilers of the Kokomo plate glass plant. He has just made a complete investigation of the plant, and decided this to be the wise course. The company still has gas, but not in sufficient quantity for next winter's run.

Body of Pittsburgher Recovered.

KITTANNING, PA., June 21.—(Special.) The body of Andrew Whitehouse, the musician of the South Side, Pittsburgh, who was drowned at Ford City last Saturday, has been recovered. The body was buried in the Catholic cemetery at Ford City.

GAMBLING LOSSES TOO BIG TO BE REMEMBERED

Former Telegraph Operator Unable to Even Guess at Trouble on the Green Cloth.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, June 21.—"Can you tell within $50,000 how much money you lost playing poker during the last year?"

To this question asked in the examination of the affairs of the alleged bankrupt grain and stock brokerage firm of W. H. Laidley & Co. before a referee today, W. H. Laidley, the president, replied "No."

"Is this an effort to discover assets?" broke in one of the attorneys present.

"Yes, and every cent the witness lost at gambling is an asset, and can be recovered by the creditors," replied Attorney Jacob Ringer, who was conducting the examination. "We don't have to sue," he added, significantly, in reply to a remark that he could recover if he could get a judgment.

Drawn out, bit by bit, Laidley told how he started business in Marquette, Mich., on a capital of $1,100 which he had saved from his earnings as a telegraph operator. Afterward he had moved to Chicago, increasing his business until he had a system of offices with five private wires. He said he spent $4,000 in furnishing his office in Chicago and $2,500 in Detroit. Laidley admitted owing about $100,000.

OUTBOUND RATES CUT.

Cunard Line Takes Decisive Step in Ocean Rate War by Heavy Reduction.

NEW YORK, June 21.—(Special.)—The Cunard line today took a decisive step in the rate war now raging by announcing a cut in the steerage rate from New York and Boston to Great Britain and the continents. The new rate, which goes into effect at once and applies to all steamships in the company, will be $15 to Liverpool, Queenstown, London, Glasgow, Londonderry and Belfast.

The former rate was $28 and $29.50, according to the steamship. The rate to Scandinavian points is $20 and to Stockholm and Helsingfors $23. The new rate to Hamburg, Bremen, Rotterdam and Antwerp is $17.

The new rate to Italian ports is $20, and to Austrian ports $25. The old rate to these continental ports ranged from $30 to $36.

ALEXANDER DODDS.

News of the Nearby Towns and Country

SCHOOL BOARDS CHOOSE PRINCIPALS AND TEACHERS

Instructors Are Selected for Free Institutions at Bellevernon and Other Places.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

BELLEVERNON, PA., June 21.—At a meeting of the Bellevernon school board last evening Prof. Charles A. Compton was elected principal for a term of three years. All the former teachers, with one exception, were re-elected at increases of salaries ranging from $2 to $5 per month. The teachers are Mrs. Minnie R. Riddle, Miss Mina Houseman, Miss Lillian E. Hammitt, Miss Helen M. Bower, Miss Georgiana Eggers, Miss Jennie K. Roley, Miss Lillian W. Graham, Miss Emma Reppert and Miss Clara S. Lange. The tax levy was made the same as last year—12 mills.

FREEPORT, PA., June 21.—The school board met tonight and elected the following principal and teachers: Principal, H. H. Elliott; teachers, Mrs. Martha Neale, Misses Genevieve McCain, Ella McMeans, Bessie Rugh, Alice Pennington, Gertrude Cowan, Ella Schrader, Lyda Gormley and Elizabeth Heppler of Butler county.

CLARION, PA., June 21.—The annual election of public school teachers was held last evening, and the following teachers were elected for the ensuing year: Principal, Prof. E. C. Nenkey of Kittanning; Misses Cribbs, Graham, Rhea, Faloon, Hindman, Potter and David, and Messrs. T. P. Miller and E. M. Sweitzer. The schools will open August 29.

WEST NEWTON, PA., June 21.—At a meeting of the school board the entire corps of teachers for the coming year were elected as follows: Principal, Frank Orton; teachers, Maud Moore, Hattie Krepps, Ella McLain, Maude Smith, Helen Wattles, Clara Vogel, Hattie Miller, Ida Lawson, Sadie Sampson, Katie Strobel, Hettie Latimore, Mary Maeder, Flo Obley, Alvira Sweeney, Myrtle Squibb and A. A. Miller.

APOLLO, PA., June 21.—The Apollo school board last evening elected the following teachers: Misses Larimer, Bortz, Miller, Burkett, Bird, Johnston, Hill, Lintner, McCarrell, Wray, Allhouse, McCurdy, Ewing, McAluch and Mrs. Matthews. The resignation of Prof. Stewart, principal, was received but no one was elected to fill the vacancy.

AFTER PENNSY EMPLOYES.

Sante Fe Agents Offer Work to Suspended Men at Altoona, Pa.

ALTOONA, PA., June 21.—(Special.)—Several agents, representing the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad, are here offering permanent employment to suspended Pennsylvania railroad company employes. The agents are confident of securing all the skilled mechanics needed. A large number are said to have accepted their propositions and are now making preparations for departure from here.

The Pennsylvania machine shops here closed down this afternoon and the employes were suspended. It is the intention of the company to resume on the first two days of each week from now until the middle of July, when full time may be restored. Three thousand men are effected.

Funerals of Explosion Victims.

KITTANNING, PA., June 21.—The funerals of Grier Fleming, William Moore, John Evans and William Moore, the four men whose deaths were caused by the burning gas well at Goheenville, last Friday, took place today. Grier Fleming was buried at this place; William Moore at West Monterey, four miles from Parker, and John Evans and William Stewart at Goheenville, within two miles of the burning well. The well is still pouring out great volumes of gas, which is divided by the tools that are held above the ground by the wrench and the flames are shooting high in the air.

GREEN COUNTY FARMERS HAVE FATAL QUARREL

Lazar Spragg Kills James Seals Near Nettle Hill—Surrenders at Waynesburg, Pa.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

WAYNESBURG, PA., June 21.—A fatal affray between two prominent farmers occurred near Nettle Hill, Jackson township, Greene county, last night, during which David Seals was shot, dying later. Seals, who was a large powerful man, with a reputation as a fighter, had taken offense at Lazar Spragg and threatened to beat him. The offer to fight was renewed on several occasions by Seals, but Spragg, who is smaller, refused to fight.

Last night Spragg was called from his bed by two stock buyers and, while talking to them, a man passed along the road in front of his house. Spragg spoke in a neighborly way, not recognizing Seals. Seals became angry and demanded to know why Spragg had spoken to him, to which Spragg retorted that had he known it was Seals he would not have spoken. After an argument Seals forced a fight on Spragg and struck him several times. Spragg attempted to ward off the blows and, failing, retreated to his house. He secured a shotgun and warned Seals to keep away. As the latter made another attempt to attack him Spragg fired a shot in the air to drive his antagonist away. Seals came on, however, and after a second warning Spragg fired at him, the load of shot taking effect in his abdomen. Preparations were made to take the wounded man to the home of a neighbor, and while being hauled there on a sled he died. Seals was 30 years old and unmarried. He was a son of James Seals, a well-known contractor. Spragg is a son of ex-Poor Director Henry M. Spragg, and belongs to a well-known and highly respected family. He came here at 5 o'clock this morning and gave himself up to the authorities.

MUNICIPAL LEAGUE MAKES DEAL WITH LIQUOR MEN

Proceedings for Suspension of Licenses Dropped in Lackawanna County, Pa.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

SCRANTON, PA., June 21.—An agreement was reached today between the Scranton and Dunmore liquor dealers and the Municipal league for the suspension of proceedings to revoke the licenses of more than 100 dealers.

By the agreement the saloon men will pay all costs of present proceedings, place a fund of $5,000 cash in hands of the league trustees for prosecuting themselves or other offenders against the license laws during a period of three years, and also agree to help the league prosecute such offenders by furnishing evidence.

The saloons are to be kept closed Sundays and election days and blinds are to be drawn so that they are open to the public view of the street. Any offender against the laws, who may be convicted, is to be forever barred from securing a license in Lackawanna county.

Caboose Wrecks Part of House.

BROWNSVILLE, PA., June 21.—(Special.)—A caboose on the Pittsburgh, Virginia & Charleston, while switching in West Brownsville this afternoon, ran off the end of the switch and through the front part of E. B. Wells' house, wrecking a portion of the dwelling. Mrs. Wells was sitting in the room, but by some miracle was not injured.

Woman Found Dead.

FAIRMONT, W. Va., June 21.—(Special.)—Mrs. Elias Nuzum, aged 70, was found dead in her room on Locust avenue this evening at 7 o'clock. She lived alone, and is supposed to have died of heart trouble Sunday afternoon.

CONDEMNED MURDERER ATTEMPTS TO ESCAPE

James Callihan, a Negro, Cuts Bars of His Cell at Washington, Pa.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, PA., June 21.—James Callihan, a negro condemned to die for murder, made an effort to escape from the Washington county jail late last night. Callihan is confined in "murderers' row" in the north wing, the only other prisoner in this tier being Milovar Kovovick, convicted of killing Contractor Ferguson. Callihan secured the saws and a file in a pie sent to him last Friday. He sawed through the two bars and then concealed the marks with soap, which he had blackened. Fearing that this would be discovered he tore two strips from his blanket and tied the ends about the bars at points where he had sawed through them. This strip of cloth was noticed last night by Deputy Sheriff Samuel Howe, who in cutting it off pulled out the two pieces of the cell bars.

Callihan was immediately placed in another cell and searched. His mattress was torn up and the sink in the cell was drained but no trace of the tools was found until this morning when in the air shaft immediately back of the cell three saws and a file were found. Callihan with a spoon had unscrewed the plate to the air shaft and, fastening the tools to a length of wire, had hung them over the water pipe in the air shaft, where they were completely hidden. Callihan says the sawing was done before he was placed in the cell. Kovovick, in an adjoining cell, says he heard no sawing, but the authorities do not believe him. A constant guard will now be placed in "murderers' row."

Women's Club Select Officers.

NEW CASTLE, PA., June 21.—(Special.)—Officers have been elected by the New Castle Auditorium association, an organization formed by the members of the various women's clubs of the city to erect a permanent headquarters. These officers are: President, Mrs. George W. Moody; first vice president, Mrs. Thomas W. Phillips; second vice president, Mrs. Frank C. Douds; secretary, Miss Anna King; treasurer, Mrs. Elizabeth Boyce; assistant treasurer, Mrs. William K. Hugus; board of directors, Mrs. J. Orman Martin, Mrs. David R. Harris, Mrs. Frank Butler, Mrs. David Jameson and Mrs. Charles W. Johnson.

Gifts to Oil City Schools.

OIL CITY, PA., June 21.—(Special.)—Mrs. August C. Morck of this city, daughter of the late Wesley Chambers, has offered to equip a sewing and dressmaking department, a department of domestic science and cooking and a manual training school, provided the city will furnish the necessary teachers. The offer has been accepted by the school board. It is estimated it will cost the donor $15,000. Three instructors will have charge of the work. Mrs. Morck also offered to furnish a kindergarten for the Oil City schools, provided it be made a part of the school curriculum.

Pittsburgher Buys Interest.

CONNELLSVILLE, PA., June 21.—(Special.)—T. E. McDermott of Pittsburgh has secured an interest in the Riverside Manufacturing and Supply Company, and the stock of that concern will be increased from $16,000 to $25,000. The name of the concern will be changed to the Riverside Metal Refining Company, and its specialty will be the refining of linotype and stereotype metals.

Charges Against Employment Agencies.

NEW CASTLE, PA., June 21.—(Special.)—Up to this afternoon 82 charges of a criminal nature have been made by Italians against proprietors of employment agencies here before local aldermen. The informants allege that the employment men took their money through making false representations to secure them work.

Continuation of that
Big sale of fine corsets

WE told you about this sale yesterday, but such good news deserves a second telling—10,000 pairs of the world's best corsets, including Sonette, Augustine, American Lady, R. & G., Warner's, P. N., etc.—all the newest models, with or without hose supporters and garter attachments—in netting, batiste and jean—worth all the way up to $6.50—go in four lots at **25c, 49c, 69c, & 1.50**

KAUFMANN'S
"THE BIG STORE"

Watch and clock specials

Chatelaine watches—gun metal finish, white dial with gold rim, gold bands, warranted good timekeepers, special at **1.98**

Chatelaine watches—genuine French enameled cases—red, green, dark or turquoise blue, first-class movement, complete with pin to match, for **3.98**

Elgin or Waltham watches—14 K gold filled thin model cases, warranted to wear 20 years, fine watch for either men or boys—special at **8.98**

Gold novelty clocks—fancy carved designs, 7 in. high, plated with Ormolu gold, will not tarnish, very good timekeepers, special at **1.19**

Our present sale of clothing

Embraces the surplus stocks of two of the country's best clothing manufacturers

Hornthal, Benjamin & Riem,
24 E. Fourteenth Street, New York

Isaac Hamburger & Sons,
Baltimore and Howard Streets, Baltimore, Md.

The entire purchase (one of the largest and best we've ever made) comprehending not only the season's most favored styles (but a full range of sizes in almost every pattern) has been divided into three price-groups—as follows:

6.60 for suits that sell regularly for $10 and $12

At this price will be found single and double-breasted sack suits of all sorts of stylish materials, including blue and black serges and cheviots. The coats are lined or half lined, and are cut with broad shoulders and with the nobby small collar and lapels. Buttonholes are hand-worked; better fitting garments it would be hard to find.

9.90 for suits that sell regularly for $15 and $18

The garments at this price are eminently good; they are made from distinctly high-class materials, in nobby and refined patterns—also from blue and black serges and cheviots. They are tailored in high-class manner—and are trimmed as good as the $20 and $25 garments of the average custom tailor. Choice of either single or double-breasted sack styles.

14.75 for suits that sell regularly for $20 and $25

The finest ready-to-put-on garments manufactured are embraced in the group at this price. Imported worsteds, bannockburns, cassimeres and cheviots; the highest class of materials and the swellest patterns. Equal garments cannot be produced by good custom tailors for less than $25 to $35. In all details they are perfect.

The best boys' clothing values of the season

3,000 boys' wash suits—represent a recent purchase from the Manhattan Wash Suit Co. and Hecht & Co., makers of the celebrated Regatta suits. They're regular $2, $2.50 and $3.00 suits—sailor, Russian blouse, Buster Brown and kilt U. S. deck style, in white pique, duck, linen, galatea and crash, all sizes—choice **1.50**

Boys' all-wool suits reduced—we've taken 1,500 of our boys' $5, $6 and $7 sailor and Russian blouse suits and reduced them all to one price—only 2.75. Included are Buster Brown, Russian blouse and sailor styles, made of fine serges and fancy cheviots—wise parents will buy a couple or more while the price is only **2.75**

Boys' fine dress suits—a number of the finer suits for boys 8 to 17 years, reduced to 5.00. Embraced are swell two-piece suits, in single or double-breasted style, skeleton or full lined, Norfolk suits with regular or knickerbocker trousers, and elegant 3-piece confirmation suits—all go now at only **5.00**

Curtain prices lowered

25% TAKEN off of some—fully a third off of others—it all depends upon how anxious the maker was to sell us the goods.

$1.25 ruffled curtains, 67c

Very dainty ruffled Swiss curtains, in neat patterns of dots, stripes and tucks, 2½ and 3 yds. long with full ruffles—as good as any you've ever bought for $1.25, here today for 67c pair.

Ruffled bobbinet curtains—very pretty patterns, with lace insertions and edgings; deep, full ruffles, good width, 3 yards long—regular price $2.25 pair, this sale **1.35**

Regular $3.50 lace curtains—fine Nottingham, Scotch and Cable net, plain centers, conventional all-over effects—exact reproductions of hand-made laces—this sale, **1.75**

Regular $5.50 curtains—handsome imported Irish point, Brussels, Tambour and Cluny lace, exquisite patterns mounted on fine nets—this sale, pair, **3.69**

Couch cover special—reversible tapestry couch covers, 60 in. wide, perfectly reversible, fringed all around, rich oriental colorings—regular $4.50 ones at **2.75**

Sale girls' dresses

98c buys choice

From 12 styles of girls' suits and dresses—that usually sell for $1.98

Included are those popular "suspender" dresses, made of fine chambray and gingham, with tucked white lawn waists; also sailor suits, Russian blouse and regular dresses, all appropriately trimmed with embroidery, lace, etc., all sizes 4 to 14 in the lot.

1.98 for girls' and misses' shirtwaist suits—made of white lawn and grass linen, the waists trimmed with heavy lace insertion, tab stock collar with each suit, new sleeves, nice full gored flaring skirt, sizes 14, 16 and 18 years.

Cool silk waists

A special sale today of washable China, Jap. and pongee silk waists, the coolest and most serviceable summer waists made. Over a hundred styles to choose from, in white, black and pongee colors.

$3.50 waists for 1.95—choice from 4 splendid styles, made of fine Jap. or China silk, trimmed with lace insertings, hemstitching, medallions or plain tucked—white or black—newest long shoulder effect, pretty stock collar with each waist, sizes 32 to 44.

$7.50 china silk waists, 5.00—when you see these you'll be at once impressed with their style—beauty and other good points—they're made with pointed yoke of shirring, in the new bertha style, also tailor pleated — colors are white, black, navy and brown.

Such pricing of
Stylish summer millinery

IS certainly without precedent in the history of this store. The most modish and the jauntiest hats are selling at a mere song, so to speak. No woman need deny herself the pleasure of possessing two, or three or more hats—when they may be bought for as little as we tell of below:

Shirtwaist hats—several tables loaded down with smart and dressy shirtwaist hats, which were made to retail for $3 to $5—all fresh, clean, new goods which we happened to purchase for less than the cost of the materials—choice today at **1.00**

Trimmed hats that sold for $4 to $5 two weeks ago, now **3.00**

Trimmed hats that sold for $6.50 to $7.50 two weeks ago, now **5.00**

Hundreds of new dress hats—for women, misses and children—a special purchase of 50c, 75c and $1 hats at **10c.**

Trimmed hats that sold for $7.50 to $10 two weeks ago, now **6.75**

Trimmed hats that sold for $18 to $20 two weeks ago, now **10.00**

Fine June roses—25c to 45c bunches for 10c.

Beautiful geraniums—35c bunches for 10c.

CHICAGO IS CENTRAL NEWS SPOT OF THE WORLD THIS WEEK.

The Gazette Each Day Gives All the Details of the Nomination of a President and Vice President and Framing Republican Platform of Policy Furnished by Political Experts and a Staff of Unequaled Newspaper Writers.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 22, 1904.—PAGES 9 TO 14.

ALL THE NEWS ALL THE TIME IN THE GAZETTE.

Foreign, Domestic, Local, Sporting, Society, Financial, State, River, Railroad Developments and All Events on the Globe Worth Chronicling Are Fully Reported in This Newspaper, Which Is Without a Peer.

THE PIRATES' COLLEGE PITCHER MADE GOOD IN HIS FIRST GAME

LYNCH ALLOWED BUT FOUR HITS

Was a Bit Wild at First, but Soon Settled Down and Pitched a Great Game.

HE CAN ALSO BAT SOME

NATIONAL LEAGUE RESULTS.

Pittsburgh	9—St. Louis		0
New York	6—Boston		2
Cincinnati	3—Chicago		0
Philadelphia	4—Brooklyn		3

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
New York	36	16	.692	St. Louis	25	26	.490
Cincinnati	34	19	.642	Boston	21	32	.396
Chicago	31	19	.620	Brooklyn	21	34	.382
Pittsburgh	28	25	.528	Philadelphia	12	36	.250

LEAGUE GAMES TODAY.

New York at Boston.
Philadelphia at Brooklyn.
Chicago at Cincinnati.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

ST. LOUIS, June 21.—Mike Lynch, the Brown college boy, made his debut as a professional pitcher with the Pittsburgh team, and, although he was rather wild at times, he succeeded in winning from the Cardinals at League park today 9 to 6.

"Smiling Joe" Corbett began pitching for the St. Louis team, but he retired in the fourth inning after the Pirates scored five runs. He was relieved by Sanders, who did better than Corbett, but could not get the lead again after the visitors had scored seven runs when he took charge of the twirling.

Lynch at first seemed to have stage fright, but after a few innings he was more calm and settled down. At the end of the game the Cardinals had only hit him four times, while the Pirates secured 12 hits off Corbett and Sanders.

Mike has a very swift ball, but at times could not control it. He brought himself out of many tight places. When he would give a batter three balls and two strikes he usually made the deciding one to his advantage. He issued but four bases on balls. At the bat he did well, getting two hits, one being a double, out of four times up.

"Doc" Leach played the star game of the Pittsburgh team. He was the first man to bat in the game and smashed out a home run from the first ball pitched by Corbett. He sent the sphere down to center field. Smoot made a sensational catch of a fouled by Sebring. Sebring sent the ball high one behind the base. It soared up in the air and looked as though it might land in the stand. "Shorty" ran after the ball, but stumbled. His hold was insecure, and he could not catch the ball while he was on the ground. The force of the catch threw Mac on the flat of his back and he slid several feet but held on to the ball. In the ninth inning Phelps was struck on the shoulder by a fast one pitched by Sebring. Sebring sent the ball high and Mac, who was playing deep, narrowly escaped being caught out. Phelps then stole second. Three men secured two other hits out of four times up.

In the third inning "Shorty" McLean, the catcher of the losers, distinguished himself by making a sensational catch of a foul hit by Sebring. Sebring sent the ball high and

SOCIETY

An engagement which will be of unusual interest to many Pittsburghers, is that of Miss Margaret Marcus and Frank Pitcairn, both of Philadelphia. Miss Marcus is the daughter of Mrs. Margaret E. Marcus of Spruce street, Philadelphia, and the late William M. Marcus. She is at present visiting Mrs. M. Roy Jackson of Bank street, Sewickley, who will formally announce the engagement of the young people at a linen shower which she will give within the next two weeks in honor of Miss Marcus.

Miss Marcus was graduated from the convent of the Sisters of Mercy in Philadelphia in June, 1903. Her fiance, who is a graduate of Princeton, is a nephew of Robert Pitcairn of this city and is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Pitcairn, formerly of Harrisburg, Pa., but now of Hamburg, Germany, where Mr. Pitcairn has been American consul general for seven years. Mrs. Pitcairn is expected in this country shortly. Her son, whose engagement is to be announced, after his graduation came to Pittsburgh where he lived for a year, later going to Philadelphia to take a position with the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company.

Although no date has been set for the wedding of Miss Marcus and Mr. Pitcairn, it is understood that it will be an event of next winter, in Philadelphia, and that Mrs. Jackson, who is at present entertaining the bride-elect, will be the matron of honor. This will be the third wedding in the Pitcairn connection within the year, David Aiken Pitcairn, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Pitcairn and a nephew of Robert Pitcairn, having been married to Miss Clara Edith Forgie last October and Robert Pitcairn, Jr., having wedded Miss Marion McLean Sellers in November.

Hutson-Carspecken.

Pink and green were the predominating colors last evening at the wedding of Miss Lotta May Hutson and Henry L. Carspecken. The ceremony was performed in the new Beth Eden Baptist church, Allegheny, by the pastor, the Rev. J. S. Hutson, D. D., the father of the bride. The bridal party entered the church at 8 o'clock, the ushers, Frank Hutson, George Hutson and Arthur Hutson, three brothers of the bride, and Miss Cunningham, leading. Miss Agnes Carspecken, a sister of the bridegroom, was the maid of honor, and the bridesmaids, Miss Agnes Snyder of Warren, Pa., and Grace Williams of Allegheny. Frederick Hutson, another brother of the bride, was best man, and two little flower-bearers, Miss Helen Hutson and Herbert Hutson, her niece and nephew, completed the party. The bride wore a gown of white French batiste trimmed with Valenciennes lace. The round yoke was finished with a pointed berthe and the trained skirt was trimmed with quantities of insertion and medallions. A prince of Wales plume fastened her tulle veil and her bouquet was of white roses and lilies of the valley in shower effect. She wore a diamond and pearl pendant, the gift of the bridegroom. Miss Carspecken was also gowned in white batiste and lace. She carried pink roses and a dash of color was given by her pink satin sash. White net was used for the gowns of the two bridesmaids, with girdles of green satin. Their bouquets were of white daisies and fairleyense fern fastened with green chiffon and in their hair were DuBarry bows. The two little flower-bearers were dressed in white and pink, little Miss Helen's frock being of white lawn with sash and hair ribbons of pink satin. White galheta was used for the little lad's suit, the pink being carried out in the bows on his slippers and in the Lord Fauntelroy sash. They carried one large basket of pink roses with bows of pink chiffon on the handle. A wedding supper followed at Mr. Hutson's home in Kirkpatrick avenue, Allegheny. Pink and white sweet peas adorned the bridal table and pink and white carnations were used throughout the other rooms. The dining room was decorated with palms and daisies. After their wedding trip east Mr. and Mrs. Carspecken will be at home in Morgantown, W. Va., where they will receive their friends after August.

Pittsburgh Conservatory Concert.

At yesterday's concerts at the Pittsburgh Conservatory of Music, Dithridge street, where the commencement exercises are occupying the entire week, part was taken by Misses Reba Yingling, Helen Hazlett, Hoeveler, Ethel Crabbs, Louise Stevenson, Madeline Palmer, Muriel Henderson, Rose McGrew, Mae Marshall, Ruth Wunderlich, Nellie Andrews, Flora Crabbs, Emma Hoerr, Mary Arthur, Elsie Guffey, Lena Raper, Jean Chester, Eleanor McCook, Henrietta Schmeltz, Cornelia Friebertshauser, Ella Allison, Belle Hanna, Lulu Keiser, Isabel Lytle, Edith McFarlane and Anna Myra Petty, and Master Hercules Moss and Mr. George Morgan.

The programs for today calls for two concerts, one in the morning and one in the afternoon, and the participants will be the Misses Mary Dixon, Dell Lewis, Edna Simpson, Elizabeth McElwaine, Margaret Roberts, Leila Stern, Henriette Allebrand, Lillian McCullough, Celia Lazear, Helen Milne, Anna Radcliff, Vivian Chaffee, Ethel Wright, Josephine Maloney, Ida McCaffrey, Pauline Pierce, Gertrude Wise, Jennie Evans, Florence Eckstein, Esther Davies, Hilda Reber, Ethel Griffen, Flora Kamponah, Naomi Schillinger, Ruth Thornburn and Camille Maher, and Master Reed Jaynes and Mr. Edgar Haines.

Pittsburghers at a New York Wedding.

Pittsburghers will be in the bridal party in an interesting wedding in New York today. The bride-elect will be Miss Cornelia Wright, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Page Wright of New York city, and the bridegroom the Rev. John Mitchell Harper of Indianapolis, Ind. The marriage will be solemnized in the Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Chelsea square, New York city, the Rev. Robert Ewell of Scranton, Pa., and the Rev. Frederick M. Burgess of New Haven, Conn., officiating. Miss Adelaide Thomas, daughter of Mrs. Adah S. Thomas of this city, will be the maid of honor and the bridesmaids will include Arthur P. Stone of Pittsburgh, George Paul Sargeant of Indianapolis, L. B. Holsapple of New Haven and W. F. McCarthy of New York. Howard Brandon Close of New York will be best man. The ceremony will be performed at noon and will be followed by communion. The bride will wear a gown of white satin, lace and orange blossoms, while the maid honor will be in pink and will wear a large picture hat.

The bride-elect is well known as a vocalist in New York and in the New England states, where she has sung with her mother, Mrs. Rosa Linde Wright, in oratorio and concert. Mrs. Wright and her daughter formerly lived in Pittsburgh. Mr. Harper is a southerner by birth, a graduate of Yale and received his theological training in the seminary in Chelsea square, New York. He is at present in charge of a parish in Indianapolis, where he will take his bride after their honeymoon.

Baker-Ford Nuptials.

WASHINGTON, PA., June 21.—The marriage of Miss Ella Baker and Prof. Harry Burton Ford, both of Washington, occurred in the First Methodist Episcopal church at 6:30 o'clock this evening in the presence of more than 1,000 guests. The Rev. J. R. Baker of Mansfield, O., uncle of the bride, and the Rev. J. B. Flak, pastor of the church, officiated. The ring ceremony was used. The church was handsomely decorated. Miss Ella Mains, Miss Mary Griffiths, Miss Jane Bailey and Miss Ethel Hart of Washington were the bridesmaids, and Miss Rea Milne of Washington was honor maid. The little Misses Vivian Rush and Aileen Shanks of Washington were flower girls. Mr. Walter Baker of Washington, a brother of the bride, was best man. The ushers were Mr. James Thomas, Mr. Chris Montgomery and Mr. Harry Jones of Washington. Immediately after the ceremony a reception was given at the home of the bride's father in North avenue. It was attended by about 100 guests. Prof. and Mrs. Ford left tonight on a Canadian trip of several weeks. Mrs. Ford is a member of one of the best known families in Washington county. Her father, Nehemiah R. Baker, a leading banker. She is a Washington seminary graduate and prominent socially. Prof. Ford has the chair of romance languages at Washington and Jefferson college. Prof. and Mrs. Ford will be at home in Washington after September 1.

Entertaining the Bridal Party.

Paul Arthur Sorg of Middletown, O., whose marriage to Miss Grace Watson Aull will take place this afternoon, was host at a dinner last evening at the Monongahela club, the guests being the members of the bridal party and Herbert Martin and Mrs. Utz, both of New York. Mrs. Utz is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Albert Aull, Mrs. Martin of Mr. and Mrs. William Deschand of Middletown, O., who are among the out-of-town wedding guests, is staying at the Schenley. The dinner followed the rehearsal for the wedding.

The entire bridal party was entertained at luncheon by Harry Hamilton at the Union club yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Paul Arthur Sorg, mother of the bridegroom, was hostess at dinner last evening at the Hotel Schenley. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. Martin, Mrs. Martin's sister, Miss Homer Martin, Mr. and Mrs. John Albert Aull, Dr. and Mrs. Stewart Lacock, Mr. and Mrs. William Deschand of Middletown, O., and Miss Willian Wertz Aull. Pink and white sweet peas formed the centerpieces.

Visitors in the Valley.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert F. Shannon of Edgeworth, have as their house guests Dr. and Mrs. William Shannon of Arlesay, 40 miles out of London, England. Dr. Shannon, who came with his wife to the valley about a week ago, will leave on Thursday evening for New York to sail for England on Friday. Mrs. Shannon will remain with friends in America during the summer. William Shannon, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Shannon's son, is expected home from Phillips academy, Exeter, N. H., the latter part of next week. Dr. and Mrs. Shannon were married two years ago after a romantic courtship. Miss Shannon, the daughter of the late William J. Shannon, of Edgeworth, besides meeting with remarkable success as a prominent physician and surgeon in London, while she was visiting relatives in England. The engagement was announced by cable, and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Shannon went over to London where the wedding took place.

Patterson-Graham.

At the home of the bride's parents in Madison avenue, McKeesport, last evening the wedding of Miss Mame Patterson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Patterson, and Robert F. Graham, both of McKeesport, took place. The ceremony, which was performed by the Rev. A. W. Caldwell of the First United Presbyterian church of McKeesport, was witnessed by immediate relatives and intimate friends only. The bridesmaid was Miss Jean Patterson, a sister of the bride, and the flower girls were her nieces, Miss Dorothy Patterson and Miss Mary Bishoff. William Grant of Pittsburgh was best man. The bride wore a gown of white crepe meteor, trimmed with duchesse lace, and she carried a shower bouquet of lillies of the valley. The bridesmaid was gowned in yellow and carried white marguerites and the flower girls wore simple white frocks and carried yellow marguerites. Mr. and Mrs. Graham will be at home after July 12 in Madison avenue, McKeesport.

In Honor of a Daughter-In-Law.

Mrs. Clara Wilson Banks of Kincaid street gave a beautifully-appointed luncheon of 15 covers yesterday in honor of her new daughter-in-law, Mrs. Louis Layton Banks, who was Miss Lalva Shaom before her marriage a few weeks ago. They received informally before the luncheon and were assisted by Mrs. William P. Shaom, Mrs. James L. Black, Mrs. George Prowell and Miss Mary Alice Shaom. The other guests were Mrs. F. J. Cress, Mrs. G. Phillips, Miss Frances Wilson, Mrs. Frederick McLain, Mrs. Hyde Sample, Mrs. W. S. Fisher, Mrs. Benjamin McDonald, Mrs. John Gaston and Mrs. John T. Anderson of Oakmont.

Yellow dahlias were the decorations. Corsage bouquets were at each place as favors, and the little flowers also formed the centerpiece and ornamented the place cards.

Reunion of Walnut Lane Girls.

The bridge whist and euchre which Mrs. George Yandes Wheeler of Neville street will give tomorrow will be a pleasant reunion for many of the Walnut Lane girls in this city as well as for several visiting friends during the wedding of Miss Grace Watson Aull and Paul Arthur Sorg. The out-of-town bridesmaids, who are all Walnut Lane girls, will remain in the city for Mrs. Wheeler's entertainment, and will also attend the dance which Miss Margaret Chatfant will give tomorrow evening at her home in Etna. Mrs. Wheeler's guest of honor will be Miss Sarah Farrer of Erie, who will arrive in Pittsburgh today to visit her sister, Miss Farrer's mother, Mrs. C. W. Farrer, will also come from her home today to be the guest of Mrs. Thomas Hartley Given of Neville street. Miss Farrer is coming on from Atlantic City, Last in July Mrs. Wheeler, with a party of friends, will go to Atlantic City for a few weeks.

Oglevee-Miller Wedding.

CONNELLSVILLE, PA., June 21.—(Special.)—A pretty wedding, celebrated tonight at the home of the bride's parents, was that of Miss Bessie F. Oglevee, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. G. Oglevee of Dickerson Run and Edward D. Miller of Fishertown, Bedford county, Pa. The Rev. W. S. Danley, pastor of the First Cumberland Presbyterian church of McKeesport, performed the ceremony. The attendants were Miss Lulu Oglevee, a sister, as bridesmaid, and John G. McCune of West Newton, as groomsman. Upon their return from a wedding tour they will itve in Uniontown. The bride is a daughter of an old Fayette county family. She is a graduate of Waynesburg college and an accomplished musician. Mr. Miller graduated Wednesday last at Washington and Jefferson college.

Pittsburgh Ladies Entertain.

OIL CITY, PA., June 21.—(Special.)—Mrs. H. Bruce Beatty and The chambers of Pittsburgh, assisted by Mrs. M. D. Johnston of Pittsburgh, entertained 250 society women of this city at the Venango club house today. A luncheon was served in the large dining rooms and the reception lasted from 3 to 6 p. m. Those who assisted in receiving were: Miss Mary Tomkin, Miss Ivah Brigham, Miss Anna Hulings, Miss Nannie Simpson of Oil City, and the Misses Mame, Minnie, Etta and Lorraine Beatty. Following the reception the aids were entertained at supper by Mrs. Beatty and Mrs. Johnston. The reception hall, dining room and parlors of the club house were beautifully decorated with palms and roses.

Martin-James.

A quiet little home wedding last evening was that of Miss Blanche Elizabeth Martin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Martin of Ward street, Oakland, and William J. James. The Rev. Alonzo Stark, pastor of the Oakland Baptist church, performed the ceremony at 7 o'clock. The attendants were the maid of honor, Miss Edith James, a sister of the bridegroom, and R. H. Martin, a brother of the bride, who was best man. After their wedding trip Mr. and Mrs. James will be at home in Hale street, Brushton.

McDonald-Dunkle.

WASHINGTON, PA., June 21.—(Special.)—Chauncey O. McDonald of Ambridge, and Miss Bessie Lee Dunkle of Washington, were married at the home of the bride's parents tonight. There were no attendants. Mr. and Mrs. McDonald left on awedding trip tonight. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Dunkle. Mr. McDonald is a graduate of Washington and Jefferson college, and is connected with the American Bridge Company at Ambridge, where he and his bride will live.

Dennison-Harvey.

WASHINGTON, PA., June 21.—(Special.)—At the Catholic church of the Immaculate Conception this morning at 8:30 o'clock was solemnized the marriage of Miss Emma Bell Dennison of Claysville and Francis P. Harvey of Washington. Friends and relatives were present. Miss Ana Dennison, the bride's sister, and C. F. Brill of Philadelphia attended the couple. Mr. and Mrs. Harvey left on a wedding trip west this morning. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Dennison. Mr. and Mrs. Harvey will live in Hazelwood, Pittsburgh, after July 25.

Dutcher-Norlin Nuptials.

CLEVELAND, O., June 21.—The marriage of Miss Minnie Covert Dutcher and Prof. George Norlin was celebrated here this evening. The bride is the daughter of Mrs. Rose E. Dutcher of New York city and niece of the Hon. John C. Covert, United States consul at Lyons, France, with whom she has made her home for some years. The young couple will make their home in Boulder, Col., where Prof. Norlin holds the chair of Greek languages and literature in the University of Colorado.

Fisher-Reed.

WASHINGTON, PA., June 21.—(Special.)—At 2:30 o'clock this afternoon at the home of the bride in Allison avenue, the marriage of Miss Eliza J. Fisher of Washington and Charles A. Reed took place. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. S. J. Fisher, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Swissvale in the presence of friends and relatives. Mr. and Mrs. Reed left on their honeymoon trip to the east this evening.

Phillips-Neely.

The marriage of Mrs. Anna M. Neely and Mr. Jonathan Phillips took place yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock with the Rev. Jesse L. Cottno, pastor of the Corsopolis Presbyterian church, officiating. After an eastern wedding trip Mr. and Mrs. Phillips will live in McIntyre avenue, Corsopolis.

Children Entertained.

Mrs. James Brown of Centennial avenue, Sewickley, entertained yesterday afternoon from 5 until 6 o'clock in honor of her little daughter, Catherine Brown. About 20 children were present and the afternoon was spent with indoor games on account of the weather.

Wedding Rehearsal and Supper.

The rehearsal for the wedding of Miss Anna May Lyons, daughter of James Lyons, and William James Patterson took place last evening at the home of the bride's father in Shady avenue. After the rehearsal Miss Martha Lyons, a sister of the bride, entertained the members of the bridal party at supper.

Informal Entertainments of June.

Mrs. Reuben Head and her mother, Mrs. Howard Morton, have invitations out for a porch euchre this afternoon at Mrs. Head's home in the Beechwood boulevard.

Mrs. John P. Knable entertained informally at cards yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Louis Leyton Banks will give a luncheon tomorrow at her home in Friendship avenue.

Notes of Society.

The annual excursion of the West Penn Nurses' Alumnae association will be held tomorrow evening on the steamer Francis J. Torrance.

The rain of yesterday afternoon and evening necessitated a change in the plans for the garden party at Rosemount, Penn and Fairmount avenues, and it was transferred to the piazzas of Mrs. Henry Wittmer's residence. The entertainment was for the benefit of the Rescue Home.

A successful entertainment was given last evening by Miss Henrietta I. Smith, the blind girl, in Lhaugh's hall, Penn and Winebiddle avenues. Miss Smith gave several piano solos, and was assisted by Miss Anna Shields, Miss Helen Herzog and Mr. and Mrs. Evans, vocalists, and the Belmont orchestra. The entertainment was followed by dancing.

AMONG THE CLUBS

Plans for Summer Outings.

Plans are progressing finely for the outings of the children in the summer playgrounds. The committee in charge met yesterday morning in the Twentieth Century clubhouse and details were so apportioned among the different members that it is not expected another meeting will be necessary. The sub-committee will make its report to the joint committee of women's clubs, under whose direction it is working, at the meeting tomorrow morning. The first instalment of children, it is expected, will be sent to the Glenfield Fresh Air home some time next week, when a party of at least a dozen children and their mothers will be taken to the country for a stay of 10 days or two weeks. They will probably go from the Eighth ward, Allegheny. The children from that ward and from the Fifth ward, Allegheny, will be among the first to have their outing. The children from the Ninth ward will be taken to the fresh air home in Sewickley, the others being divided between the home at Glenfield, which was opened yesterday, and the Perrysville Avenue day nursery.

Plans have progressed farther for the Allegheny children than for those in Pittsburgh. As soon as the number which can be cared for in the Lillian home, in Valencia, has been ascertained, arrangements will be made to take the children from the playgrounds in O'Hara, Riverside, Minersville and Columbian schools, some of the parties including children from more than one playground.

The committee is being aided in its work by the kindergarten teachers in the different wards and by the school teachers. In the Ninth ward, Allegheny, the committee is handicapped because it can reach the mothers of the little children only through interpreters, as nearly all are foreigners with no knowledge of the English tongue. Sometimes the invitation to let their children go on the outing is given by the kindergarten teachers and sometimes through the older children who have been attending school for some time and are able to grasp the idea of the plan proposed, which consists of an outing not for the children alone, the invitation also including the mothers.

The sub-committee which has charge of these summer outings consists of Mrs. John Dowling, chairman; Mrs. George Hubbard, Mrs. John H. Evans, Mrs. William McCarley, Miss Sarah Peet and Miss Kathryn Hutchinson.

Planning a New Settlement House.

The Relief club is planning to establish a social settlement house in the Soho district during the next year. The club has been in existence nearly two years and was organized with about a dozen active members, young women in the parish of the Church of the Sacred Heart. Their work has been of a philanthropic character purely. Within the last two months the club has secured an associate, or contributing membership of 100. The original members will conduct the two summer months' classes, but with the larger income is enabled to increase their efforts materially.

The club is almost ready to open its summer home for women and children at Idlewood. The first contingent of summer visitors will be sent to Idlewood early in July and will be followed by others throughout the two summer months. The house secured this season is the same the club occupied last year. The house was given the club rent free for two years, and during the coming winter, by means of benefit entertainments, money will be raised to purchase it or some other suitable place to be used next season. Last year the Relief club spent nearly $1,000 carrying on its summer home for the children, entertaining them for two weeks at a time, and in giving relief to families in the city. When the summer home is purchased the club will then immediately begin working for the establishment of its settlement house in Soho, which will be opened at first in a modest way, but as the work of the club and social entertainment grows its scope will be broadened.

Miss Pauline Donnelly, the president of the Relief club, sailed for Europe yesterday with a party of her own friends, and will remain abroad until next summer. During her absence the other active members of the club will carry out the plans which have been made for its work during the summer and coming winter. Although its work has been wholly nonsectarian in character until now the club has just clothed 12 little girls for their first communion in the Roman Catholic church.

Benefit for Home for Babies.

The Pittsburgh Home for Babies will benefit by the entertainment and lawn fete given Monday evening by seven little girls between the ages of 9 and 11 years. The lawn fete was given on the grounds surrounding the home of Mrs. W. Hosier in Allandale, Sewickley, and the little girls managed it entirely themselves. When the treasurer counted her money after the entertainment was over she found just $25 to give to the treasurer of the Home for Babies. The girls who had charge of the affair and who propose giving a similar entertainment later in the summer are Miss Ruth Miller, Miss Florence Bechtel, Miss Mary Bechtel, Miss Charlotte MacDonald, Miss Gertrude Winter, Miss Edna Hayden and Miss Ethel Hieber.

Robbed of $150.

WASHINGTON, PA., June 21.—(Special.)—W. J. Crawford of Bentleyville, this county, was robbed of $150 while he slept in his house this morning. Crawford last night gave a Syrian, peddler a room adjoining the one in which he slept. This morning he found $150 and the peddler gone.

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SWEDISH STUDENTS GAVE FINE CONCERT

Notable Musical Performance at Carnegie Music Hall Last Night.

The concert given by the Swedish Student-Chorus at the Pittsburgh Carnegie Music hall last evening was a great success in every way. The hall was literally packed with people, many of whom were of Swedish birth, and the great delight they took in hearing the music of their fatherland sung was very evident. It is safe to say that there has never been a musical event in Pittsburgh which aroused more genuine and hearty enthusiasm than did this concert. The applause was tumultuous, and the audience listened to every note sung with the most rapt attention, many people half rising or bending far forward in the endeavor to lose nothing of the music.

The chorus numbers 50 voices, and in appearance is a fine, stalwart group of men. Each held a blue and white student cap in his hand throughout the concert. The director is Dr. Alfred Berg of Lund university, Lund, Sweden, and the chorus was assisted by John Forsell, baritone of the Royal Opera at Stockholm. The music sung was entirely Swedish in composition, several of the songs celebrating great events in the history of Sweden.

The voices are well trained and beautiful in quality. There was a delightful surety in pitch, not the slightest hesitation being shown at any time, although the entire concert was given with no accompaniment from any musical instrument. Several times the beauty and clarity of tone was quite sensational. The perfect control which Dr. Berg kept on the chorus was likewise remarkable, the crescendo passes being especially well effected.

Mr. Forsell reaped a personal triumph, his every appearance being signaled by prolonged applause and a certain encore. He has a large, magnetic voice of purely baritone quality, high in range and with a very delightful breadth and artistic feeling. He should be heard in this country oftener.

Mr. Edward J. Napier, organist of the church of the Ascension, played several organ solos during the evening and was encored after each appearance.

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Wellsville and Bellaire	† 8.00 am	† 6.56 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	† 8.00 am	† 1.15 pm
Alliance and Mansfield	† 8.08 am	* 5.30 pm
Salem	† 8.00 am	#10.25 pm
Jamestown and Youngstown	† 6.20 am	† 1.22 pm
Jamestown and New Castle	* 8.05 am	* 8.35 am
Ohio Valley Express	* 5.30 pm	* 8.30 pm
Fort Wayne and Chicago	* 7.00 am	* 8.50 am
Wellsville and Bellaire	* 7.80 am	* 4.56 pm
The Forest City Special	* 8.00 am	* 8.40 pm
Columbus and Cincinnati	* 8.00 am	* 5.40 pm
Dover and Cin. City	† 8.05 am	#11.06 am
Erie, Youngstown and Ashtabula	* 8.05 am	#11.05 am
Expo Train, Ft. Wayne, St. Louis.	* 8.20 am	* 6.50 pm
The Toledo Special	*11.80 am	* 8.50 pm
The World's Fair Special	* 1.00 pm	* 2.15 pm
Columbus and Chicago	1.05 pm	* 2.00 pm
Youngstown and Jamestown	#12.35 pm	* 5.50 pm
New Castle and Ashtabula	#12.50 pm	#11.05 am
Cleveland and Bellaire	† 1.25 pm	† 1.15 pm
Alliance and Mansfield	† 1.35 pm	† 1.30 pm
New Castle and Erie	* 4.35 pm	* 8.40 pm
Youngstown and Niles	* 8.30 am	* 6.50 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	* 4.80 pm	* 8.50 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 4.35 pm	† 8.40 am
The Cleveland Special	* 5.00 pm	*11.30 am
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 5.00 pm	† 8.56 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 6.10 pm	† 9.10 am
The Chicago Special	* 6.30 pm	* 7.45 am
Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville	* 6.30 pm	* 8.00 am
Columbus and Indianapolis	* 8.10 pm	* 8.55 am
The St. Louis Limited	* 8.10 pm	* 8.56 am
The Pennsylvania Limited	* 8.15 pm	* 6.00 am
Toledo and Detroit	* 8.20 pm	* 8.35 am
Beaver Falls and New Castle	#10.40 pm	* 6.50 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	*11.00 pm	† 5.40 am

Leave for Washington, Pa., 16.00 am, 17.30 am, 19.00 am, 11.30 am, 14.30 pm, 15.15 pm, 17.30 pm, 19.30 pm, 23.30 pm, 12.05 pm.

Leave for Wheeling, 16.45 am, *8.30 am, 11.30 am, 12.30 pm, *3.15 pm.

Leave for Steubenville, *8.40 am, 18.26 am, 14.26 pm, 19.55 pm, 11.55 am.

Leave for Dennison, *8.40 am, 12.30 pm.

Leave Allegheny for Salem and Alliance, 11.25 pm.

*Every day. †Week days only. ‡Sundays only.

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Shirtwaist Suits of reliable quality of white lawn, tucked and lace trimmed; reduced from $5.00 to..... $2.90

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75 Suits, former prices $35.00, $42.00, $45.00 and $50.00, at..... $12.75

115 Tailored Suits, former prices from $55.00 to $97.50, at..... $35.00

JACKET DEPARTMENT.

Tan Covert Jackets, with or without collars, satin lined, former price $7.90, reduced to..... $4.75

An odd lot of Tan Covert and Black Cheviot Jackets, very finely tailored, taffeta and satin lined; former prices $12.50 to $18.00, at..... $8.90

Tan Covert Jackets with or without Collars, extra high-class tailoring; former prices $20.00 to $27.50, at..... $14.75

Raincoats in oxford gray and tan, double capes; reduced from $15.75 to..... $10.00

Tan and gray raincoats, all shades, collarless effects; reduced from $22.50 to..... $13.75

All Evening Wraps will be closed out at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

SKIRT DEPARTMENT

About 40 Novelty Walking Skirts, regular $7.50, will be offered at..... $2.90

Highly tailored walking skirts, extra quality of material, reduced from $6.90 to..... $3.90

A large line of novelty and plain cloth walking skirts—regular value $7.50 to $8.75, at..... $5.00

About 25 black and blue Melton walking skirts, suitable for early Fall wear, reduced from $8.75 and $11.75 to..... $5.90

Black and blue Brilliantine walking skirts, kilted effects, straps trimmed, reduced from $10.75 to..... $7.90

Black and Blue Panama walking skirts, kilted effects, reduced from $12.75 to..... $9.75

A rack of Broadcloth Dress Skirts, high-grade tailoring, former value $15.00 to $22.50, at..... $10.00

A limited number of Crepe de Chine and Voile Evening Dress Skirts, former price $37.50 to $55.00, reduced to..... $25.00 and $32.50

WAIST DEPARTMENT.

About 100 Spring and early Summer Silk Waists, former prices $6.50 to $10.00, will be closed out at..... $2.90

Two styles of India Silk Waists, trimmed with Val. lace; reduced from $4.90 to..... $2.75

India Silk waists in black and white, with yoke of fine tucks; reduced from $4.90 to..... $3.50

Two styles of Crepe de Chine Waists in black and colors, open in the back and front, trimmed with lace; reduced from $8.50 to..... $5.90

New high-class fancy India Silk Waists, which have sold at $18.75 and $20.00, at..... $13.75

About 200 white Lawn waists, slightly soiled or mussed, which have sold at $1.25, to be closed out at..... 60c

Two styles of white lawn waists, trimmed with embroidery and lace, regular price $1.25, at..... 75c

Figured lawn waists in a variety of patterns, regular $1.50 values, reduced to..... $1.00

Pure Irish Linen waists, regular $2.25 value, at..... $1.35

Plain white Lawn waists with yoke of fine tucks, regular price $2.50, reduced to..... $1.90

Fancy white lawn and tan Batiste Waists, which have sold at from $7.50 to $12.00 to $25.00, at..... $7.50 to $18.75

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

Sailors and untrimmed hats, sold formerly from 50c to $2.00, at..... 10c

A table of trimmed and tailored hats sold formerly from $1.00 to $3.50, at.. 50c

A lot of tailored and trimmed hats, sold formerly from $2.00 to $5.00, at..... 75c

Tailored and trimmed hats, sold formerly from $5.00 to $10.00, at..... $2.75

Trimmed and shirtwaist hats, sold formerly from $7.50 to $12.00, at..... $4.75

All Spring Pattern Hats, sold formerly from $12.50 to $30.00, to be closed out at from..... $6.90 to $15.00

UNDERWEAR DEPARTMENT.

CORSET COVERS.

Of Cambric, torchon lace and ribbon trimmed back and front; reduced from 50c to..... 20c

Of fine Nainsook, full front and fitted skirt, trimmed with lace, embroidery insertion and ribbon back and front; reduced from 75c and 90c to..... 45c

Of fine Nainsook, trimmed in every conceivable way; reduced from $1.00 and $1.25 to..... 75c

GOWNS.

Of Nainsook, sleeves and neck drawn through with ribbon; reduced from $1.00 to..... 65c

Of Cambric and Nainsook, including Chemise styles, trimmed in embroidery, lace and ribbon; reduced from $1.00 and $1.25 to..... 75c

DRAWERS.

Of Cambric, hemstitched or lace trimmed; reduced from 35c to..... 20c

Of Nainsook, with deep umbrella flounce, and five rows of lawn and lace insertion and lace trimmed; reduced from $1.00 to..... 65c

DRESSING SACQUES.

Of Colored Lawn with white borders, ribbon trimmed; reduced from 75c to..... 50c

WHITE PETTICOATS.

A few hundred Cambric petticoats, in a variety of styles, former price $1.25, at..... 85c

Of Cambric, with three rows of lace insertion in flounce; reduced from $1.90 to..... $1.25

A large assortment of fine lace and embroidery trimmed petticoats which have sold at $2.75 and $2.90, will be closed out at..... $1.90

SILK PETTICOATS.

Of colored silk with deep accordion pleated flounce and underlay of silk; reduced from $5.90 to..... $2.90

In black and all desirable shades, with accordion pleated flounce and ruching or circular flounce; reduced from $9.00 to..... $5.90

WASH PETTICOATS.

Of colored Cheviot, reduced from 90c to..... 60c

Of Cheviot, Gingham and Percale, reduced from $1.25 to..... 90c

PITTSBURGH & LAKE ERIE R. R. CLEVELAND SHORT LINE.
Schedule in Effect June 19, 1904.

CENTRAL TIME	Depart.	Arrive.
Chicago & Cleve. "Flyer"	* 7.00 am	* 6.30 pm
Cleveland "Flyer"	* 7.00 am	* 6.30 pm
Youngst'n & Cleve. Mail	* 8.30 am	5.10 pm
Buffalo and Niagara Express	* 8.30 am	7.15 pm
Lake Chaut'qua Fast Line	*12.20 pm	* 6.30 pm
St. Louis Express	*12.50

VAUGHN IN JAPAN WHEN WAR BEGAN

Pittsburgh Railroad Man Returns from the Land of the Chrysanthemum.

AMERICANS ARE WELL TREATED

Among those who have received a special invitation from the city councils to attend the banquet to the visitors from the Philippine islands is B. C. Vaughn, assistant to Vice President J. M. Schoonmaker of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie. Mr. Vaughn came over on the steamship that brought the Filipino commissioners to the United States, and while he could not become intimate with the natives because of their lack of knowledge of the English language, he met them on shipboard and did become well acquainted with Maj. Ferguson, the commissioner in charge of the party.

Mr. Vaughn left Pittsburgh for a vacation on March 1 and landed again in America on June 1. He sailed from Yokohama on May 15, so that he had the opportunity of observing the Japanese during the patriotic excitement caused by the war with Russia. The night before Mr. Vaughn arrived in Tokyo 20,000 Japanese gave a lantern parade and gathered before the gates of the imperial palace. In the jam that ensued 11 students were crushed and trodden to death, dying thus, in a measure, for their fatherland.

Only Narrow-Gauge Railroads.

As a railroad man Mr. Vaugn was interested in the Japanese railroads. Private companies own some of the shorter lines, but the imperial line, running south and north through the mainland, is operated by the government. All the lines in the country are narrow gauge.

Mr. Vaughn observed that, unlike in Germany, England and France, very little travel is done in second-class, the great bulk of it being third-class. There is more first-class travel than second-class. The trains on the imperial line now consist of 12 passenger coaches, one a first-class coach with one second-class compartment; all the rest third-class. The line in ordinary times carries sleeping cars, but when Mr. Vaughn was there the sleeping cars had been taken off and coaches only were run, the line being crowded with trains bearing troops and equipment, ammunition and guns. First-class travel costs three sen (1½ cents) a mile, second-class two sen and third-class 1½ sen. Travel being cheap, great numbers of Japanese patronize the railroad, Mr. Vaughn observing that every three or four miles from 100 to 200 passengers got on and off the cars. The schedule time is 12 miles an hour.

Hotel Dishes are Numbered.

"There are some very good American plan hotels in Japan," said Mr. Vaughn, "and the prevailing charge is eight yen, or $4 a day in gold in our money. Japanese girls wait on the table. All the dishes are named, of course, but you order by number, the waiters knowing the English numerals by sound, even though they do not understand English. The food is the same you find in our hotels. Japanese national dishes cannot be obtained at the hotels, and if you desire to taste them the best way is to do as I did, hire a guide and go out in the country and eat at the houses of the natives. Some of the native dishes are very tasty, too."

"Everybody knows how polite the Japanese are and I found them especially kind to Americans, eager to give one information and show hospitality. I had intended to return to America by the Siberian railroad, but a washout having broken out I was informed that passage on that line could not be secured, Russia using it exclusively for the transportation of troops and equipment.

Japanese Rickshaw Men.

Mr. Vaughn was rather pleased with jinriksha method of transportation so much in vogue in Japan. There are many thousands of "rickshaw" men in the cities and they are as tenacious of their well-paying occupation as the old carriers on the national road in Pennsylvania were before the introduction of the railroads. Like the carriers, the rickshaw men object to the introduction of trolley lines and Mr. Vaughn heard there had been several strikes in Tokio against the introduction of electric railroads. Rickshaw men make from 40 to 60 cents a day, three and four times as much as ordinary laborers, and therefore their ranks are constantly increasing.

Men of moderate means keep their own rickshaw and man. As the vehicle costs only $15 and the wages are a trifle, it is easily seen that this substitute for a horse and buggy costs but little, from the American point of view.

PARKERSBURG MAN IS MISSING FROM STEAMER

Brother of Assistant Secretary of State Disappears from Kaiser Wilhelm II.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 21.—A cable dispatch received here this evening announced that Kent J. Loomis, brother of Assistant Secretary of State Loomis, had disappeared from the steamship Kaiser Wilhelm II., on which he sailed for Europe on June 14.

Mr. Loomis was one of a party en route to Abyssinia with a view to securing commercial concessions. Mr. Loomis disappeared during the voyage. He came here recently from Parkersburg, W. Va.

Assistant Secretary of State Loomis has been notified by the officials of the steamship company that his brother had disappeared. Mr. Loomis, however, is confident that his brother has not come to harm. His reason for this belief is the fact that, when the boat touched at Plymouth, his brother landed. Mr. Loomis thinks that his brother was accidentally left in Plymouth when the boat departed for Cherbourg.

YOUNG WOMAN IS MISSING AND PIANIST IS ACCUSED

NEW YORK, June 21.—(Special.)—Barbara Hutter, the beautiful daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Hutter, No. 1694 Madison avenue, is missing. Her parents say that she has been lured away while under a hypnotic spell. They accuse Frederick Watson, a professional pianist. Miss Hutter is 20 years old, tall and slender. She is a school and music teacher, having studied at Leipsic for two years. She first met Watson while abroad.

$100,000 Fire in Sandusky.

SANDUSKY, O., June 21.—Fire today practically destroyed an entire square in the business section here, bounded by Railroad, Columbus and Jackson streets and the water front. Among the big buildings destroyed was the plant of A. Booth & Co., fish dealers. Several lumber yards were also burned. The total loss is estimated at $100,000, partially covered by insurance.

Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Inaugurates Saturday Half-Holiday Excursions To Ashtabula Harbor, Rate $1.75.

Special Train 1:50 p. m., City Time.

Commencing June 18, and continuing until further notice, Lake Erie agents will sell tickets, including admission to Woodland Beach Park, at $1.75 round trip, valid only on special train due Ashtabula 4:15 p. m., returning, leaves the park 9:45 p. m., central time. Dancing in the large pavilion, boating on Lake Erie, and other attractions at the park, make this a delightful half-holiday outing at small expense.

Coach Excursions to World's Fair, St. Louis. Every Thursday in June. Via Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

$12 round trip. Tickets good seven days. Five daily trains. Tickets with longer limits on sale at correspondingly low fares. Inquire at B. & O. ticket offices for full information.

Anyone in doubt about paint, ask for LAWRENCE card.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Narrow Chests.

The old theory that consumption was inherited is utterly discredited by modern medical science. The germs of consumption must be received from without. These germs are every where. They are constantly being received and cast out by the healthy system. It is the narrow chested whose inheritance is weakness who fall a prey to consumption because they are too weak of lung to resist and throw off disease.

Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery makes weak lungs strong. It cures obstinate deep-seated coughs, bleeding lungs, weakness, emaciation and other conditions which if neglected or unskilfully treated find a fatal termination in consumption.

$3,000 FORFEIT will be paid by the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Proprietors, Buffalo, N. Y., if they cannot show the original signature of the individual volunteering the testimonial below, and also of the writers of every testimonial among the thousands which they are constantly publishing, thus proving their genuineness.

"In the spring of 1900 I was taken with hemorrhage of the lungs, and became very weak and short of breath, lost flesh and had no appetite," writes Mr. E. L. Robiaett, of Xerxes, Tenn. "I was persuaded to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. The first few bottles seemed to do me but little good. Thought I would soon be a victim of that dreaded disease, consumption. Had almost given up to despair when my friends persuaded me to give your 'Golden Medical Discovery' a fair trial. I commenced its use. I weigh 165 pounds now, and when I commenced I only weighed 140 pounds. If any one doubts this statement I will be pleased to answer any inquiry."

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." Nothing is "just as good."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cleanse the clogged system from impurities.

THE RATE FOR

Found, Personal and All Classified Advertisements in

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

IS ONE CENT A WORD when paid for in advance.

PITTSBURGH.

WANTED.

Female Help.

LADIES—$30 thousand copying letters, no mailing to friends or furnishing addresses, stamped envelope particulars. Select Toilet Co., Dept. G 14, Chicago.

WANTED—Experienced saleslades. Buka Bros., 523 Federal st., Allegheny.

Male and Female Help.

YOUNG and middle-aged men and women to educate for commercial positions at the Actual Business College; conducted by responsible Pittsburgh educators and established 25 years; we can and do place students in positions without charge; summer school, day and evening; easy terms. The Actual Business College, 216 Fifth ave., Pittsburgh; abridged course for teachers during their vacation.

Situations—Male.

SITUATION by young man as office assistant, or clerical employment; best of references as to character and ability; steady, reliable and industrious. Address T 168, The Gazette.

POSITION as bookkeeper or office assistant by Commercial High school graduate; two years' experience; best reference. Address S. H. Hunter, 1212 Poplar st., Allegheny.

STENOGRAPHER and office man; 15 years' experience in iron and steel business; desires position; best references. Address T 167, The Gazette.

RELIEF worker by competent pharmacist; A1 reference; open for engagement after 27th inst. Address Relief, Schilling Bros. & Co.

Situations—Female.

CASHIER—Young woman wishes position as cashier, can use typewriter and has had experience in bookkeeping; can furnish best of reference. Address Johnston's Agency, 508S Center ave., E. E. Bell 'phone 2162 R. Highland. P. & A. 185 East.

Special.

MIMEOGRAPH work, stenography and typewriting, executed promptly. 801 Farmers Bank building.

Pupils.

LEARN TELEGRAPHY, either sex. Call or write for terms. Penna. Telegraph College, 990-993 Lewis block, Pittsburgh.

BERLITZ SCHOOL prepares for college in FRENCH, GERMAN, LATIN and GREEK.

Miscellaneous.

TABLE D'HOTE dinner from 5 to 8:30; Sundays from 11 to 8:30. Schreiber, 410-412 Third ave.

H. C. KNAPP, commercial job printer, 3521 Butler st. Both telephones.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Always be sure to mention that you saw this adv. in The Gazette.

City and Suburban.

ATWOOD ST., 325—Nice, clean furnished rooms; all conveniences; use of bath.

ATWOOD ST., 413—Newly furnished rooms on second floor; breakfast if desired.

ATWOOD ST., 813—Three nicely furnished rooms, second floor; all conveniences.

BEDFORD AVE., 1606—Small furnished rooms, with conveniences, for lady or gentlemen.

BEECHWOOD INN.
Corner Forbes and Shady avenues, Squirrel Hill; nicely furnished rooms, with board; large grounds and plenty of shade. Bell 'phone Highland 9085 J.

BLUFF ST., 1331—Neatly furnished front rooms; every convenience; desirable location.

BLUFF ST., 1847—Nicely furnished front room; all modern conveniences; private family.

BOQUET ST., 3208, Oakland—Furnished rooms, all conveniences.

BOQUET ST., 3753—One or suite of furnished rooms; private family; overlooking Schenley park; 'phone, 846 W. Schenley.

CALHOUN ST., MT. OLIVER, sixth door from Southern ave.—Beautifully furnished front alcove room; all conveniences; good summer location; gentlemen only; good rate to right party. Don't see it, write it.

CARSON ST., 1102—One large furnished room, all conveniences; reasonable, convenient location.

CARSON ST., 2008—One or two furnished rooms; light housekeeping if desired.

CARSON ST., 2302, South Side—Two nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; private family.

CARSON ST., 923—Three rooms, furnished for light housekeeping, or will rent unfurnished.

CENTER AVE., 4613, near Craig—Finely furnished rooms; private family; 'phone Schenley 716-L.

CLIFF ST., 1516—Nicely furnished front room, two or three gentlemen; all conveniences.

CLIMAX ST., 43, Beltzhoover—Two neatly furnished rooms, all conveniences; single or en suite; no children.

COLLINS AVE., 615—Nicely furnished room, beautifully situated; board optional; porch.

COLLINS AVE, 233—Nicely furnished room, second floor; also room-mate wanted.

COLWELL ST., 1631—Nicely furnished rooms; all modern conveniences; private family; gentlemen preferred.

DINWIDDIE ST., 220—Nicely furnished rooms, light housekeeping or bedroom; all conveniences.

DINWIDDIE ST., 237—Two neatly furnished rooms, single or en suite; gentlemen only.

ELSINORE SQUARE, 3217—Nicely furnished front room; near Buckingham apartments, Craft ave.

ENTRANCE ON NEW GRANT ST., 732½—Furnished rooms $1.25 per week up.

FEDERAL ST., 37, city—Large furnished room, suitable for two persons.

FIFTH AVE., 3518—The Lothrop, nicely furnished rooms, with board; gentlemen.

FIFTH AVE., 2035—Furnished front parlor, electric light and all conveniences; breakfast if desired. Mrs. Pyke, Jumonville Apartments.

FIFTH AVE., 1706—Elegantly furnished front room, good location, for two gentlemen.

FIFTH AVE., 1329—Nicely furnished rooms, with board; all conveniences; near court house.

FIFTH AVE., 1046—Nicely furnished second-story rooms; all conveniences; private family.

FIFTH AVE., 2554—Nicely furnished second floor front room; all conveniences; $2 week.

FIFTH AVE., 4208—Front room, $15 per month; board reasonable.

FIFTH AVE., 2136—Nicely furnished rooms, second floor; private family; meals optional.

FIFTH AVE., 2022—Furnished front room, with alcove, second floor, conveniences.

FOURTH AVE., 516—One furnished room, all conveniences; call between 11 a. m. and 6 p. m.

FORBES, COR. MEYRAN, 3528—Elegantly furnished rooms, with good table board; good location; conveniences.

FORBES ST., 1624—Nicely furnished rooms, private family; use of bath.

FORTY-FOURTH ST., 245—Nicely furnished front room, good table board; all conveniences.

GIST ST., 43, city—Two furnished connecting rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences.

LATHROP ST., 219, near Fifth—Elegantly furnished front room, all conveniences; private family.

LAWN ST., 352—Two newly furnished rooms with private family; every convenience; meals if desired; 10 minutes from city; splendid location.

LYTLE, 4813, Hazelwood, furnished rooms, all conveniences.

LOCUST ST., 211, city—Second flat, nicely furnished room, all modern conveniences.

LOCUST ST., 1842, city—Nicely furnished rooms, all conveniences; terms reasonable; private family.

MAIN ST., 235, LAWRENCEVILLE—Nicely furnished rooms, all modern conveniences; good location.

MEYRAN AVE., 340—Rooms and board; all conveniences. 'Phone Schenley 548-R.

MEYRAN AVE., 353—Beautifully furnished rooms, nicely located; all conveniences; porches.

NINETEENTH ST., 100, S. S.—Large neatly furnished front room; gentlemen only.

NORTH NEGLEY AVE., 112—Nicely furnished rooms in private family; all conveniences.

OAKLAND AVE., 226—Furnished room; all conveniences; no other roomers; gentlemen only.

PENN AVE., 811—Large and small furnished rooms; every modern convenience; convenient location.

ROWAND ST., 2039, near Jumonville—Apartments; nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences.

SARAH ST., 2217, South Side—Nicely furnished rooms; private family; all modern conveniences.

SYCAMORE AND STANWIX ST., Mt. Washington; front room, newly furnished, convenient to city; large lawn, porches, shade trees; ideal summer home.

SEVENTH ST., 115—Three nicely furnished rooms, all modern conveniences; respectable gentlemen.

SHADY AVE., 306—Beautiful large room suitable for two; elegant location.

SIXTEENTH ST., 113, South—Large furnished front room; also 2 rooms light housekeeping.

SOUTH THIRTEENTH ST., 77—Neatly furnished rooms, first-class board; every convenience.

SOUTHERN AVE., 98, Mt. Washington—Large elegantly furnished front room, suitable for two gentlemen; all conveniences, with board.

SOUTHERN AVE., 25, Mt. Washington—Nicely furnished front room, private family; all conveniences.

SOUTHERN AVE., 28, Mt. Washington—Nicely furnished front room, private family; all conveniences.

THIRTIETH ST., 36—Two furnished bedrooms; also parlor, suitable for dressmaking offices.

TWENTY-SEVENTH ST., 4—Large second floor front room, nicely furnished, near cars.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

City and Suburban.

ULYSSES ST., 48, Mt. Washington—Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board; near Grandview ave., away from city smoke and heat; large grounds.

WASHINGTON ST., 44, NEAR DEPOT—Two furnished rooms, gentlemen only; convenient location.

WEBSTER AVE., 2032—Large furnished parlor bedroom; use kitchen optional for housekeeping.

WEBSTER AVE., 1902—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping; bath, all conveniences.

WOOD ST., 909, Wilkinsburg—Two or three nicely furnished, light housekeeping rooms.

WYLIE AVE., 619, City—Furnished rooms; first-class table board.

WYLIE AVE., 907—Nicely furnished rooms; smoking by the day or week.

WYLIE AVE., 801—Nicely furnished front room; all conveniences.

WYLIE AVE., 2042—Large, light, neatly furnished front room, 10 minutes to city.

WYLIE AVE., 2207—Two light, airy furnished light housekeeping; gases, porch; reasonable.

WYLIE AVE., 1907—Two large furnished rooms; bath, gases, good colored family.

WYLIE AVE., 820—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences.

ZARA ST., 221, Knoxville—Nicely furnished rooms, with board; all conveniences; private family.

ZARA ST., 219, Knoxville—Two nicely furnished rooms; all modern conveniences; private family.

East End.

ALDER ST., 5945—Two large, well-furnished rooms on second floor; front alcove; all conveniences. Prices reasonable.

ATWOOD ST., 803—Large, handsomely furnished second story front room. Rates reasonable. Gentlemen only.

ATWOOD ST., 329—Large, handsomely furnished rooms, single or double; all conveniences; prices reasonable; newly furnished.

BELLEFIELD AVE., 252—Neatly furnished room, every modern convenience; desirable summer location.

BROAD ST., 6024—Nicely furnished front rooms; all conveniences; handy location.

BUTLER ST. EXT., near Highland park—Nicely furnished rooms, all modern conveniences. Address L 165, The Gazette.

COLLINS AVENUE, 422—East End—Nicely furnished rooms; meals optional; all conveniences.

COLLINS AVE., 616—Nice, large unfurnished room, third floor; all conveniences.

COR. PENN AND FAIRMONT AVES.—Two nicely furnished rooms, light and airy.

FIFTH AVE. EXT., 314—Two nicely furnished rooms, every convenience; convenient to station, car lines and good boarding.

FORBES ST., 4008—Large, handsomely furnished rooms, single and double; all conveniences; breakfast if desired.

FORBES ST., 3428—Large, handsomely furnished rooms, en suite or single; suitable for bachelor apartments; bath attached.

FORBES ST., 3422—Large well furnished rooms; excellent board; all cars; 15 minutes to city.

FRANKSTOWN AVE., 6808—Two very nicely furnished rooms, all conveniences; gentlemen preferred; reference.

HIGHLAND AVE., 361, South—Elegantly finished large alcove room, gentlemen only; private family.

IRVING PLACE, 20, Shadyside—For rent, large room, furnished or unfurnished; excellent location.

KELLY ST., 7326—Nicely furnished room, every convenience; splendid location; rent reasonable.

MATHILDA ST., 245—One nicely furnished room, desirable summer location, gentlemen only.

MARCHAND ST., 6345—Furnished rooms, with breakfast and evening dinner. 'Phone 1323 L Highland.

MATHILDA ST., 217—Two large, neatly furnished rooms, every modern convenience.

N. NEGLEY, 200—Nicely furnished parlor, bedroom, kitchen and own porch. Tel. 1741 J Highland.

NEVILLE ST., 531—Furnished room; suitable for couple or two gentlemen; fine large dwelling; beautiful porches and large, shady grounds.

OAKLAND AVE., 239—Nicely furnished rooms, all conveniences. Rent moderate.

PENN AVE., 6342½—Two nicely furnished rooms kept housekeeping or gentlemen.

S. HIGHLAND AVE., 324—Large handsomely furnished rooms; board next door. Telephone service; gentlemen only.

WALNUT ST., 6106—Furnished second-story room; references exchanged.

WALNUT ST., 6106—Nicely furnished rooms, all conveniences; beautifully located.

246 SOUTH ST. CLAIR ST., East End—Private family desires to rent two furnished front rooms, single or en suite; all conveniences; large veranda; near cars and train; price moderate.

Allegheny.

ANDERSON ST., 300—Neatly furnished second floor front, light housekeeping or gentlemen; also other rooms; all conveniences.

ARCH ST., 509—Very desirable furnished rooms, all conveniences, walking distance to Pittsburgh.

CALIFORNA AVE., 617—Elegantly furnished front room, suitable for two gentlemen; $12 month; also side room.

CEDAR AVE., 508—Nicely furnished room for one gentleman; all conveniences.

CEDAR AVE., 510—Very desirable furnished front room for two gentlemen; delightful location.

E. LACOCK ST., 218—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping; 7 minutes' walk to city.

EAST ST., 805—Two connecting front rooms; all conveniences; for two persons.

FAYETTE ST., 1207, Allegheny—Two nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; reasonable.

FEDERAL ST., 224, side entrance—Neatly furnished room, second floor, all conveniences; two gentlemen.

FEDERAL ST., 1415—Front rooms for housekeeping, newly furnished, complete; gases, use of bath and laundry.

FEDERAL ST., 1418—Furnished room for one gentleman; gas, use of bath.

FREMONT ST., 1602—Two neatly furnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences.

FREMONT ST., 1525—Neatly furnished rooms, with board; all conveniences; private family.

MARTIN AVE., 411—Neatly furnished front room; all conveniences; five minutes to Pittsburgh.

MONTEREY ST., 1227—Very desirable furnished connecting rooms, bath, both gases; terms reasonable.

POPLAR ST., 1211—Elegantly furnished front room, near park; all conveniences; gentleman preferred.

RIDGE AVE., 1135, Allegheny—Are you looking for homelike place to room, meals or light housekeeping?

RIDGE AVE., 1255—Nicely furnished front room; modern conveniences; ladies or gentlemen.

W. NORTH AVE., 6—Very desirable furnished front room, near Federal st.; also suite of rooms for housekeeping; $4 week.

W. PARK WAY, 15—Neatly furnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences.

WESTERN AVE., 929—Large front furnished room; first floor; with or without use of kitchen.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

City and Suburban.

COLWELL ST., 1614—Three unfurnished rooms; bath, hot and cold water; new house.

EMERSON ST., 246—Two large unfurnished rooms; second floor; gases and bath.

FIFTH AVE., 1932—Three unfurnished rooms for housekeeping; also two furnished rooms.

PENN AVE., 2330—Two unfurnished rooms, privilege bath, gas, laundry; $12.50 per month.

WARD ST., 3414, Oakland—Two nice large unfurnished rooms; all conveniences; no children.

East End.

DITHRIDGE ST., 39—Two furnished rooms, two unfurnished rooms; rent reasonable.

FRANKSTOWN AVE., 7806—Four unfurnished rooms, bath, all modern conveniences. Inquire Shaw apartments.

LARIMER AVE., 402—Two, three or four housekeeping rooms, furnished or unfurnished; conveniences.

Allegheny.

ALPINE ST., 405—Three unfurnished rooms, all conveniences.

ARCH ST., 300—Very desirable unfurnished front room; suitable for office; central location.

FOR RENT—In private family; two unfurnished communicating rooms and pantry for housekeeping to party of two only; bath, fields w. c., hot and cold water, both gases; clean, cozy, homelike place; lawn and flowers; one square from Perrysville ave., Allegheny, and 15 to 20 minutes' ride to Pittsburgh; or might furnish for one or two gentlemen; table board near by. Address L 167, The Gazette.

SHEFFIELD ST., 1322—Very desirable unfurnished flat, 3 rooms; bath, gases, reasonable.

TAYLOR AVE., 837, Avalon—Three unfurnished rooms, both gases; handy to street car; possession July 1. $5,000.

WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD.

WANTED—By gentlemen for one or two months, room with bath with small private family, located on parks in Allegheny or East End district; references exchanged. Address "S. C. S.," P. O. Box 44, Pittsburgh, giving terms, location and telephone number.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

City and Suburban.

PENN AVE., 515, Wilkinsburg—Two nice, good-sized furnished rooms for gentlemen, with board if desired, or light housekeeping.

SHADY AVE., 246—Furnished room with board; also table board; near station. 'Phone, Highland 1242 W.

SHADY AVE., 434—Two front connecting rooms; suitable for three persons; excellent board; shade. References exchanged.

East End.

ALDER ST., 6105—Large handsomely furnished rooms; excellent meals; all conveniences; 'phone service.

ALDER ST., 5901, cor. College—Handsomely furnished front room on first floor; excellent table. Also room on third floor. 'Phone 1883 W. Highland.

"ARLINGTON."
New management; well furnished rooms, porches, shade; Highland ave. cars. Bell 'phone 1062 J. Sheridan and Hoeveler st.

CENTER AVE., 4605—Three finely furnished communicating rooms, single or en suite; board if desired; good location for summer.

EUCLID AVE., 222, North—Nicely furnished front alcove room; board optional.

FORBES ST., 3434—Well furnished front room with excellent board; all conveniences; located near Schenley hotel.

HIGHLAND AVE., 406 South—Second floor front with alcove; table board; references required.

IOWA AND CHEROKEE STS.—Furnished rooms; country home in the city; large grounds; board optional. Mrs. Turner. Center ave. cars; 'phone 1107 W. Schenley.

IVY ST., 700—Large handsomely furnished room; grand piano; excellent table board; all car lines; three minutes to station.

MIGONETTE ST. 5722—Neatly furnished front room; suitable for two gentlemen; board optional.

NORTH HIGHLAND and Margaretta st.—Newly furnished rooms with excellent board; all conveniences; with lawn and porches. N. or S. Highland cars; 'phone.

NORTH HIGHLAND AVE., 214—Large furnished alcove, front; bath; breakfast if desired.

PACIFIC AVE., 224—The Pacific; select boarders in newly furnished house; table first-class; French arrangement. 'Phone 2419-L.

S. NEGLEY AVE., 803, cor. Walnut—Large, handsomely furnished room in fine location. Excellent table. Good service. Convenient to Fifth and Ellsworth cars. All conveniences. Gentlemen only.

ST. JAMES ST., 811—Nicely furnished rooms; every modern convenience; first-class boarding; good summer location.

SUSQUEHANNA ST., 7055—Large alcove front room; every convenience; good boarding; desirable location.

THE HALKET, 3349 Forbes St.—Large handsomely furnished rooms, with excellent table board; mealers wanted.

Allegheny.

ELEGANTLY furnished rooms, with board, for four gentlemen; also furnished parlor for professional man. Address K. 165, The Gazette.

SANDUSKY ST., 822—Boarders and mealers wanted; all conveniences; near parks.

SANDUSKY ST., 816—Roomers and mealers wanted; all conveniences; three minutes' walk to library.

ST. LOUIS ACCOMODATIONS.

TAYLOR AVE, 1211—Clean, comfortable rooms for World's Fair visitors; 12 minutes to grounds; 50c per day up. Also space for tent.

FOR RENT.

City and Suburban Residences.

TO LET—DWELLINGS CENTRALLY LOCATED.
4 Liberty street, two rooms, $8.50 per month.
41 Arthur street, two rooms, $11 per month.
Fifth avenue and Boston street, three rooms, $11 per month.
Forbes avenue, three rooms, $12 per month.
Send for list.
COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE COMPANY,
327-329 Fourth Avenue.

FOR RENT—SQUIRREL HILL.
$5.00—39 Burchfield avenue, 25 minutes' ride from city, yellow line Homestead cars; three minutes' walk from cars, large 8-room house, modern in every way; bath, gas, electric light, tile bathroom, furnace, laundry, cemented cellars, front and back porches, large lot. Built for home but compelled to move from city immediately and desirous of renting quickly. Bell 'Phone 186 Hazel.

TO LET—$19.50 per month. Brick house, six rooms and attic; No. 3023 Smaliman street. COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE COMPANY,
327-329 Fourth Avenue.

FOR RENT—No. 781 Anderson st., $30; second floor, 5 rooms; bath, both gases, water heater; paved street; strictly modern flat.
HOME TRUST CO.,
541 Wood st.

FOR RENT—No. 768 Herron ave., $25; a rooms and two in attic, brick, bath, water heater; all modern, good location.
HOME TRUST COMPANY,
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FOR RENT—No. 794 Herron ave., $30; second floor flat, 5 rooms; bath, cellar; strictly modern flat; all conveniences.
HOME TRUST COMPANY,
541 Wood st.

HOUSE—To let, suburban house, new, 8 rooms, bath, $25. HENRY W. ARMSTRONG, 218 Federal st., Allegheny.

East End Residences.

FOR RENT
$18—Two brick dwellings, 4 rooms and bath each; only three squares from street cars. $20 to $50—Modern apartments, 4 to 6 rooms each; includes heat and janitor service; immediate possession.
LIBERTY REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
6128 Penn ave., East End.

SEND card for complete list of East End houses and apartments and map, free.
THOS. J. KEYS & CO.,
6022 Penn ave., E. E.,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR RENT.
EAST END DWELLINGS.
Aurelia st.—$17, 7 rooms, bath, gas; all modern; rent $30; immediate possession.
SAMUEL W. BLACK & CO.,
Farmers Bank Building.

Allegheny Residences.
FOR RENT.

1438 Adams st.—8 rooms, water..... $11 00
708 Monitor st.—6 rooms, water..... 10 00
24 Overlook st.—6 rooms, water, gas.. 15 00
1314 Fayette st.—10 rooms, conveniences. 47 50
1228 Vefo st.—6 rooms, gas..... 22 00
7 Ridgewood ave.—6 rooms, bath..... 25 00
198 Island ave.—4 rooms, gases..... 14 00
1236 Sheffield st.—10 rooms, bath..... 47 50
765½ Sarah st.—6 rooms, gases..... 18 00
60 Euclid ave.—4 rooms, water..... 12 00
PEARSON & FRIES,
209 Ohio st., W.,
Allegheny, Pa.

$40, 3 rooms, 611 West Robinson st.
$42, Brick house, 10 rooms, modern, Beech st.
$75, New store room, 904 Federal st.
Send for our rent list.
REAL ESTATE SAVINGS AND TRUST CO.,
522 Federal st.

HOUSE—To let, Rebecca st., 7-room brick, bath, $30. HENRY W. ARMSTRONG, 218 Federal st., Allegheny.

Apartments.

Bradberry Apartments Race St., Allegheny.

A few of these fine fireproof apartments, parlor, bedroom, dining room, kitchen and bathroom, private hall, laundry, storage room.

A. D. WILSON,
221 Federal st.,
Allegheny, Pa.

Furnished Houses.
FOR RENT
SEWICKLEY.

We have for rent a number of finely furnished houses in Sewickley with large grounds and all conveniences, rent $60 per month and upwards per month. For further particulars, see
SAMUEL W. BLACK & CO.,
Farmers Bank Building.

FOR RENT—N. Highland ave., furnished house 12 rooms, 2 baths; all modern; for further particulars, see
HOME TRUST CO.,
Sixth ave. and Wood st.

Flats.
FLATS IN IDEAL LOCALITY.
For rent, at 702 Homewood ave., corner Kelly st., handy to Homewood station and street car lines, apartments of 4 and 5 rooms with bath; steam heat, electric light, awnings, shades and screens furnished; separate storage rooms; $27 50 to $33.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

Business Properties.
STOREROOMS—To let, three choice storerooms in new building, Federal st., Allegheny; ready August 1. Size 20x65, good location.
HENRY W. ARMSTRONG,
218 Federal st., Allegheny.

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences.
FOR SALE.
$6,500—A CUT OF $1,300.
SUBURBAN HOME.
CORAOPOLIS—1½ SQRS. FROM STATION.
Beautifully located, well built and finished frame house of ten rooms, reception hall, bath, combination chandeliers, laundry, furnace and all complete; lot 73½ feet front.
COOPER & M'ALLISTER,
503-504 Times Bldg.

FOR SALE—At Ingram; frame house of eight rooms, wash house, stable, etc.; lot 321x480 ft.; beautiful shade and fruit trees ornament the grounds; price reduced from $15,000 to $12,000; easy terms.
GEO. JOHNSTON,
Germania Bank Building,
Rooms 204 and 205,
Bell 'phone 2924 Court.

NEW AVALON RESIDENCE.
Frame of 9 rooms, hall, bath, finished attic, both gases, chandeliers, cabinet mantels, porches, near cars. Price $3,500. Easy terms. Immediate possession.
E. A. WEISS & CO.,
405 Federal st., Allegheny.

Allegheny Residences.
PERRYSVILLE AVE. DISTRICT.
For quick sale; price reduced to bargain; modern home; monthly payments; immediate possession. 315 Lafayette st., Allegheny.

East End Residences.
GEO. B. KELLY,
6200 Penn Ave., Bell 144 Highland; P. & A. 257 E.
MUST BE SOLD QUICK.
A nice house located on Bond st., a few doors from Highland ave., on a lot 125 feet deep.
COME AND SEE IT.
$5,500—This is a Bargain—$5,500.

NORTH HIGHLAND AVE.
FOR SALE—$35,000—A 12-room center hall pressed brick residence; lot 77x220 feet to alley; good barn on alley; very best part of Highland ave.; a rare bargain.
HOME TRUST CO.,
541 Wood st.

McKeesport Residences.
FOR SALE—New house, two-story, attic, cellar, 8 rooms, bath, pantry; Beaver st., McKeesport, Pa., $2,000; easy terms.
J. B. WEBB, 209 Sixth ave., McKeesport, Pa.

Farms.
97 acres near East Palestine, Ohio, with good improvements; price $5,000.
110 acres, near Exposition park, Conneaut Lake, Crawford Co., Pa., with good improvements; price $3,500.
40 acres near Conneautville, Pa., with good improvements; price $1,900.
47 acres, near Shadeland, Pa., with good improvements and about 4 acres of fruit; price $2,900.
30 acres, near Hartstown, Crawford Co., Pa., with fair improvements; price $1,450.
166 acres near Glencoe, Somerset Co., Pa., with fair improvements; price $1,800.
50 acres, near Linesville, Crawford Co., Pa., with splendid improvements; price $3,200.
90 acres, near Springboro, Crawford Co., Pa., with elegant improvements; price $3,000.
125 acres, Colebrook twp., Ashtabula Co., Ohio, with fair improvements; price $5,000.
If you are looking for a farm, large or small, or have city property to exchange for a farm, see me, as I have the largest list in the city.
J. M. BROWN,
Room 208, 331 Fourth ave.

$100—Five Acres—$100.
WEST EGG HARBOR.
$5 Down—$5 Monthly.
Directly on two railroads, the Pennsylvania railroad and the Philadelphia & Reading railroad, only 20 minutes' ride from ATLANTIC CITY. The air is PURE OCEAN OZONE. The water's best of soils and directly in fruit belt, near the finest market of the world. Cannot be surpassed for "Poultry raising." We build you a house and you pay same as rent. "Let us tell you more about it."
THE JAS. MURTHA CO., 339 Fifth ave.

THE best in the world for fruit, truck and poultry raising. Call or write at once for large illustrated booklet G, "THE LIGHT THAT GUIDES TO WEALTH," which tells all about our 5-acre farms opposite Atlantic City; not away out in the country, but within sight of the ocean; good, level, productive land; pure water; best markets right at your door; good trolley and train service; the best investment on the market today; payments only $4 monthly. WALTER BECKER, 434 Fourth ave.

GET THE BEST—Call or send at once for free illustrated BOOKLET G, which tells about our 5-acre farms opposite Atlantic City; not away back in the country, but in sight of the ocean; rich, level land, high and dry and free from rocks, pure water; payments only $4 monthly.
WALTER BECKER, 434 Fourth ave.

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SAMUEL W. BLACK & CO.,
Farmers Bank Building.

Allegheny Residences.
FOR

NEW YORK STOCKS STRONG, CLOSING NEAR THE BEST

Steel Preferred Was a Leader of the Advance—On the Pittsburgh Board Numerous Net Gains Were Recorded.

By JOHN O. BAGLIN, Financial Editor.

The tone of the New York stock market yesterday was steady to strong all day, and closing prices were not far from the best. The volume of business, however, was light. During the first two hours the total sales slightly exceeded 50,000 shares, and the total for the entire session fell below 200,000 shares. That prices should hold firm in the face of the dullness is looked upon as a good sign. There is not much encouragement for the average professional trader in such a narrow market, but there is some encouragement for the investor to buy the better class of dividend-paying stocks. He may not catch the bottom price, but he may entertain a certain degree of confidence that when bad news, evidence of commercial depression and bearish manipulation combined fail to break prices, there is a good prospect for a strong rally later on when surface conditions improve.

London prices for American securities were firm and higher, but foreigners did little operations about evenly between purchases and sales. London was a buyer of United States Steel preferred, and that stock was one of the strongest in the market all day. It opened firmer at 55, and advanced to 55¾, closing at 55⅝ bid. The sinking fund bonds advanced to 75½. Some of the best authorities in the iron trade are predicting an entire recovery in the near future of business, the only "if" in these predictions being the crops. If the latter turn out well they will assure tonnage to the railroads and encourage the placing of orders by merchants, which in turn will encourage the railroads and other large consumers of iron and steel products to place orders which are now being held back. Wall street opinion is veering around to the idea that the regular dividend on Steel preferred will be declared on the 26th of next month, when the directors are scheduled to take action, and when they will have actual results and not estimates as a guide to dividend action.

Of the other industrials Consolidated Gas was active and strong, advancing to 195¾, but it did not retain the gain, closing at 194¾. Amalgamated Copper was a disappointment to the bulls, opening at 56⅝, advancing to 56¾, but subsequently declining to and closing at 56. The dividend period on this stock is in July, but there were no authoritative reports as to action on the dividend might be taken this week, possibly tomorrow. There is little expectation of an increase in the rate.

The granger stocks were as a rule strong, Atchison being conspicuous for an advance of 1¾. Harvesting has begun in the territory traversed by this road and the reports of yield and condition are favorable. The other grangers were dull but firm and closed at slight net gains. Southern Pacific was active within a narrow range of fluctuations. Insiders continue to talk favorably of the effect of the Gould reorganization, upon which stockholders will vote on the 30th inst., and are apparently backing their words by purchases of the stock. Union Pacific rallied to 87¾, but reacted to and closed at 87⅜, being one of the few prominent stocks to close at the lowest. The stocks of roads traversing the principal cotton districts, such as Louisville & Nashville, Baltimore & Ohio, Reading, etc., were steady to firm, but dealings were light.

There was no quotable change in money rates, call loans closing at 1½ per cent. The possibility of a resumption of gold exports, time to Germany, has been rendered more remote by the flow of French capital into the German market.

Wall street took little if any interest in the opening of the Republican national convention at Chicago. There was very little news to affect values, but the weekly bulletin issued by the weather bureau was on the whole favorable. Corn is not making the rapid growth desired, but some check has occurred in the improvement in cotton, but there has been general improvement all over the winter wheat belt, and spring wheat conditions are all that could be desired. Commodity markets were firm, cotton and grain recovering after a period of weakness at the opening.

On the Pittsburgh stock exchange yesterday closing prices showed more net gains for the day than for a long time past, and there was an increase in the volume of business. American Sewer Pipe contributed nearly half the total business, 1,000 shares changing hands at 20¼@21, the latter the highest since the listing of the stock. Pittsburgh Coal preferred sold to the extent of only 15 shares, but the dividend scrip was in active demand and closed at 102½, the highest price yet quoted. Westinghouse Electric rallied to 75½ and Air Brake sold at 128¼.

PITTSBURGH STOCKS.

Sales on the Pittsburgh stock exchange yesterday were as follows:

10 A. M. to 10:30 A. M.

28 Mon. Water.. 35½ | 75 F. Proof pfd.. 27
20 W. Airbrake.. 128¾ | 25 do.. 27
25 F. Proof pfd.. 27 | 100 A. Sewer Pipe.. 20½
50 do.. 27 | 15 F. Coal pfd.. 58

10:30 A. M. to 12:30 P. M.

100 U.S. Sti. com.. 9¼ | $2,000 Brew. Gs.. 114
200 Phila. com.. 38¾ | $1,000 P., McK. & Y. 1st con. 2nds.. 98
5 do.. 78 | $4,000 do.. 98
20 Mon. Water.. 35 | $2,800 P. Coal
2 do.. 35½ | div. scrip.101½
$5,000 Brew. 1st.. 95 | 17 Un. Trac. pfd.. 48⅝

12:30 P. M. to 2:00 P. M.

10 F. Proof pfd.. 27 | $92.75 P. Coal
10 Ohio Fuel.. 37½ | div. scrip.101¼
$17.50 do.. 101¼

2:00 P. M. to 3:00 P. M.

15 Luster.. 11 | 11 C. D. & P. T.120
10 Pig Iron W. D. Aug.. 12.70 | 500 A. Sewer Pipe.. 21
100 do.. 21
10 do D. Sept.. 12.80 | 100 do.. 21
40 M. L. & H.. 30½ | 100 do.. 21
26 Mon. Water.. 35½ | 50 do.. 21
10 Ohio Fuel.. 37½ | 50 do.. 21
100 Phila. Co.. 38¾ | div. scrip.101¼
261 Pgh. Coal.. 15 | 15 do.. 15
15 Do preferred.. 58 | 55 do.. 55
100 U. S. Steel.. 9¼ | 50 do.. 9¼
17 United Tr. pfd.. 48⅝ | 20 do.. 48⅝
20 W. Airbrake.. 128¼ | 50 do.. 128¼
205 W. Elec. 2ds.. 78¼ | *78

2137

BONDS.

$7000 Brewing 6s.. 114 | 114 | 114
5000 P., McK. & Y. C. 5s.. 98 | 98 | 98
$12000

SCRIP.

$2929.50 P. Coal div. | 101½ | 101¼ | 101¼
WARRANTS.
11-15 Mon. Water.. 34 | 34 | 34
PIG IRON WTS.
Tone, Feeble.
1000 D, Aug. deliv.. 12.70 | 12.70 | 12.70
10000 D, Sept. deliv.. 12.80 | 12.80 | 12.80

*Less than 10 shares. †New high mark. ‡Per cent.

Closing Bids and Offers.

STOCKS.	Par.	Bid.	Ask.
Birmingham Insurance	50	65	....
Manufacturers Light & Heat	50	30¾	....
Ohio Fuel Supply	25	37	37½
Peoples Pipage	25	20	21
Citizens Traction	50	65	....
Luster Mining	10	11¼	....
Alleghany Valley R. R. pfd	50	....	25½
W. Electric 1st pfd	50	89	94
Do 2d pfd	50	73½	78½
Consolidated Ice	50	5½	6½
Do preferred	50	....	38
Cent. Dist. & Print. Tele	100	110	....
Crucible Steel	100	4¼	4½
Do preferred	100	32½	....
Harbison-Walker pfd	100	52	....
Monon. River Coal pfd	50	21	22
National Fire Proofing	50	....	8
Do preferred	50	38½	....
Pittsburgh Brewing	50	24¼	25
Do preferred	50	45	45½
Pittsburgh Coal	100	14⅞	15
Do preferred	100	57¼	58
Pittsburgh Stove & Range	50	4	....
Standard Underground Cable	100	180	190
United States Glass	100	37½	....
United States Steel pfd	100	55⅝	56½
Westinghouse Airbrake	50	125	....
American Sewer Pipe	100	20¾	21
Monongahela Incline	50	62	....
BONDS			
E., K. & A. Traction 6s	....	116	....
Pgh., McK. & C. 1st 5s	....	97½	....
Monon. Light & Power 5s	....	....	101½
Pittsburgh Brewing 6s	....	113¾	114¼
Birmingham Traction 5s	....	112½	115
Second Avenue Traction 5s	....	114	....
American Sewer Pipe 6s	....	93	95
PIG IRON WARRANTS.			
A—Southern coke	....	12.85	13.10
B—Northern coke	....	12.45	12.70
C—Virginia coke	....	12.80	....
D—Standard Bessemer	....	12.50	....
E—Southern charcoal	....	17.50	17.75
10 Class B's, August delivery	....	12.70	....
10 Class D, Septem. delivery	....	12.80	....

NOTES AND COMMENT.

Of the 2,137 shares stocks which changed hands on the local exchange yesterday, 1,000 shares consisted of American Sewer Pipe, which sold at 20½ to 21, the latter the highest since the listing of the stock. The largest buyer was R. C. Hall and the largest sellers Masten & Company. As stated in this department on Sunday, the directors of the company will likely meet this week to take action on the declaration of an initial dividend on the stock.

Central District and Printing Telegraph (Bell Telephone) stock sold in a small way at 120, the highest price of the year, and closed at 119 bid for quotable lots. The last sale of a quotable lot was at 115, but since then small lots have changed hands at 116 to 117. There is very little of the stock in the market.

A small lot of Luster Mining sold at 11, but the stock closed at 11¼ bid for regular lots.

The natural gas stocks were a little firmer, Manufacturers Light and Heat sold at 30¾ and closed at that price bid. Ohio Fuel Supply rallied to 37½, Philadelphia Company sold at 38¾. The directors of the latter company have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¼ per cent on the common stock, payable August 1 to stock of record July 1.

A small lot of United Traction preferred changed hands at 48⅝, unchanged from the last previous sale. The directors have declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent on the stock, payable July 20 to stock of record July 9.

There was nothing doing all day in Crucible Steel. The common closed at 4¼ bid, and the preferred at 32¾ bid.

There were sales of Bessemer pig iron warrants on the local board yesterday at $12.80 for the August delivery and at $12.80 for the September delivery, a decline respectively of 45 and 30 cents a ton.

A prominent Wall street professional trader wired a friend in Pittsburgh yesterday that he was convinced this is a bull market, and that eventually the top prices of 1901 and 1902 would be duplicated. He expressed the opinion that any prominent stock, railroad or industrial, was a purchase now.

The Hazelwood Savings and Trust Company has declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent, payable July 1 to stock of record June 30.

The Hilltop Savings and Trust Company has declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent, payable July 1 to stock of record of that date.

The Iron City Trust Company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent, payable July 10 to stock of record July 1.

American Cement Company directors have declared the usual semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent and 1 per cent extra, payable July 21, to stock of record July 9.

The Cincinnati Tobacco Warehouse Company directors have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¼ per cent, payable July 15.

The Cincinnati Street Railway Company directors have declared a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent, payable July 1.

Hall Signal directors have declared the regular dividend of 1¼ per cent on the common stock, payable July 1.

The Cincinnati Gas and Electric Company directors have declared a quarterly dividend of 1¼ per cent, payable July 1. This is an increase of ¼ per cent.

The First National bank of Verona has declared a semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent.

The W. M. Laird Company stock was put on an 8 per cent dividend basis on January 1 and the past six months' business of the company evidently continues satisfactory, as the directors have again declared a semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent, payable July 1.

The D. Lutz & Son Brewing Company, Allegheny, has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 2 per cent, payable July 5.

The news that the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific, that is the old Rock Island, had borrowed $7,500,000 on three-year notes was not known until after the close of the market. It is not a bull argument that a corporation like this still finds itself unable to float bonds and has to resort to short-term obligations at a high rate of interest, and paying enormous commissions to banking houses.

The directors of the Consolidated Car Heating Company of Albany have declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 1½ per cent and an extra dividend of 1½ per cent, payable August 1 to stockholders of record July 16. The extra dividend declared last year was 1 per cent larger, but despite its conservatism in the disbursement to stockholders, it is understood that the company has been even a little more prosperous this year than in 1903.

The J. C. Lampe Tanning Comuany yesterday mailed checks for the regular semi-annual dividend of 3½ per cent.

According to a Richmond dispatch it has been definitely determined to abandon the Tidewater Railway scheme, and the Norfolk & Western will double track its road for the purpose of conveying soft coal from the West Virginia fields to deep water. The issue of $35,000,000 of 4-per cent 40-year bonds, authorized by Norfolk & Western stockholders will be used for double tracking and other improvement purposes, and a 35-year contract has been entered into with the Tidewater people, by which the Norfolk & Western is to have the coal for the handling of which the Tidewater railroad was projected. Norfolk & Western is also said to begin work on its $100,000 depot at Roanoke.

The report of Missouri Pacific for April of $470,000; net earnings, $516,978, a decrease for the August delivery and at $12 80 for the September delivery, a decline respectively of 45 and 30 cents a ton.

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FEATURES OF THE DAY.

IN PITTSBURGH.

Bank exchanges were $6,698,614, a decrease of $2,881,000.

Stock market more active and prices closed higher.

American Sewer Pipe led the dealings, advancing to and closing at 21.

Pittsburgh Coal dividend scrip sold at 102½, a new high price.

Bell Telephone stock sold at 120, the high point of the year.

Natural gas stocks and Electric closed at fractional advances.

IN WALL STREET.

Stock market steady to strong, closing generally higher.

Sales included 189,900 shares stock and $2,375,000 bonds.

United States Steel preferred one of the strongest on the list, selling at 55¾.

The sinking fund bonds were also higher at 75½.

Southern Pacific well supported, but Union Pacific closed at the low point.

Amalgamated Copper rallied to 50¾, but reacted to 50 at the close.

without loops costs $15,000 a year. For each loop there is an additional charge of $750 a year, an das most of the Chicago wires have loops or 'drops' to various intermediate cities, like Pittsburgh and Cleveland, the average cost of Wall street's 40 or 50 western wires terminating in that city is probably $17,000 each. A wire to Philadelphia costs $2,000 and a wire to Boston $4,000. A wire to Washington direct costs $4,000, and with loops to Baltimore and Philadelphia $5,000."

A special meeting of the stockholders of Southern Pacific is called for June 30 to be held at Beechmont, Ky., to vote on the proposition to issue $100,000,000 of preferred stock. Books will close July 14 and reopen July 21. Under the terms of the resolution it appears that the new stock is to bear semi-annual dividends not exceeding 3½ per cent.

Gross earnings of Wabash for the second week in June increased $79,281. Missouri Pacific increased $111,000.

For the first five months of 1904 the steel rail exports aggregate 49,103 tons, compared with 3,967 tons for the corresponding period last year, a gain of 45,136 tons. There has been a corresponding increase in the general exports of iron and steel, in the same time, over 300,000 tons being sent abroad in the first five months as compared with less than 120,000 tons in the corresponding period last year. The noticeable increase in steel rail exports, as well as with most of the principal products this year is wholly due to the slump in home consumption. The domestic railroads last year took 2,184,363 tons, and it is said their demands will be less than 1,600,000 tons. Not until the home demands are practically equal to the mill capacity can the rail makers give the export market. There is small profit in it, but it keeps the plants going in combination with other business.

Sentiment in regard to the "Grangers" is becoming exceedingly bullish, owing to the persistent favorable reports regarding the crop prospects.

E. H. Harriman it is reported, told a close friend last week that the recent sellers of Southern Pacific did not appreciate the full import of the Southern Pacific plan. He said those who were selling would buy the stock back at higher prices. He was surprised that the Southern Pacific people had made the announcement, but was confident that is soon as the plan was fully understood there would be good buying. It is said that the management of Southern Pacific believes that a great deal of the selling of the past four days has been short selling. Harriman houses are lenders of the stock and are large buyers of the rights.

Smelters have declared the usual quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on the preferred, and 1¼ per cent on common. The preferred is payable July 5. Preferred books close June 23 and open July 6. The common is payable July 26; books close July 5 and open July 27.

Corn Products has declared the regular dividend of 1¾ per cent on the preferred.

NEWS FROM THE MINES.

The Idaho Consolidated Power Company, capital $2,000,000, has been incorporated in Wyoming to emerge several companies of Southeastern Idaho and plans to develop 25,000 horse power at American Falls, Idaho, for supply power to the Butte mines and Salt Lake City.

Six mills are to be built this year in the Thunder Mountain and Big Creek districts in Idaho. Prof. S. H. Hunt of Salt Lake has just made a report upon the geological formation of Thunder Mountain that is interesting to mining men. He has found that the ore body is in blanket form and has a secondary enrichment from the rhyolite that overflowed the country. The ledge formation in which the values occur is not itself a mineral-bearing rock, but the values were deposited by cleavage and in crystallization, being entirely exhausted with a depth of 75 feet below the top of the ledge, but increasing in richness nearer the surfaces.

The Colorado and Wyoming Development Company has finished its 25-ton shipment of zinc ore consigned to the Pueblo, United States Zinc Smelting Company. The ore carries a fair percentage of zinc, between 30 and 40 ounces, with some lead and silver. The last shipment is merely for a trial to test for regular production on a large scale.

The Hecla Copper and Gold Mining Milling and Smelting Company, operating in the Silver Crown district, has sent to the Louisiana Purchase exposition the first 1,000 pounds of pure copper taken from ore dug in the district. The exhibit is in the form of little two-ounce bricks, which are to be used as paperweights.

The main shaft of the Federal mine at the head of Graham gulch in Russell district is down 300 feet and sinking operations have been temporarily suspended. Drifting work is being carried on at a depth of 200 feet west of the shaft, where there is a good body of ore to work on, and a 75-ton lot of ore is now being treated at the Roberts concentrating mill at Idaho Springs, and there are over 50 tons in the mine ready to ship to the same plant. A pool of leasers is at work in the east or Rockey Sharpe shaft, and after sinking to a depth of 90 feet these leasees have commenced to drift, the shaft being 170 feet deep.

The Metal Market.

NEW YORK, June 21.—London cabled another decline in the price of tin with spot closing at £124 12s 6d and futures at £122 2s 6d. Locally, tin was easy, closing at $25 37½@25 75. Copper was lower in London, with spot quoted at £56 10s and futures at £56 7s 6d. Locally, the market is holding steady with a fair demand reported for export. Lake Superior is quoted at $12 62½@12 75; electrolytic at $12 50@12 62½, and casting at $12 12½@12 75. Lead was quiet at $4 20@4 30 in the local market. In London it gained somewhat, closing at £11 10s. Speiter was unchanged at £21 15s in London and at $4 75@4 87½ in the local market. Iron closed at 51s 3d in Glasgow and at 42s 7½d in Middlesboro. Locally, the $10,000,000 of preferred stock. Books will close July 14 and reopen July 21. Under the terms of the resolution it appears that the new stock is to bear semi-annual dividends not exceeding 3½ per cent.

Gross earnings of Wabash for the second week in June increased $79,281. Missouri Pacific increased $111,000.

For the first five months of 1904 the steel rail exports aggregate 49,103 tons, compared with 3,967 tons for the corresponding period last year, a gain of 45,136 tons. There has been a corresponding increase in the general exports of iron and steel, in the same time, over 300,000 tons being sent abroad in the first five months as compared with less than 120,000 tons in the corresponding period last year. The noticeable increase in steel rail exports, as well as with most of the principal products this year is wholly due to the slump in home consumption. The domestic railroads last year took 2,184,363 tons, and it is said their demands will be less than 1,600,000 tons. Not until the home demands are practically equal to the mill capacity can the rail makers give the export market. There is small profit in it, but it keeps the plants going in combination with other business.

Sentiment in regard to the "Grangers" is becoming exceedingly bullish, owing to the persistent favorable reports regarding the crop prospects.

E. H. Harriman it is reported, told a close friend last week that the recent sellers of Southern Pacific did not appreciate the full import of the Southern Pacific plan. He said those who were selling would buy the stock back at higher prices. He was surprised that the Southern Pacific people had made the announcement, but was confident that is soon as the plan was fully understood there would be good buying. It is said that the management of Southern Pacific believes that a great deal of the selling of the past four days has been short selling. Harriman houses are lenders of the stock and are large buyers of the rights.

Smelters have declared the usual quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on the preferred, and 1¼ per cent on common. The preferred is payable July 5. Preferred books close June 23 and open July 6. The common is payable July 26; books close July 5 and open July 27.

Corn Products has declared the regular dividend of 1¾ per cent on the preferred.

NEWS FROM THE MINES.

The Idaho Consolidated Power Company, capital $2,000,000, has been incorporated in Wyoming to emerge several companies of Southeastern Idaho and plans to develop 25,000 horse power at American Falls, Idaho, for supply power to the Butte mines and Salt Lake City.

Six mills are to be built this year in the Thunder Mountain and Big Creek districts in Idaho. Prof. S. H. Hunt of Salt Lake has just made a report upon the geological formation of Thunder Mountain that is interesting to mining men. He has found that the ore body is in blanket form and has a secondary enrichment from the rhyolite that overflowed the country. The ledge formation in which the values occur is not itself a mineral-bearing rock, but the values were deposited by cleavage and in crystallization, being entirely exhausted with a depth of 75 feet below the top of the ledge, but increasing in richness nearer the surfaces.

The Colorado and Wyoming Development Company has finished its 25-ton shipment of zinc ore consigned to the Pueblo, United States Zinc Smelting Company. The ore

THE MONEY MARKET.

The local money market remains unchanged at 5@6 per cent on call and time loans. Hardly a day passes that Pittsburgh brokers are not offered time loans from Philadelphia and New York at large concessions from prevailing rates here, but there is so little doing in the stock market that brokers are not increasing their borrowings. Clearing house comparisons:

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Yesterday	$6,698,614 37	$1,355,213 81
Last week	6,639,998 67	1,236,214 08
Last year	6,579,967 40	1,586,600 95

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $163,604,847; gold, $63,854,649; silver, $25,702,971; United States notes, $11,009,114; treasury notes of 1890, $128,014; national bank notes, $14,755,987; total receipts this day, $1,725,540; total receipts this month, $30,440,030; total receipts this year, $323,800,161; total expenditures this day, $1,540,000; total expenditures this month, $24,830,000; total expenditures this year, $370,402,072; deposits in national banks, $119,296,261.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Close: Money on call easy, 1@1½ per cent; closing bid 1½ per cent; offered at 1½ per cent. Time loans easy and dull, 60 and 90 days, 2@2½ per cent; six months, 3@3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3½@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4 87.25@4 87.30 for demand, and at $4 85.35@4 85.40 for 60-day's bills. Posted rates, $4 86@4 88. Commercial bills, $4 85.25@4 85.30. Bar silver, 53¾c. Mexican dollars, 45¼c. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds firm.

Foreign Exchange.

London, $4 87.40; Paris, $5 16¾@5 16 1-32; marks, 95 9-16; kronen, Austria, 20.36; Italian lire, paper, 5.16¾@5 16.1-32; Dutch guilders, 40.30; roubles, 51.80; Pesetas, 14.15; Kroners (Scandinavia), 26.86; Hongkong (dollars local currency), $4 46; Yokohama (dollars in local currency) $3 00; Manila (pesos), par.

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The Oil Market.

The Standard quotes credit balances in the various fields as follows: Pennsylvania, $1 70; Ilinois, $1 72; Corning, $1 37; New Castle, $1 44; Cabell, $1 33; North Lima, $1 08; South Lima and Indiana, $1 08; Somerset, $1 02; Raglan, 95c. The Producers and Refiners' Oil Company quotes Pennsylvania crude at $1 57.

OIL CITY, PA., June 21.—Credit balances, $1 57; certificates, no bid. Shipments, 64,626 bbls; average, 63,842 bbls. Runs, 68,368 bbls; average, 75,172 bbls. Shipments—Lima, 81,992 bbls; average, 63,847 bbls; runs, 9,047 bbls; average, 56,478 bbls.

TOLEDO, Ohio, June 21.—North Lima, $1 08; South Lima and Indiana, $1 03.

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PITTSBURGH INDUSTRIAL EXCHANGE.

	Bid.	Asked.
Aurora Cons.	.08	.09
*Bald Butte M. Co.	1.30	1.85
Columbus Cons.	.14	.20
Copete Copper	.35	.48
Dexter Min. & Dev. Co.	.09	....
*Daly Cons.	23.50	25.00
El Paso Cons. G. M. Co.	.86½	.89
*Grand Central	4.90	5.00
*Greene Cons. Copper Co.	14.25	15.00
Hilden Fortune M. Co.	.12½	.14
*Mexican Mines	.90	1.05½
*Mine La Motte	8.25	9.00
*Montana Tunopah	2.05	2.30
*Portland G. M. Co.	1.90	1.95
Rocco Min. Co.	.15	.22
*Searfish G. M. Co.	.32	.37
*Silver King (Utah)	50.00	56.00
Sunbeam M. M. & M. Co.	....	.40
Tonopah Extension	.90	1.20
Tonopah Mining	.40	.50
Thunder Mountain Cons.	....	1.40
Treadwell, Geo. A.	7.50	9.00
Twentieth Century	1.00	1.45
*Utah Cons.	38.00	38.75
*Vindicator Cons.	.60	.80
Vinnaga G. M. Co.	.03½	.07
Great Chief Oil Co.	1.10	1.25

*Dividend payers.

Boston Copper Stocks.

(Reported by A. E. Masten & Co.)

STOCKS.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close. Bid.
Allouez	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
Bingham	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜
Calumet & Arizona	*100	....	....	*98
Calumet & Hecla	*455	....	....	450
Calumet & Pittsburgh	128	*30	....	27
Franklin	....	....	7	7
Junction Dev. Co.	†16	*20	....	17
Osceola	*15	....	....	14½
L.Sup. & Pgn. Dev.	129⅝	*30	....	30
Massachusetts	*4½	....	....	4
Mohawk	47⅜	47½	47⅜	47½
Michigan	*3¾	....	....	3¼
Old Dominion	61½	62	61½	62
Parrot	13¾	13¾	13¾	....
Quincy	25½	25½	25½	25½
Range Consolidated	30¼	30¼	30¼	30
Shannon	9	9	9	9
Trinity	86	86	86	84
Tamarack	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾
United Copper	85	84	85	80
United Fruit	104¾	104¾	104¾	104½
Utah	38¾	39¼	37¾	38¾
Wolverine	73	73	73	72
Winona	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾

New York Mining Stocks.

Adams Con.	.20	Ontario	8.50
Alice	.20	Ophir	3.60
Brunswick	.10	Phoenix	.12
Comstock Tunnel	.05	Potosi	.03
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.15	Savage	.15
Deadwood Terra	1.30	Sierra Nevada	.34
Iron Silver	1.65	Small Hopes	.10
Leadville Con.	.02	Standard	2.00
Little Chief	.05		

Coach Excursion to World's Fair, St. Louis, Every Thursday in June, Via Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

$12 round trip. Tickets good seven days. Five daily trains. Tickets with longer limits on sale at correspondingly low fares. Inquire at B. & O. ticket offices for full information.

COMPLETE RECORD NEW YORK STOCKS

Daily range of prices reported by Messrs. Henry Sproul & Co., Peoples Savings Bank building, members of New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh and Chicago stock exchange, and Chicago board of trade.

ACTIVE LIST.

STOCKS. Sales.	Open	High	Low	Close Bid.
20300 Atchison	72¼	72⅝	72	72½
4700 Do preferred	95	95⅜	95	95¼
Amer. Cotton Oil	....	....	....	24½
Do preferred	....	....	....	88
700 Am. Sugar Ref.	126⅜	126½	126¼	126½
1600 Am. Locomotive	19¾	19¾	19¼	19⅝
Do preferred	....	....	....	83
Am. C. Foundry	....	....	....	17⅜
Do preferred	....	....	....	71
American Can	....	....	....	4
Do preferred	....	....	....	37⅝
14600 Amal. Copper	50⅜	50¾	50	50
Anaconda Copper	....	....	....	7⅞
600 Am. Sm. & Ref.	53⅜	53⅝	53¼	53½
700 Do preferred	98⅝	98⅝	98⅛	98½
400 Am. Ice	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜
200 Do preferred	20½	20½	20⅜	20⅝
1000 B. & O.	80¼	80½	80¼	80¼
Do preferred	....	....	....	90½
10000 B. R. Transit	48⅝	49¼	48⅝	48¾
Can. Southern	67½	67½	67½	67½
8400 Can. Pacific	121¼	121¾	120¾	121¼
1600 Ches. & O.	13⅝	14⅛	13⅝	13⅞
3700 Con. Gas	194⅝	195½	194	194⅝
200 C. & O.	31	31	30¼	30⅞
Chi. & Alton	....	....	....	38½
Do preferred	....	....	....	78½
500 Chi. & N. W.	170	170⅝	170	170
100 Col. F. & I.	30	30	30	30
100 Corn Products	10¾	10¾	10⅝	10¾
Do preferred	....	....	....	86½
Col. Southern	....	....	....	15¼
Do 1st pfd	....	....	....	48
Do 2d pfd	....	....	....	18
2300 Del., Hudson	154⅜	155½	154⅜	155¼
Evans. & T. H.	....	....	....	50
2200 Erie	23⅜	23⅞	23⅜	23⅝
700 Do 1st pfd	57⅝	58¼	57⅝	57⅞
Do 2d pfd	....	....	....	44½
100 Gen. Electric	151¼	151½	151¼	151
100 Hocking Valley	....	....	....	67
400 Do preferred	82⅜	83	82½	82½
400 Ill. Central	130¾	130½	130¼	130½
Int. Paper	....	....	....	18
Int. Paper	....	....	....	11
Do preferred	....	....	....	66
L. E. & W.	....	....	....	25
Do preferred	....	....	....	52
600 L. & N.	104½	105¾	104½	105¾
3800 Manhattan	148	149	148	148½
3600 Mo. Pacific	92¾	92⅞	92	92⅛
200 M. & St. P. pfd.	87	87	87	30½
4600 Metropolitan	110¼	111	109¾	110⅝
800 Do Securities	76¼	77	76¼	76½
Mex. Central	....	....	....	17
900 National Lead

FIRST NATIONAL BOUGHT LEASES

Bank Will Probably Build at Fifth Avenue and Wood Street Next Spring.

IMPROVEMENTS IN MONTOOTH

Present indications point to the erection of a skyscraper next spring on the property of the First National bank at Wood street and Fifth avenue. Although not generally known, the bank's agents have been quietly working for several weeks getting control of the leases in the various buildings in Wood street owned by the bank. The bank has now, it is said, secured control of all the leases from April 1, 1905, except that of the Mutual Life Insurance Company in the bank building. Some of the leases, including the McCarty lease, run for from two to four years from next April, so that their purchase by the bank was no small undertaking. It is reported on good authority that the bank has secured the Mutual company $6,000 and a location in another skyscraper for its lease. The securing of the leases is taken to mean that the bank will start work on its big office building next spring, but no plans have yet been announced. The bank now owns its big office building and has valuable properties in Wood street. This makes the entire 120 feet in Wood street and the 120 feet in depth along Fifth avenue. Owing to the importance of the corner and the value of the site, it is pretty certain that no building costing less than $1,500,000 will be erected, and the estimated cost has been put by some as high as $3,000,000.

Borough Improvements Help Real Estate.

Montooth borough is enjoying a very tidy boom in real estate and building as the result of the decision by the borough authorities to grade and pave all streets in the borough and install a complete sewer system. These improvement shave already been started and will be finished by fall, which will add greatly to the value of property. Another improvement that is projected is the building by the Pittsburgh Railways Company of a street car line from the Mt. Washington tunnel to Montooth, and thence by a loop encircling the main part of the borough, coming in at Lincoln avenue and West street. Surveys for this line have been made. The Wabash will also intersect the borough, and it is also reached now by the Beltzhoover and the Mt. Lebanon and Charleroi lines.

In anticipation of the enhanced values and the greater desirability of the borough for residence purposes, the Montooth Land and Improvement Company has just completed the purchase of 30 lots, 25x120 feet each, in streets adjacent to McKinley park, for which it paid about $12,000. On these lots the company will build 30 stone front houses of the same make as cement blocks. The houses will cost $3,000 each and will contain six rooms and finished attic. The same company will build six two-story flats of cement blocks on Lincoln and Lafferty avenues. The buildings will contain together 12 flats of six rooms each, which will rent for from $18 to $20 each.

Another improvement which will result soon in the building of a number of houses is the plotting of the William Kiser property, extending from the right of way of the Wabash to the boundary line of West Liberty. The property has been laid out in 50 lots, 25x120 feet each, which will be put on the market early in July.

May Build Hotel on Gusky Corner.

The latest hotel rumor on the street is the report that a syndicate of local capitalists are after the J. M. Gusky store property in the east side of Market street and extending from Third to Fourth avenue. The Market street frontage is 171.5 feet and the lot faces also 128 feet in Third avenue and 108 feet in Fourth avenue. The five-story building on the lot is old and could not be used with safety for hotel purposes, it is said. The property is reported to be held at $600,000, or $3,488 a foot for the Market street frontage. Single lots opposite the Gusky building are held at $5,000 a foot, so that the figure of $600,000 does not seem high when the three frontages are considered. Whether a deal for this property goes through or not, it is becoming more evident every day that the Wabash and the Baltimore & Ohio improvements, together with the making over of the Point district into a wholesale center, are turning the attention of investors to properties on the lower avenues that are suitable for hotel or business purposes and a big hotel in this locality may not be a myth.

The Maximilian section of the Bavarian National association has purchased the property formerly owned by the Concordia club in the north side of Raymond street in Upper Allegheny for $21,500. The lot is 40x60 feet, extending through to Locust street, and has on it a two-story frame building formerly used by the Concordia club, but recently owned by a local building and loan association. The purchasers will take possession of the hall on July 8 and will use it for club purposes exclusively.

Wilkinsburg Broker in the Deal.

It develops that the Mackenzie-Barrett exchange deal, published in The Gazette yesterday, was made by A. D. Harrison of the Wilkinsburg Real Estate and Trust Company. The apartment house which Dr. Mackenzie received in part payment for the property at 656 Penn avenue is a three-story brick building on 48x120 feet at 512-514 Wallace avenue, Wilkinsburg. This property rents for $2,592 a year, and was put into the deal at $32,500. The Penn avenue property rents for $4,500 a year and was figured at $75,000.

Through the agency of the Land Title and Trust Company, George N. Powell has sold to Samuel W. Gault 834 Farragut street, a new reception-hall brick house of 10 rooms, on 81x140 feet, for $10,500. The buyer will occupy the property at once.

One of the most interesting downtown deals made for months was practically agreed to yesterday and will probably be announced today. Both the property and the buyers are well known, and the deal is likely to result in extensive improvements. Another deal for property below Penn avenue is well under way, and if consummated will mean the erection of a large building.

Secured Renting of a Skyscraper.

John A. Sharp, formerly of the Union Realty company, has been appointed renting agent of the Keystone office building in Fourth avenue. The new building will be rented up more closely than any other skyscraper in the city at present, as only two of the 168 offices are vacant. Mr. Sharp, who has had charge of the suite of offices in the Keystone building, has also been appointed renting agent for two other well-known downtown buildings and will take charge July 1.

Fred Lehmann; W. L. Stewart sold for E. L. Atkinson to former Select Councilman Thomas E. Perry a nine-room brick house on 30,120 feet in the south side of Baum street, near Sheridan avenue, Nineteenth ward, for $7,500.

Bennett street: David L. Dillinger sold to Thomas A. Coleman 150x150 feet in the south side of Bennett street, near Lang avenue, Thirteenth ward, for $8,250.

Hermitage street: Howard G. McDonald sold to George H. Shickler an improved lot 25x90 feet in the north side of Hermitage street, near Sherrett street, Twenty-first ward, for $4,750.

Pride street: Morris Kaufmann sold to D. Rosenthal an improved lot 16.5x65 feet in the west side of Pride street, near Ann street, Sixth ward, for $8,000.

Irwin avenue: George W. Myers sold to Clyde N. Rayburn 100x133 feet at the northwest corner of Irwin avenue, near Emerson street, Twenty-second ward, for $9,250.

Lemington avenue: The Chadwick Land Improvement Company sold to John R. Parker an improved lot 25x100 in the north side of Lemington avenue, near Westmoreland street, Twenty-first ward, for $4,250.

Wharton street: Susannah Penney sold to Catherine Watterson an improved lote 24x60 feet in the south side of Wharton street, near Nineteenth street, Twenty-sixth ward, for $2,900.

J. W. Sherrer sold for D. McK. Lloyd to J. F. Otte 40x140 feet on the north line of McPherson street, Twenty-first ward, for $2,050 cash.

Building Permits Issued.

Building permits were issued yesterday to the Guaranty Title and Trust Company for a two-story brick dwelling on the east side of avenue to cost $10,000; August Skambart, two-story frame dwelling on Tuscola street, Thirty-second ward, to cost, $2,900; Hugh Dwyer, two-story frame dwelling on Arabella street, Thirteenth ward, to cost $1,456; Hugo Leithof, two-story brick dwelling on Boggs avenue, Thirty-second ward, to cost $2,100; George Zentze, two-story brick dwelling on Boggs avenue, Thirty-second ward, to cost $3,100; D. E. Simpson, two two-story brick veneer dwellings on Rosetta street, Nineteenth ward, to cost $6,300; J. M. Webb, two-story brick dwelling on Jackson street, Nineteenth ward, to cost $4,200 and Mrs. Annie E. Borland, two two-story frame dwellings on Monongahela street, Twenty-third ward, to cost $5,000.

Transfers Recorded.

O'Halloran Thos to M J McWilliams, June 17, McKees Rocks, 24x125, Frederick st ..... $ 1,700
Mercantile Trust Co Tr to M M Wilcox, June 15, Springdale, 3 acres..... 3,700
Ford D D to Rachel A Morgan, Apl 7, N Braddock, 20x84, Hawkins ave.... 1,700
Wirth Alois to Wirth Brady, May 31, Wkbg, 27x102, South st 4,500
Schmitt Conrad to J G Lauer, June 11, 21st wd, Pgh, 30x100, Lowell st..... 1,725
Ingram Sarah to Martin Burke, June 14, 7th wd Pgh, 20x80, Locust ave.. 23,750
Hindman H E to Mary Barum, June 15, Carnegie, 25x120, Fourth ave..... 3,000
White Cath to Timothy Barrett, Apl 9, Penn twp, 50x100, Lincoln ave..... 1,600
Newby Wm to S G Vandergrift, Feb 17, 21st wd, Pgh, 30x100, Montezuma st 3,250
Allen M G to Owen Ross, June 16, 18th wd, Pgh, 20x100, Bates st..... 1,250
Jones Wm H to H T Cullen, Dec 4, Mifflin twp, 25x110, Homer ave..... 2,300
Cullen H T to Jno F Cullen, June 18, Mifflin twp, 25x110, Homer ave..... 2,300
Lawton R E Co to M E Russell, June 14, Elliott, 27x105, Lorenz ave..... 3,000
Sanderson J F to Frank Kelcher, June 16, Baldwin twp, 80x140, Sunnyside ave 2,500
Will Julia B to Mary E Neuhvont, June 6, 13th wd, Pgh, 30x140, Craig st.... 10,000
Hanson O to Josephine Hanson, Dec 18, 18th wd, Pgh, 19x80, Wylie ave..... 2,500
Dunn Mary to Geo R Creighton, June 9, Crafton, 40x120, Catteral st..... 5,000
Thompson Cora B Thompson to F A Dierdorf, Feb 11, South Fayette twp, 50x150, public road 2,100
Stahl Samuel S to B F Bickell, April 1, Sheraden, 25x100, Merwyn ave..... 3,000
Klug Geo to J F Lawthers, June 15, 4th wd, Homestead, 24x90, Sixth ave, 23d wd, Pgh, 25x90, Melbourne st..... 7,500
Houggy E W to E F Garraux, Feb 5, Etna, 26x100, Wilson st..... 2,350
Noble J H to Jno Schafer, Jr, May 28, 19th wd, Pgh, 25x115, Farragut st.. 7,750
Parker S H to H P McCurdy, May 31, Avalon, 57x165, Harrison ave..... 1,200
Fleming Julia H to 11th wd school dist, Allegheny, 50x100, 11th wd, Ally, 125x161, Bakewell st 5,000
Wolf Elizabeth to Ella Proctor, June 20, Pgh, 20x80, Second ave..... 25,000
Carmack L M to W S Shepler, May 18, 21st wd, Pgh, 24x100, Carson st..... 1,800
Robison A R to W A Boothe, Apl 9, 19th wd, Pgh, 32x114, Homer st..... 8,500
Valentine W to Sarah E Sheets, June 18, 6th wd, McKees, 25x76, Hazel st.. 3,500
Faulkner J W to H A Breidenridge, June 1, Brackenridge, 50x163, Second st 2,100
Phillips H A to Emma V Lyle, June 14, Chestnut, 50x150, Highland ave..... 1,400
Kuhlewind C to Carl Hartwig, May 6, 13th wd, Pgh, 16½x200, Craig st..... 16,000
Moore Henry to E L Sullivan, May 24, 32d wd, Pgh, 125x106, Higham st..... 4,000

LIVE STOCK MARKETS

PITTSBURGH UNION STOCK YARDS.

Tuesday, June 21, 1904.

Cattle—Supply light and market slow. Choice, 1,300 to 1,600 lbs., $6.20@6.35; prime, 1,300 to 1,400 lbs., $6.05@6.10; good, 1,200 to 1,300 lbs., $5.40@5.75; tidy, 1,100, $4.65@4.90; common, 700 to 900, $3.00@4.25; rough, 1,000 to 1,200, $4.00@4.60; heifers, 700 to 1,100 lbs., $3.00@4.75; common to good fat cows, $2.00@4.25; common to good fat bulls, $2.00@4.25; good fresh cows and springers, $40@50; common to fair, $30@35.

Sheep and Lambs—Supply light and market steady. Prime wethers, 95 to 100 lbs., $4.90@5.10; good mixed, 75 to 80 lbs. 100 lbs., $4.90@5.10; good mixed, 75 to 80 lbs., $4.65@4.85; culls and common, $2.00@3.00; lambs, $3.00@5.50; spring lambs, $4.00@6.75; veal calves, $5.50@5.75; heavy and thin, $3.50@4.00.

Hogs—Receipts light; 10 double decks; market active and 10c higher. Prime heavy, medium and Yorkers, $5.50@5.55; pigs, $5.30@5.40; roughs, $3.75@4.60; stags, $2.50@3.25.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, June 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,000 head, including 300 head Texans; market slow to steady; good to prime steers, $5 75@5 85; poor to medium, $4 50@5 00; stockers and feeders, $2 75@4 00; cows, $1 50@4 50; heifers, $2 00@5 00; canners, $1 50@2 50; bulls, $2 00@4 25; calves, $2 00@5 50; Texas fed steers, $4 00@5 25. Hogs—Receipts today, 12,000 head; tomorrow, 30,000 head; market 5@10c higher; mixed and butchers, $5 10@5 30; good to choice heavy, $5 20@5 30; rough heavy, $5 00@5 15; light, $5 10@5 25; bulk of sales, $5 20@5 35; Sheep—Receipts, 12,000 head; market steady; good to choice wethers, $4 75@5 25; fair to choice mixed, $4 00@4 75; spring lambs, $4 50@7 50; western sheep, $4 50@6 25.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Beeves—Receipts, 73 head; all for tomorrow's market; no trading in live cattle; feeling steady; cables quoted live cattle firm at 11@12¼c a pound; tops, 12½c a pound, dressed weight; sheep, easy; refrigerator beef selling at 9¾@9½c a pound; shipments today, 740 head cattle, 1,120 head sheep and 4,180 quarters of beef; tomorrow, 2,800 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts, 59 head; no trade of importance; nominally steady; prime veals, $5 75; no buttermilks; dressed calves slow; city dressed veals, 6@9c a pound; country dressed, 6@8c a pound. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 6,430 head; good handy sheep; full steady; all else dull; lambs in moderate demand; sheep, $3 00@4 75; prime Ohio wethers, $5 25; lambs, $5 80@7 15; one deck at $7 25; culls, $3 50@4 50. Hogs—Receipts, 2,770 head; none for sale alive; nominally firm.

KANSAS CITY, June 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 7,700 head, including 1,300 head southerns; market for best strong; others weak; choice export and dressed beef steers, $5 75@6 40; fair to good, $4 25@5 50; western fed steers, $4 25@6 00; stockers and feeders, $3 00@5 50; western steers, $3 00@5 70; southern cows, $2 00@4 00; native cows, $2 00@4 50; native heifers, $2 25@4 25; calves, $2 50@4 25. Hogs—Receipts, 12,000 head; market 5@10c higher; tops, $5 20; bulk of sales, $5 00@5 15; heavy, $5 05@5 15; pigs and lights, $4 40@5 07½. Sheep—Receipts, 6,000 head; market steady; native lambs, $5 00@7 00; western lambs, $5 00@7 00; fed ewes, $4 50@5 10; Texas clipped yearlings, $4 75@5 85; Texas ewes, $4 50@5 30; Texas clipped sheep, $4 00@5 90; stockers and feeders, $3 00@4 00.

FLOUR IS REDUCED; SPRING CHICKENS DROP

Cantaloupes Are Cheaper—Potatoes Go Away Down, Cabbage Slumps.

The mills have reduced prices on spring patent flour and local jobbers announced lower quotations yesterday. Straight winter and baker's flour are also reduced. Prospects for winter wheat for the coming season are poor and winter wheat flour is ruling high. This will make a demand for spring flour all the better. The outlook is very good for spring wheat, but this crop will not be available until October. There is still extraordinary demand for rice; consumers are appreciating more and more that rice is low the cheapest article of food. New canned pineapples are on the market. The stock of canned corn is said to be getting painfully low. Orders are being taken for California canned goods for fall delivery and all the prices lower than the same as last year, except on lemon cling peaches, which are about 30 cents higher. This is due to short crop. Further advances may be expected on coffee.

Spring chickens are now in much better demand and are coming in freely. A big reduction in quotations went into effect yesterday. A large amount is coming in from river points. New potatoes have gone to the bottom and sold yesterday as low as $2 50 on track. The strawberry arrivals yesterday were ample, but the stock is soft and is less desirable than earlier in the season. Beans are firmer, while cabbage and tomatoes are weak with the fresh weak markets. Cantaloupes arrived in big quantities yesterday and prices went down to the lowest figure yet.

According to reports there is less demand for the melons this year than for several seasons, though the quality was never better. There were no banana or peach arrivals yesterday, and the markets were strong on both. Pineapples are quiet and steady. The arrivals being heavy, while lemons and oranges are holding rather steady, with the supply about equal to requirements. Huckleberries and cherries are in good demand.

There were no changes in hay yesterday. Grain of all kinds remained about the same. There were no sales on 'change and business is reported as dull as last week. Millfeed holds high and likely will for some time; there are no prospects of its going down, with no winter wheat to grind for a month yet.

HAY, GRAIN AND FEED.

Receipts bulletined: Pennsylvania, 33 cars hay, 8 cars corn, 22 cars oats, 2 cars rye; Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, 3 cars hay; Baltimore & Ohio, 15 cars hay, 4 cars oats, 1 car corn, 1 car feed.

Dealers charge an advance of 5c a bushel on grain and $1 00 a ton on hay and millfeed from warehouses in less than carload lots.

Hay, No. 1 timothy	$14.50@15.00
do No. 2	$13.00@14.00
No. 1 clover mixed	$13.00@13.50
No. 1 mix	$12.00@12.50
Loose, from wagon	$13.00@17.00
Straw, oat	$9.00@9.50
do wheat	$6.00@6.50
do rye	$14.00@14.50
Oats, No. 2 white 2	47@47½c
do No. 3	46@46¾c
do No. 4	46@46½c
Rye, No. 2 Mich	$1@82c

GROCERIES.

Flour.	
Fancy spg. patent, quarters, in paper	$5.25@5.30
Fancy winter patent	$5.20@5.25
Straight win	$5.00@5.10
First clears	$3.80@3.90
Second clears	$3.60@3.70
Rye	$3.90@4.05
Graham	$4.65@4.75
Cornmeal bbl	$3.10@3.20
do 10-lb cotton bags	16½@17c
Rolled oats, bbl	$5.40
do kegs	$2.85
Roasted Coffee.	
Rio	13@15c
Santos	20@23c
Maracaibo	15½@18c
Peaberry	17½@18c
Golden Rio	14@14½c
Caracas	18@18½c
Standard pkgs	$11.05@11.55
High gr'd	$17.80@19.20
Molasses, fancy new	35@37c
do choice	32@35c
do open ket	38@40c
Syrup.	
Fancy syrup	28@30c
Maple, gal	$1.00
Sug. and cane	24@25c
Prime	24@25c
do choice Caro-lina	5¼@5½c
Salt, No. 1 bbl	$1.00
do No. 1 extra	$1.10
do gran. rock	95c
do packet	$1.50@1.85
do dairy	$1.30
Lentils, fancy, "G-O," lb	4½c

CANNED GOODS.

Peaches, sta. pie	$1.10
do pie, gal	$2.50@3.00
do California, L. C	$1.65@2.25
do Mary-land	$1.45@1.65
do California, Y. E	$1.80@2.00
Corn, fancy	$1.35@1.75
do std	$1.20@1.25
Cherries, Cal	$2.50@2.75
Lima beans	$1.20@1.45
do soaked	75@80c
String beans, 2-lb	70c
do lb	95c
Stringless beans	$1.25@1.75
Peas, marrow-fat	90@95c
do early June	85c@$1.00
do soaked	55@65c
Apples, N. Y., gal. cans	$2.15@2.20
Pineapples	$1.20@2.25
Plums, Cali-fornia	$1.55@1.60
Raspberries	85@95c
Gooseberries	85@90c
Tomatoes, fancy	$1.15@1.35
do standard	77@85c
do gal	$2.50@2.85
Succotash, 1-lb cans	$1.25@1.40
Baked beans, cans, tomato sc	75@85c
Salmon, dos	95c@$2.00
do red, 1-lb flats	$1.50
do pink, 1-lb talls	$1.85@2.10
Chipped beef	$2.25@2.75
Corn and roast beef, 2-lb cans	$2.30@2.35
do 1-lb cans	$2.30@2.35
Mackerel, broiled	$1.90@2.50
Sardines, domestic, ¼s	$3.40@3.50
do mustard, ¼s	$2.60
do French	$9.50@18.50

SALT FISH.

Mackerel, No. 1 mess, bbl	$28.00
do half bbl	$11.50
do quar. bbl	$6.00
Mackerel, No. 1 plain, bbl	$20.00
do half bbls	$11.50
do quar. bbls	$6.25
do 20-lb palls	$2.40
do 10-lb palls	$1.75
Mackerel, No. 2 large, bbl	$14.00
do half bbl	$7.40
do quar. bbls	$3.85
do 20-lb palls	$1.75
do 10-lb palls	95c
Do No. 3 fish 50-lb tubs	$5.00
Lake herring, 100 lbs	$3.35
do 50-lb	$1.35
do 10-lb	50c

DRIED FRUITS.

Apricots, evap., bags	10@12c
do 25-lb boxes	10½@12½c
Apples, bulk	6¾@7c
do 1-lb cartons	7½@8c
Peaches	7@10½c
Raisins, seeded 1-lb pkg	7½@7¾c
Raisins, Muscatel, 2 and 4 crown	5@6½c
do Ondara	$2@$2.25
do Val	$2@$4c
do Cal. Val	7@7½c
Currants, cleaned, 2? and 60-lb	6¼@6¾c
Prunes	3@8c
Figs, Cal	6@9c
do Turk	12½@14c

SEEDS.

Clover, from store, recleaned	60-lb bu small $6.75@7.00
do domestic moth	$6.85@7.10
do crimson	$4.50@4.75
do white	Dutch $10.25@12.00
Alsike	$7.50@8.00
Alfalfa	$8.50@9.00
Millet, Western	$1.25@1.50
Southern	$1.75@1.80
Grass, Hungarian	90c@$1.10
do lawn, lb	16@18c
do blues, 14-lb bu	$1.65@1.75
do red top, 14-lb bu	$1.10@1.60
Timothy	$1.55@1.60

NUTS.

Shellbarks, bu	$1.75@2.00
Pecans	10c
Peanuts, fancy, roasted	$1.60
do choice	$1.30

PRODUCE.

Brussels sprouts, quart	18@20c
Carrots, doz	65@75c
Texas Tomatoes, 4-basket carriers	$1.00@1.25
do Miss. 4-basket carriers	$1.00@1.25
Spinach, bu	35@40c
Asparagus, home raised	40@50c
Honey, new	13@14c
Beets, new	40@50c
Popcorn	4@5c
Egg plant, bbls	$3.75@4.00
do doz	75c@$1.00
Strawberries, Fancy	9@10c
Choice	6@8c
Home raised, per qt	11@12c
Dewberries, per crate	$4.00
Blackberries, per crate	$3.25@3.50
Huckleberries, per qt	14@15c
Peppers, baskets	$1.75@2.60
Mushrooms, per lb	35@40c
Green corn, Florida, doz	30@40c
Canteloupes, Florida, per crate	75c@$2.00
Watermelons, Florida	25@35c
Rhubarb, home raised, lb	8@12c
Watercress, doz	40@50c

FRUITS.

Lemons, Messinas	$3.00@3.50
do California	$2.40@2.50
Limes, per 100	$1.50
Oranges, California, navel	$3.25@3.50
Cocoanuts, bags	$2.75@3.00
Figs, cartons	75@90c
Bananas	$2.25@2.50
do bunches	$1.75@2.00
Pineapples, crate	$2.00@2.50
Grapes, Almeria	$3.50@6.00
Grape fruit	$5.00@5.50
Apples, bbl	$2.50@3.00
do choice	$2.00@2.25
do Missouri, per box	$1.75@2.25
Cherries, California, 10-lb boxes	$1.00@1.25
do Maryland	$2.25@2.50
Peaches, new, 6-basket carriers	$1.50@2.50
do 4-basket carriers	$1.00@1.25
Wild plums, per crate	$2.50@3.25

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE.

Butter.	
Prints	20¼@21c
Tubs	20@21½c
Ohio cream	17½@18½c
Dairy	16@17c
Country roll	16@17c
Cheese, N. Y. full cream	12¼@13c
do Ohio cream	8¼@8½c
do ¾ cream, new	7@7½c
do Ohio Swiss	12@12½c
do Wis. Swiss, tubs	15½@16c
do 20-lb block Swiss	15½@16c
do imported	27@27½c
do Limburger, new	12½@13c
do old	16@16c
do 5-lb bk	12½@13½c
Eggs, candled	19c
do southern	18@18½c

POULTRY AND GAME.

Live hens	14@15c
Dressed hens	17@18c
Live springers	20@22c
Dressed do	25@26c
Frozen broilers	23c
Roasters	18@19c
Turkeys	20@25c
do fresh killed	17@18c
Roosters	13@14c
Geese	8@9c
Ducks	19@20c
Long Island ducklings, lb	26c
Capon, lb	23@25c
Squab, doz	$4.00
Do No. 2	$2.75
do ruddy	$1.25
do red head	$1.75@2.00
do canvas-back	$2.75@3.00
Impt. golden plover, doz	$5.50
do black breast	$3.50
do grouse	$2.50
do partridges	$2.25
English pheasants per pair	$3.25
Large frogs, doz	$2.25@2.50
Snappers, per lb	7@8c

PROVISIONS.

Hams.	
18 lbs and up	11½c
Over 14 to 18 lbs	10¾c
Over 10 to 14 lbs	10¾c
10 lbs and under	10½c
Skinned	12¼c
Boneless boiled	13c
California	9c
Shoulders, N. Y. cured	8½c
do skinned	9c
Ribs, 8 to 10 lbs	10½c
do 10 to 12 lbs	9¾c
do back strips	9¾c
do 12 to 14 lbs	9¾c
Breakfast bacon, back strips	9¼c
Dry salt sides, extra short clears	7¾c
Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs	9c
do 16 to 20 lbs	8¾c
do under 16 lbs	8¼c
Dry salt smoked sides, extra short clears	8½c
Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs	9c
do 16 to 20 lbs	9¼c
do under 16 lbs	9¼c
Lard, pure, tierces	7c

HIDES.

No. 1 green steer, heavy	8c
do light, under 60 lbs and cows	7c
all weights	7c
No. 1 green bulls	6c
Calfskin, No. 1	10c
Green salt or cured, No. 1 steers, over 60 lbs	9c
do No. 2	8c
Cows and light do	8c
do No. 2	8c

The Wool Market.

BOSTON, June 21.—There is a steady market for domestic wool. The sentiment prevails that the new wools must bring higher prices in order that the buyers may clear a profit on the new clip. Some choice lots recently have been disposed of at record values. Receipts of new grades are heavy, daily and are increasing. Pulled and territory wools are quiet and foreign grades are also inactive, though firm. Leading quotations today: Ohio and Pennsylvania, ¼ and above 32@34c; X, 30@31c; No. 1, 32@33c; ¼, ⅜ and ½ blood unwashed, 26@27c; fine washed delaine, 34@35c. Michigan X and above, 26@27c; No. 1, 29@30c; No. 2, 26@26c; fine unwashed, 26@27c; ¼, ⅜ and ½ blood unwashed, 25@26c; fine washed delaine, 31@32c. Kentucky, Indiana, etc.—⅜ and ¼ blood, 26@26½c; braid, 22@23c. Territory—Idaho fine, 17@18c; heavy fine, 14@15c; fine medium, 17@18c; medium, 18@19c; low medium, 18@19c; Wyoming, fine, 15½@16½c; heavy fine, 14@15c; fine medium, 17@17½c; medium, 19@20c; low medium, 19@20c. Montana—Fine choice, 18@19c; fine average, 17@18c; fine medium choice, 18@19c; average, 16@17c; staple, 19@20c; medium, choice, 19@20c.

Coffee and Sugar.

NEW YORK, June 21.—The market for coffee futures opened steady at a decline of 10 points under very moderate liquidation, and in sympathy with disappointing European cables. Later it improved somewhat in tone on demand from Wall street and Europe based on continued moderate primary receipts and bullish crop advices. They seemed to be comparatively little coffee offering at the market and as buyers were slow to advance their bids, prices showed but small movements, and the market was finally quiet at a net decline of 5@10 points. Sales were reported of 20,000 bags, including at 5.85c, September, 6.10@6.15c; October, 6.20c; December, 6.35@6.45c; March, 6.70c and May 6.85@6.90c. Sugar, raw, firm; fair refining, 3¾c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3 27-32c; molasses sugar, 3½c; refined steady; crushed, 5.50c; powdered, 5.00c; granulated, 4.90c.

DECREASE IN SUPPLY HELPS WHEAT PRICES

Leading Cereal Down Only a Shade on Chicago Board at Close.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, June 21.—A big decrease today in the visible supply of wheat overcame almost completely a severe break in prices, the result of bearish crop advices. At the close September wheat was down only a shade; September corn was up ⅛@⅜c; oats gained ⅛c and provisions 7½c to 10c.

Firm cables and additional rain in the southwest had a supporting influence on the wheat market at the opening. As a result initial quotations were at a trifle advance over yesterday's closing figures. July being up a shade to ¼@¾c at 86@86¼c. September was up a shade to ⅛@⅜c at 86@86¼c. Pit traders, however, were inclined to the selling, and on the slight advance sold freely. A number of bearish factors soon came into prominence, with the result that the market became extremely weak. One of the main influences in this result was the weekly weather bureau report which pronounced all conditions favorable. Another element was the report of the statistical secretary of agriculture making an estimate of 95,400,000 bushels as the season's production for that state compared with 87,000,000 bushels last year.

Advices from Kentucky, where harvest is in progress, said that from the appearance of cut wheat the yield will be large and the quality better than last year's crop. Reports from the northwest regarding the general outlook of the spring wheat fields were of a flattering kind. Before the selling pressure abated July declined to 83¾c and September to 78¾c. During the latter part of the session there was active covering by shorts on a decrease of more than 2,000,000 bushels in the visible supply. The demand became still more urgent with the announcement of a decrease of more than 3,000,000 bushels in the world's available stocks. Late in the day offerings became quite scarce, and in consequences prices were easily forced up to the opening level. Sentiment was firm at the close. Final quotations on July were up to 86¾c at 84¾c. September closed at 79¾@79¾c. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 121,700 bushels. Primary receipts were 279,600 bushels, compared with 388,200 bushels a year ago. The visible supply decreased 2,132,000 bushels, while the world's visible supply, according to Bradstreets, showed a decrease of 3,207,000 bushels. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 217 cars, against 246 cars last week, and 370 cars a year ago.

Early in the session sentiment in the corn pit was decidedly weak, liberal receipts and the easier tone of cables bringing out considerable selling orders. Western interests sold freely on the report of a Minneapolis crop expert which claimed favorable conditions for corn growth. A sharp rally occurred toward the middle of the session due largely to the small estimated small receipts for tomorrow. Light primary receipts also helped to strengthen the situation. The market closed strong and near the point. September opened unchanged at 48¾@48¾c, sold between 48¾c and 49c, and closed at 48¾@48¾c. July closed at an advance of half a cent at 48¾@48½c. Local receipts were 694 cars, with 78 of contract grade.

Heavy rains and favorable weather conditions caused free selling of September oats by scalpers early in the session. The result was an easier undertone. Later in the day there was considerable buying on the estimated small receipts for tomorrow and on the strength of wheat and corn. The market closed firm with July ⅜c higher at 39½c. September opened unchanged to ⅛c lower at 31⅛@32c, sold between 31⅝@31¾c and 32½c, and closed at the top. Local receipts were 192 cars.

Provisions were firm on small receipts of hogs and on higher prices at the yards. The market would have shown much greater strength but for the fact that a prominent commission house was an active seller. At the close September pork was up 7½c at $13 30. September lard closed 10c higher at $7 25. Ribs were up 7½@10c at $7 45@7 65. Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat, 18 cars; corn, 188 cars; oats, 72 cars; hogs, 24,000 head.

The leading futures, reported by John D. Armstrong & Co., members of the Chicago board of trade, Farmers Bank building, are as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Yesterday's Close.
WHEAT					
No. 2					
July	85⅞	85⅞	84⅝	85⅝	85⅝
Sept.	79⅝	79¾	78¾	79¾	79¾
CORN					
No. 2					
June	47⅝	48	47⅝	48	47½
July	47⅞	48⅝	47⅞	48⅝	47⅞
Sept.	48⅝	49	48	48⅞	48⅝
OATS					
No. 2					
June				40¾	41
July	33⅝	33⅝	32⅝	32⅝	32¾
Sept.	32	32⅛	31⅝	32⅛	32
MESS PORK					
July	13 00	13 07½	12 97½	13 02½	12 95
Sept.	13 20	13 35	13 20	13 30	13 22½
LARD					
July	7 02½	7 07½	7 02½	7 07½	7 00
Sept.	7 22½	7 25	7 17½	7 25	7 15
SHORT RIBS					
July	7 50	7 55	7 50	7 55	7 47½
Sept.	7 70	7 75	7 67½	7 75	7 65

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour quiet and easy; No. 2 spring wheat, 83@86c; No. 2, 85@88c; No. 2 red, 88@90c; No. 2 corn, 47¾@48¾c; No. 2 yellow, 49¾@50¾c; No. 2 oats, 40¾@41c; No. 3 white, 39¾@43¾c; No. 2 rye, 95c; good feeding barley, 30@40c; No. 1 flaxseed, $1 02 to choice malting, $1 03@1 04; No. 1 flaxseed, $1 01; No. 1 northwestern, $1 07; prime timothy seed, $2 92½; mess pork, per bbl, $13 00@13 05; lard, per 100 lbs, $7 00@7 02½; short ribs sides (loose), $7 25@7 50; dry salted shoulders (boxed), $7 25@7 50; whisky, basis of high wines, $1 28; clover, contract grade, $10 75.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, bbls	17,900	19,300
Wheat, bu	42,200	42,200
Corn, bu	550,300	380,500
Oats, bu	153,500	132,400
Rye, bu	2,000	2,000
Barley, bu	18,300	1,000

NEW YORK, June 21.—Flour—Receipts, 21,-889 bbls; exports, 7,842 barrels; market about steady with light business. Rye flour steady. Cornmeal steady. Rye nominal. Barley slow. Wheat—Receipts, nothing; exports, 2,903 bu; spot market steady; No. 2 red, nominal, elevator; No. 2 red, $1 01¾ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth, $1 07¾ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard, Manitoba, nominal, f. o. b. afloat. Options opened higher and for a brief time were firm on better cables and a little foreign buying. Then they weakened under bearish crop news, which finally came. A heavy decrease in world's stocks for the week and closing only ¼c net lower. July, 88⅞@89¼c, closed 89 9-16c; September, 83⅝@84¼c, closed 84¼c; December, 84@84¾c, closed 84½@84¾c. Cor

DONNER DENIES BROTHER'S CLAIMS

Two Men Charged With Torturing and Robbing Henry Davidson, Are Convicted.

AGED MAN PICKED POCKETS

W. H. Donner gave his side of the case in the suit of his brother Frank, before Judge Marshall Brown. All he did, he said, was to accept his brother's money and agree to give him an interest in his interest in the Union Steel Company. In letters written to his brother, which were read, he expressed himself as being unable to understand on what the plaintiff based his demands. On one occasion, it was testified, Frank suggested an interest of 2½ per cent, but offered to accept $100,000. This the witness refused to pay, with the statement that he wished to settle only on an exact basis.

W. H. Donner said he never agreed to give his brother any stock in the concern, as that was practically nominal, and did not represent the money actually being expended in the construction of the plant.

The contest over a $2,000 insurance policy held by the late John J. Kelly of Braddock was decided by Judge J. N. Orr. Under Kelly's will the policy was turned over to L. F. Holtzman, the executor, to be destributed by him according to Kelly's direction. It was claimed that the money should go to the estate. Holtzman declined to state to whom the money was to be paid, as his instructions from Kelly were confidential. Then the plea was set up that the money was to go to charitable institutions, which would be illegal, as Kelly died within 30 days of the date of the will. Holtzman, under order of the court, said that at first Kelly had told him to pay $1,000 to an illegitimate son and $500 for masses and $500 to St. Frances' hospital. Later the $1,000 was transferred to his sister Mary.

Judge Over decides that the directions to Holtzman created a trust in Kelly's lifetime and as a previous will made no such provision. Under this revocation there is no reary why the bequest should fail.

George Anderson and Robert Fry were convicted of a charge of burglary before Judge Robert S. Frazer in criminal court. The men were convicted of being two of a party of six who entered the home of Henry Davidson in West Deer township on December 3, 1903 and burned the old man's feet in an effort to make him reveal the hiding place of his money, supposed to be in the house. No witnesses for the defense were put on the stand, the attorney for the defense explaining to the court that their defense was to be an alibi, but owing to witnesses from Punxsutawney and Dubois not being present they would let the case rest.

The court made a brief charge to the jury, explaining that the testimony of William Graham, one of the gang who turned state's evidence, could not be relied upon wholly. He said if the testimony was believed, a verdict of guilty should be returned and this was done in a short time after the jury retired.

James Welsh, a man about 60 years old, pleaded guilty to a charge of picking pockets, made by Detective Charles Aymer, who arrested him in a downtown department store. He was said to have been caught by the officer in the act of picking the pocket of Mrs. Theresia Miscio. Judge Elliott Rodgers asked the old man if he had ever been arrested before and the defendant said he had about a year ago at Butler for the same offense. He was given three months at that time. The court sent him to the workhouse for 10 months.

Charles Rice was acquitted of a charge of misdemeanor, made against him by Joseph Hill, constable for Alexander Humphreys Lynch of the Ninth ward, Allegheny. The constable said he was taking a prisoner to jail on April 11 and while passing an alley in the rear of the Frick building was attacked by the defendant. He claimed he was badly beaten by some of it was that his prisoner escaped, taking a pair of handcuffs which were on his wrists when he was arrested.

George Papa, a McKeesport banker, pleaded no defense to seven charges of embezzlement, made against him by Antonio Lanza, who alleged he took money amounting to $526.10 from them, with which he was to send for their wives, and appropriated it for his own use. The court will hear testimony in the case later. Papa explained that his cashier had left with the money.

CROWD OF MERRY ANDREWS STORM REGISTER'S OFFICE

Bride and Bridegroom Made Unhappy by Their Noisy Retinue—Lack of Knowledge of Dead Languages Helps to Prevent a Storm.

Since Register G. H. Stengel put a stop to the practice of sending the cook or the coachman for marriage licenses, and required the presence at the license office of the bride and groom-to-be, occasions for procuring the license have been made a kind af picnic by some of Pittsburgh's putative 400. When an ignoble couple goes to the license office the bride blushes, the groom looks bashful and their friends stand quietly by, knowing that it is rather an ordeal for the young people. The scene attending the taking out of a license yesterday by Paul A. Sorg, son of the multimillionaire tobacco manufacturer and ex-congressman of Ohio, P. J. Sorg, and Miss Grace Auli, daughter of Maj. W. F. Auli, agent of the Denny estate, was quite different.

License Clerk Herman L. Hegner was busy making out licenses when suddenly a commotion, shouting and laughing, was heard in the lobby, and presently Mr. Sorg and Miss Auli entered, silent, quite red in the face and looking heartily ashamed of their noisy retinue of eight couples. Clerk Hegner became desperate at the pandemonium and threatened to call a policeman and have the entire entourage removed. The shouts subsided somewhat, then and the register's clerks, who had rushed upstairs to learn what all the noise was about, went back to their work. The crowd grew so quiet that if one member of it talked very loud he or she could be heard above the din.

"What is your age?" said Hegner to Sorg.

"Look at his teeth," said one of the groom's friends.

Sorg started to append his signature to the application, and one of his suite placed a wreath of carnations on his head. Miss Auli was by this time filled with suppressed indignation, and snatched the chaplet of flowers from Paul's head and cast it on the floor. Another crown was placed in position and again the bride dashed it to the floor.

When the marriage license clerk said the price of the license was 50 cents one of the train of followers cried:

"That's the easiest part of the whole thing."

The license was delivered and the crowd left the court house, singing as they walked through the corridors.

"They act like real hoi polloi," said a young lawyer, as the noisy crowd moved by.

"What did he say?" asked one of the young woman of her escort.

"Hoi polloi—that's Latin for smart set," the young cotillion leader replied, proudly.

And the groom, who had heard the lawyer's remark, the girl's question and the man's answer, looked at the man and laughed consmedlies—for the first time since he had entered the court house. The groom knows Greek.

CLAIM VIOLATION OF MINERS' SCALE

Mass Meeting Called to Determine Upon Resistance to Cuts in Wages.

REDUCE DAY MEN 35 PER CENT

The United Mine Workers of this district will hold a mass meeting, June 30, in Moorhead hall, to take action regarding the alleged violation of the scale agreed upon at the Indianapolis convention and later signed by the operators in this district. The principal grievance is the reduction of outside day laborers, who, they claim, have been reduced anywhere from 25 to 35 per cent.

The miners comprising the four competitive fields, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio and Western Pennsylvania, voted to accept the reduction of one-half of the advance of the year 1903, which would amount to about 5.55 per cent. The operators, it is said, insist upon a greater reduction.

The men at the river mines have suffered the greatest reduction. There is scarcely a workman, according to the officials of the union, that is receiving the scale price. Committees from the mines have visited the headquarters ever since the operators signed the agreement. Each committee had the same grievance, and despite the efforts of the executive officials, the operators have not paid the men the agreed wages.

Circulars were sent out yesterday to the locals instructing them to call a special meeting for the purpose of electing a delegate to represent them at the convention. The circular states that the delegates must come to the convention prepared to state the wages that the outside day men were receiving in 1903; what they have been receiving this year and what is paid them at the present time. The question of company stores, rents and the price of fuel, will also be taken up.

There are 25,000 miners in this district belonging to the union, of this amount 10 per cent are outside men. Should the outside men stop work the miners would also have to quit. The district is well organized and should a strike result the coal trade would be badly crippled, especially as the lake trade, which has been affected so largely by the Masters' and Pilots' strike, needs all the coal it can get for the remainder of the season.

Pittsburgh, Lake Placid and Clayton Sleeping Cars Tuesdays and Fridays, Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Road.

The Clayton sleeper leaves Pittsburgh every Tuesday and Friday at 11:30 p. m., city time, running through on Club train due at Clayton at 4:35 p. m. The Adirondack mountain sleeper leaves on same days at 9:50 a. m., running through on New York Central No. 42, due Saranac lake at 7:35 a. m. and Lake Placid 8:05 a. m. Return service is likewise semi-weekly. See agents for excursion rates.

The preserving quality of LAWRENCE Paint is in the superior quality of pigment (lead and zinc) and purity of the linseed oil used.

ARRANGING WAGE SCALE FOR TIN PLATE MILLS

Manufacturers Demand a Reduction of 18 Per Cent from Last Years' Prices.

A joint conference of the wage committee of the Amalgamated association and the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company representatives was held yesterday in the offices of the company in the Frick building. The conference elected President Theodore J. Shaffer, president of the association, as chairman, and Charles W. Bray, vice president of the company, secretary.

Both sides submitted a scale which differs 8 per cent, the company demanding a reduction of that amount from the scale agreed upon at the Cleveland convention. At Cleveland it was decided to accept a reduction of 10 per cent from last year's agreement, which expires the last of this month. Last year's scale was reduced 18 per cent at expanded conferences held January and April. This is the scale the manufacturers want adopted for next year.

President W. T. Garland was not present at the conference, not having returned from New York. The company is represented by C. W. Bray, B. Goldsmith, J. R. Phillips, George Greer and the district manager. It is not expected an agreement will be reached before the last of the week.

VISITED THE OIL FIELDS.

Members of the Imperial Geological Survey of Japan in West Virginia.

Members of the imperial geological survey of Japan—Messrs. Naito, Takendu, Makiguchi, Nagino and Yamaguchi—have been visiting the West Virginia oil fields for several days. They came from New York with letters of introduction to W. J. Young, vice president of the South Penn Oil Company. They were sent to the West Virginia fields and were shown the details of drilling by representatives of the company. On their return last night they expressed themselves as being well pleased with the trip. They left for Niagara Falls last night and will then visit the Ohio, Indiana and Kansas oil fields. After visiting the world's fair they go to San Francisco and in about a month sail for home from that port.

One of the number is a student at Yale university but returns with the party to his native home. All are highly educated and speak the English language fluently.

Scranton to Have New Silk Mill.

DOVER, Del., June 21.—(Special.)—A certificate of incorporation filed here today for the Chambersburg Silk Manufacturing Company of Scranton, Pa., to make weave and prepare for market silks, satins, etc. Incorporators: A. S. Baker, N. P. McTague, R. J. Bourke, all of Scranton, Pa. Capital stock $5,000.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

PENNSYLVANIA BOY TARS SAIL FOR FOREIGN LANDS

PHILADELPHIA, June 21.—The Pennsylvania school ship Saratoga, with 80 boys aboard, sailed from this port today on her regular summer cruise. She will shape a course due east from the Delaware breakwater to Gibraltar, stopping at Algiers and Naples, and returning home via the Madeira islands. This is the first cruise of the vessel to the Mediterranean.

Half Million Dollar Fire.

McCOMB CITY, MISS., June 21.—Fire today destroyed the best part of the business portion of McComb City, including the city hall, two hotels and a large dry-goods store. The loss is placed at $500,000, with insurance about one-half. Defective electric wiring is thought to have caused the fire.

A Woman's Headache
generally comes because of troubles peculiar to women; these troubles come from a cause simple in itself, but which Beecham's Pills will quickly remove. There are many ways in which women suffer and

A Woman's Backache
is another most serious and painful experience of many women. Thousands of women are taking Beecham's Pills periodically and find them wonderful in relieving the suffering. Every woman should acquaint herself with the good these Pills can do, as

A Woman's Suffering
can be avoided by using

BEECHAM'S PILLS

See special instructions to women with each box.

Sold Everywhere In Boxes, 10c. and 25c.

TYPEWRITERS
Agents for the Manhattan Typewriter. Also dealers in all makes of second-hand Typewriters at reasonable prices. Monthly inspection of typewriters a specialty. Rent and repairs all makes of typewriters. F. S. Webster Co. carbon paper and star brand ribbons.
Pittsburgh Typewriter Inspection Co.,
F. S. WEBSTER CO., Prop'rs.,
432 DIAMOND ST.

The Smoker Who Appreciates a Good Nickel Cigar

That is the man we mean to convince by *practical proof* that the United System of buying and selling gives him *the best 5-cent cigar obtainable* (except in our stores) *for three cents each.*

To prove this statement we have placed on sale in all our stores one of the best 5-cent cigars ever made

Santa Bana Perfectos
At $1.50 for Box of Fifty—Three Cents Each

These cigars are perfecto shape; hand rolled; wrapped with genuine Sumatra; filled with a combination of high-grade, rich, well-matured tobacco—long, clean and sweet as a nut.

We have seven million of these cigars on hand and have ordered *as many more.* But these are not bargain-lot cigars. Every one is of standard quality, every one in perfect condition. This is one of the four propositions on which we mean this year to double our already enormous business.

To the smoker of good nickel cigars, this is our proposition in a nut shell. It will cost you just *3 cents* to prove it.

UNITED CIGAR STORES
The Largest Cigar Retailers in the World
509 MARKET ST., 440 WOOD ST., 6107 PENN AVE.,
500 SMITHFIELD ST., FIFTH AVE. AND GRANT ST.
Same prices by mail. Remit to Flat-Iron Building, New York.

CHARLES H. LLOYD,
TAILOR,
503 Market Street, Second Floor.

AMATEUR SPORTS A GAZETTE FEATURE. No other Paper tells so well what the boys are doing in the Sporting Line—THE GAZETTE is in the lead.

BAR MEETS AT CAPE MAY.

Many Pittsburgh Lawyers Will Attend Annual Meeting of State Association Next Week.

Many Pittsburgh lawyers will hie themselves to Cape May next Monday to be present at the opening of the tenth annual meeting of the Pennsylvania Bar association on Tuesday. Several leading lawyers of the country are to make addresses and the program will be an interesting one. Judge Nathaniel Ewing of Uniontown, as president, will open the convention. The annual address by Henry E. Davis of Washington, D. C., will be the feature. The election of officers will take place on Friday, and be followed by the annual banquet at which Col. Sheldon Potter of Philadelphia, will be toastmaster. President Woodrow Wilson of Princeton university, and Gen. J. P. S. Gobin are to be among the speakers.

Among the Pittsburghers who will attend the meeting are: Judges J. A. Evans and James R. Macfarlane, William Scott, J. F. McF. Carpenter, Thomas Patterson, E. W. Smith, E. Z. Smith, F. C. McGirr, Samuel McClay, Clarence Burleigh, R. B. Scandrett, and many others whose names have not yet been announced.

Carrick Now a Borough.

Judge Robert S. Frazer yesterday ordered the decree making Carrick a borough. The portion of Mt. Oliver originally included in the corporate limits was excluded by the court, which also excluded the village of Reflectorville. The latter was ruled out because it was not included in the original petition or map; the court says it can be attached to the borough later.

Railroad Sues for $230,790 09.

The West Side Belt Railroad Company yesterday entered suit against the Pittsburgh & State Line Railway Company to recover $230,790 09. The amount is alleged to be due on a note of the same figures given in February, 1904, to mature in three months. The amount is alleged to be due at present and no payment has yet been made, it is averred.

TO FIGHT ASSESSMENTS.

Policy Holders in a Mutual Indemnity Company Will Take Claims Into Court.

Policy holders in the Duquesne Mutual Casualty and Indemnity Company, a concern insuring against loss by burglary, will hold a meeting in the office of Attorney Charles H. Sachs, Frick building, tomorrow afternoon, to formulate a plan and engage legal aid in taking their claims to court.

The company in question is in the hands of a receiver, the International Savings and Trust Company having been appointed such by common pleas court No. 1. The company was run on a mutual system, and its policy holders to the number of 1,000 or more, are scattered throughout the small towns of this and adjoining counties. In the bill filed in court by the company it set forth as its only assets the right to assess its policy holders a pro rata share of the losses.

The policy holders will make the fight on the ground that they understood the mutual system was abolished after the first year. The first policies were issued four years ago, and a number of those who took out policies the first year claim to have never paid premiums except for the first year, and their policies should have lapsed.

According to the bill filed in court the company has liabilities to the amount of $10,738 22 and the estimated amount for interest and expenses incidental to court and receiver's fees will reach $12,387 51. The assessments on policy holders, it is alleged, range from $50 to $200 each.

DISFIGURED WITH ECZEMA

Under Physicians Five Months, Went From Bad to Worse.

CURED BY CUTICURA

Wonderful Change in One Night. In a Month Face Was Clean as Ever.

"I was troubled with eczema on the face for five months, during which time I was in the care of physicians. My face was in such a condition that I could not go out. It was going from bad to worse and I gave up all hope, when a friend of mine highly recommended Cuticura Remedies. The first night after I washed my face with Cuticura Soap and used Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Resolvent it changed wonderfully, and continuing the treatment it removed all scales and scabs. From that day I was able to go out, and in a month my face was as clean as ever."
THOMAS J. SOTH, 317 Stagg St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

The above letter was received in 1898 and be again writes us Feb. 19, 1903: "I have not been troubled with eczema since."

The agonizing itching and burning of the skin as in eczema; the frightful scaling, as in psoriasis; the loss of hair and crusting of scalp, as in scald head; the facial disfigurement, as in pimples and ringworm; the awful suffering of infants, and anxiety of worn-out parents, as in milk crust, tetter and salt rheum—all demand a remedy of almost superhuman virtues to successfully cope with them. That Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Resolvent are such stands proven beyond all doubt. No statement is made regarding them that is not justified by the strongest evidence. The purity and sweetness, the power to afford immediate relief, the certainty of speedy and permanent cure, the absolute safety and greater economy have made them the standard skin cures of the civilized world.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Resolvent, 50c (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c per vial of 60), Ointment, 50c., Soap 25c. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq., Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Proprietors.

RIVALS SUPREME COURT.

Recapitulation of Superior Court Work Since Its Organization in 1895.

A recapitulation of the work of the superior court since its organization, furnishes an interesting statistical review of the cases that have been handled. The court was organized July 1, 1895, and each year since the number of appeals taken has been growing till its record of the last term of the court, in 1903, when it handled 26 more appeals than did the supreme court. Last year it was but 15 cases short of the supreme court, hearing 531 appeals in 1903 to 546 appeals in 1902, or less than the supreme court of the same year. In 1900 it heard 541 appeals, or 26 more than did the higher court. Since its organization it has heard 4,091 appeals and of that number there are 232 of this year undecided.

In number of cases disposed of Philadelphia county heads the list with 1,085 cases. Allegheny county is next with 815 cases, with Lackawanna and Luzerne following with 172 and 171 cases respectively. Snyder and Pike counties had but one case each, while Cameron county is the only one in the state without an appealed case.

Grand Jury Returns.

The grand jury returned the following true bills yesterday: Felony, Daniel Crawford; assault and battery, Clinton Smith; assault, Joseph Calao; assault and battery, John Chilton, Amos Chilton, Vina Chilton, Will Dyer, Harry Rice, Jacob Weinheimer, Mary C. Weinheimer; entering a building with intent to commit a felony, Thomas Hamilton, Mike Borski, P. C. Hamilton, T. Lee Hamnett; misdemeanor, Lewis Brown, Joseph Fetter, Peter Fey, H. Hagmaier, John D. Kane, P. Lawler, Eugene E. Lasch, Henry J. Meyer, E. A. McCutcheon, Daniel Obermayer, Peter Parente, Jacob Rutstein, William A. Setting, Carl E. Schutter, Herman Grebeler, John Beiter, Jacob Spadau, C. C. Spencer, George A. Vorse; larceny from the person, Thomas J. Davis; larceny, Ralph S. Campbell, Joseph Klein, Sarah Nicoley, Morris Kaufman, Elsie O'Kelly et al., Frank Springon (2), Lizzie Schmidt (4); selling liquor illegally, John McMullin, William T. Tompkins.

LEGAL BRIEFS.

A petition in bankruptcy was filed by William J. Udick, a hotelkeeper of Surgeon's Hall, Fayette township. He gives his liabilities as $10,537 83 and his assets as $10,127 74.

Charles L. Criss, chief burgess of Sheraden, has instituted quo warranto proceedings against the First National bank of Sheraden, alleging the bank is acting as borough treasurer without bond.

An alternative writ of mandamus was issued directing Justice John J. Walker to show cause why an appeal should not be granted to I. B. Williams from a judgment for $400, entered May 4.

In the equity suit of Benjamin A. Laws against John P. Kleman, seeking an accounting in an amusement company, the defendant has filed answer, making a general denial of the plaintiff's contention.

Judge Marshall Brown refused a new trial in the case of James Duffy and wife against the Sable iron works and Zug & Co., in which a jury awarded the plaintiffs $2,000 for fatal injuries to a child who fell into a vat of grease at the foot of Thirteenth street.

The borough of Ingram has instituted equity proceedings against the borough of Crafton, to sever a connection made by the defendant borough with the sewer constructed by the plaintiff borough, which traverses a portion of Crafton in its course to Chartiers creek.

The equity suit of Margaret H. Magness against John A. Douthett and others has been dismissed. She alleged that fraud was used by her to sign a deed for property in Allegheny. The court decides that there was no coercion and that the deed is valid.

An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed against Simon Mohr, jeweler, of 510 Smithfield street. The petitioners are the D. T. Smith Company and A. H. Bliss of North Attleboro, Mass., and Workman & Newman of Providence, R. I. They present claims amounting to $767 75. The Commonwealth Trust Company was appointed receiver.

The exceptionally good record, as shown by the recently published half-yearly statement of the Pittsburgh Bank for Savings of this city, must be very satisfactory to its many thousand depositors. The careful and conservative management of this bank merits the largest measure of public confidence.

STORAGE
For Household Goods, Etc. New Building Clean and Dry. Separate Rooms for Each Lot. Goods Packed for Shipment. Vans and Wagons for Moving. Wagons for General Hauling.
Estimates Given. Lowest Insurance.
HAUGH & KEENAN,
STORAGE & TRANSFER CO.,
Penn Ave. and Second St., City, and Centre Ave., Opp. Euclid, East End.

J. & I. R. KORNBLUM,
Opticians.
ARROTT BUILDING,
Second Floor, Cor. Wood St. and Fourth Ave.

SUMMER RESORT HOTELS —AND— STEAMSHIP ANNOUNCEMENTS

ATLANTIC CITY.

Visitors to Atlantic City from Pittsburgh are invited to make free use of the facilities at The Gazette and Chronicle Telegraph bureau, on Young's Ocean pier.

The facilities include stationery and a private postoffice. Letters addressed in care of The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau, Atlantic City, will be promptly delivered to the addressees.

Booklets, descriptive of the hotels advertised, may be had on application at the Gazette office.

The Gazette's advertising representative in Atlantic City is John C. Benson, Gen'l Mgr. of The Resort Advertising Co., Bartlett Building, North Carolina and Atlantic avenues. All advertisements will be accepted at the same rates as at the home office of The Gazette.

The Albemarle, Virginia Ave., near Beach. Elegant modern hotel, new throughout, 100 large front rooms and excellent table. Special reduced terms $8, $10 and $12.50 weekly; $2 daily. Elevator, steam heat, private baths, etc. 2,000 ft. porches. Souvenir Booklet. J. P. Cope.

MARLBOROUGH HOUSE,
Stone, Iron and Slate Construction.
Capacity 600.
Whole block on Central Beach front. Exclusive patronage. Highest grade of everything. Open all year. Running ice water and Bell telephones in the bed rooms. Sea and fresh water in all baths. Yachting, bathing, Golf, automobiling, driving, fishing; innumerable amusements.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS,
Proprs. and Managers.

GALEN HALL
Atlantic City, N. J.
HOTEL AND SANITORIUM.
New buildings, with every comfort. Elevators, roof solarium and three sun parlors. A complete bath department, giving Electrical Nauheim, Schott, Sea Water baths, using sea water for ladies and gentlemen. Trained operators only.
F. L. YOUNG, General Manager.

THE SAVOY
Directly on the beach. Unobstructed ocean view from every room. Hot and cold running water in all rooms. Rooms en suite with artesian and sea water baths. Elevator, steam heat. Booklet on application.
BRYAN & WILLIAMS.

HOTEL MORTON
VIRGINIA AVE., NEAR BEACH.
Open all the year. Refurnished and decorated. Rooms en suite with private baths. Sun parlor. Elevator from street level. Fine table. Write for booklet and terms.
MRS. N. R. HAINES,
Owner and Prop'r.

THE ST. CHARLES
Directly on the Ocean Front.
Remains open throughout the year. Bell telephone in rooms. Sea water in all baths. Golf privileges. High-class music.
NEWLIN C. HAINES.

Grand Atlantic Hotel
Virginia Ave. and Beach, Atlantic City, N. J. New management, improved cuisine; capacity 600. Sea water baths. Orchestra. Cafe. $12, $15 and up weekly. Booklet.
A. C. MITCHELL & CO., Propra.
D. F. RARTER, Manager.

Hotel Rudolf
OPEN ALL YEAR. Atlantic City, N. J.
SPECIAL RATES TO JULY 9th.
Rooms with sea and fresh water baths. American and European plans. McKee's Boston Symphony Orchestra.
CHAS. R. MYERS, Owner and Proprietor.

HOTEL IROQUOIS
SO. CAROLINA AVE. AND BEACH.
has reduced its rates for June to $10, $12, $15, $17.50 weekly. Saturday to Monday, $4; capacity 400; large, cool, elegantly furnished rooms; private baths. 'Phones in rooms; elevator to street; elegant porches with ocean view; excellence in table and service. Booklet mailed.
W. F. SHAW.

The Original Pan-American Production of the
JOHNSTOWN FLOOD
is on
THE BOARDWALK
Opposite Steel Pier. The finest electric scenic production in the world.

BERKSHIRE INN.
Ocean end Virginia ave., 100 yds. from New Steel Pier. June and July, $2 to $3 day; $8, $10, $12.50, $15 weekly for large, cool rooms; delightful location; unobstructed view; capacity 300; large porches; excellent table and service. Private baths. Booklet.
J. O. & J. E. DICKINSON.

ATLANTIC CITY.

MAGNIFICENT AND FIREPROOF
THE DUNLOP
On the Boardwalk between Young's and Steel Pier. European plan. Suites with bath and every modern convenience. Cafe, noted for its excellence, attached. Seafood a feature. Booklet.
ROBERT T. DUNLOP.

NEW BRICK BOSCOBEL.
Every known hotel appointment with exceptional luxury. Cuisine and service unexcelled. Special rates until the first of August. Rooms single and en suite, with large luxurious baths. Write for illustrated literature. Elevator to street level.
A. E. MARION, Owner and Manager.

HOTEL SHOREHAM,
Ocean end Virginia ave. Special rates for May, June, $10, $12, $15, $17.50. Open on all sides; excellent view from each room; every modern convenience; elevator to street; steam heat; private baths; 'phones in rooms; table and service the best; capacity 300; booklets.
W. B. COTTEN.

THE FRONTENAC.
Ocean end Kentucky ave., 100 yards from beach. Special terms, $8 up weekly, $1.50 up daily, for large ocean rooms and superior table. Elevator, baths, 'phones, etc. Capacity 250. Booklet. Saturday to Monday, $3.
MRS. H. Y. MOYER.

THE HOLMHURST.
Pennsylvania ave., close to Beach. Central and select location. The extensive improvements, renovation and refurnishing makes this a new hotel and one of the best. Rooms en suite with elevator, steam heat, sun parlor, private baths, running water in rooms, etc. Special rates. Booklet.
HENRY DARNELL.

HOTEL DE VILLE—Kentucky Ave. and Beach. Capacity 350.
A most attractive and thoroughly modern hotel at moderate rates. Elevator, private baths; music room, etc. Appointments and table high-class. Booklet. New ownership.
JOHN P. GIBERSON,
Formerly of the New Clarion.

HOTEL NEW ENGLAND.
Ocean end South Carolina ave. Very convenient to Boardwalk, Piers and all Amusements. Rooms en suite with private baths, steam heat, sun parlor, elevator from street level. Booklet on application.
BRYAN & WILLIAMS.

THE RUNNYMEDE.
Park Place, close to Beach, facing City Park. Select location. New and strictly modern. Elevator, steam heat, sun parlor, rooms en suite with bath. Cuisine of the highest standard. Booklet mailed.
J. M. LWAIN.

HOTEL GLADSTONE.
Directly on the beach, with unobstructed ocean view, in the finest location. High-class, with every appointment. Sea and fresh water baths attached to suites. Booklet upon request.
N. J. COLLINS.

HOTEL RALEIGH
Ocean end of St. Charles Place. Finest location. Open all year. Capacity 400. Elevator, private baths, sun parlor, etc. Special rates. Booklet mailed.
C. C. SHINN.

THE CHETWOODE.
Open all year, with every comfort for guests at reasonable rates. Heated sun parlor, private baths, spacious exchange and parlors. Near Beach and Piers. Write for Booklet.
EMILY M. DEMPSEY, Owner and Manager.

ROYAL PALACE HOTEL.
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Located directly on the Beach. Under new management. Send for illustrated booklet.
Chas. B. Prettyman, Lyman J. Watrous,
Owner and Proprietor. Manager.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL—Tennessee ave.
Central to all attractions, every comfort for guests. American, European plan, weekly rates $8, $10, $12; transient $1.50-$2. Special rates to families and commercial trade. Music. New management.
GRAHAM & CO.

HOTEL ISLESWORTH.
Attractive in size, location, service and equipment. Hot and cold sea water in all baths. Special rates for June. New Dutch Cafe. Hassler's Orchestra.
OSBORNE & PAINTER.

Hotel Ponce De Leon
Virginia ave., second house from Beach. Capacity 300. Cuisine unexcelled.
S. E. SWEENEY, Owner and Prop'r.

SEASIDE HOUSE.
Ocean front. Every comfort, including sea water baths, elevator, sun parlors, golf, etc. F. P. Cook & Son, formerly of Hotel Senate.

SPECIAL RATES TO JULY 9th.
HOTEL LAWRENCE *Maryland Ave. and Beach. New and modern. Two min. walk from boardwalk, bathing and steel pier. Managed by owner, J. G. KENDRICK.*

ATLANTIC CITY.

BRADY HOUSE.
15 to 17 So. Arkansas ave., is fully prepared at Special Low Rates to entertain families coming to witness the Atlantic City "Jubilee," June 15-20. Don't miss it. James Brady.

HOTEL GLENDALE.
St. James Place and Beach. Rooms en suite with bath. Elevator from street level; $10 per week and upward. Open all year. Write for booklet.
F. F. BURCH.

HOTEL IMPERIAL Ocean End Maryland Ave. Admirably situated. Moderate tariff. Capacity 300. Atlantic City, N. J.
W. CHANDLER STEWART.

HOTEL WARREN.
Managed by CLIFFORD C. HERR of Pittsburgh. European plan. Cafe and bar. Open all year. Atlantic and New Jersey aves.; two blocks to Boardwalk.

Absolute Cleanliness, Good Table, Low Rates.
HOTEL OSBORNE,
Arkansas and Pacific aves. 19th season, same management. Elevator, $1.50 and up per day. $8 and up per week. R. J. Osborne.

THE NEW BELMONT —FIREPROOF
Ocean end of Virginia ave. Capacity 300. Special for July, $8 to $15 weekly. Elevator, private baths, etc., and an excellent table.
W. J. WARRINGTON, Prop'r.

THE ELWOOD.
Sea end St. James Place. Open all year. Fireproof. Rooms en suite with bath; steam heat; elevator from street level. $10 weekly and up.
ROBERT S. SMITH.

HOTEL RICHMOND—Ocean Front, Kentucky Ave. Capacity 250. Every appointment, including elevator, steam heat, baths, sun parlor, etc. Special rates.
J. D. PEASE,
C. H. PEASE, Manager.

HOTEL ARLINGTON.
Michigan ave. and Beach. Offering Special Rates $10 up weekly. Excellent cuisine and service. Steam heat, elevator, private baths, etc. Superior table. Booklet mailed.
L. A. KUNZ.

THE WESTMINSTER.
Kentucky ave., near beach; steam heat; sun parlor; baths; elevator from street and all conveniences. Rates $8 to $12.50. Chas. Buhre.

THE WILTSHIRE
Virginia Ave. and Beach.
Open all the year. Capacity 350. Delft Cafe. Long distance 'phones in all rooms.
S. S. PHOEBUS, Propr.

HOTEL DENNIS
Directly Facing the Ocean.
WALTER J. BUZBY.

HOTEL SEABRIGHT—Rhode Island ave., second house from Beach. Most desirable location; excellent cuisine. Open surroundings. Special June rates.
O. C. MILLER.

HOTEL ABBEY—Pacific and Mt. Vernon aves., near Beach. Steam heat. Electric light, elevator, suites with baths. American and European plan. Cafe attached.
HARRY J. GORMLEY, Mgr.

CHESTER INN.
New York ave., near Beach. Open all year. Steam heat, sun parlor, elevator. Modern in detail with moderate rates. Booklet. D. Knauer.

THE PENNHURST.
Michigan ave. and Beach. Elegantly equipped; finest location. Elevator, steam heat, private baths, etc. Special rates. W. R. HOOD.

BRADY HOUSE—15-17 So. Arkansas ave, near Beach. Open surroundings. Ocean view. Elegantly furnished; good table. $8 and $10 weekly. Booklet. Jas. Brady.

THE BRUNSWICK—St. James Place and Beach. Most Central Location. All Conveniences. Steam Heat, Good Table. Special $8 Up Weekly. Booklet. Chas. H. Sasse & Son.

HOTEL KENTUCKY—Kentucky Ave., Near Beach; Ideal location; table unexcelled; highest satisfaction guaranteed. Special rates, $8 to $12 weekly.
F. A. CHAPMAN & CO.

HOTEL MORRIS.
St. James Place.
J. Barrie Smith, Propr. Two minutes' walk from Young's Pier and the Beach.

OCEAN SPRAY 2216 PACIFIC AVE. 110 S. MISSISSIPPI AVE.
One minute from beach. Good table. Excellent accommodations. $1.00 a day.
MRS. GRAHAM.

HOTEL AUSTIN—Pacific and New York Aves. Near Beach. New and elegant. Capacity 500. Complete with steam heat, baths, etc. Special—$8 to $15 weekly.
E. L. Austin.

HOTEL GLENSIDE—Connecticut and Oriental Aves. Close to Beach. Ocean view. Capacity 250. Modern and attractive. Baths, etc. Special for June, $10 up weekly.
HENRY R. OAKMAN.

HOTEL ROANOKE—South New York Ave. Open all year. First-class accommodations. Steam heat. Excellent table. Buffet.
N. A. DUELING.

ATLANTIC CITY.

CHELSEA COTTAGE—28 and 30 S. Florida ave. Reasonable board with good home cooking. Ocean view. $1.25 day, $7.00 week. 15 years under same management and ownership.
MRS. M. A. SMITH.

THE PITTSBURGH—Directly on the Inlet. Modern with all improvements. Reasonable rates. Mrs. Mary E. McQuaide, formerly of Pittsburgh.

THE LORAINE—St. Charles Place and Beach. Hot and cold sea water baths, elevator, etc. Special June rates. Booklet.
SAMUEL WAGNER & SON.

BREVOORT HOTEL—So. Carolina ave. Centrally located. Modern conveniences; terms reasonable.
MARGARET WALSH, Prop.

LA FONTAINE—Kentucky Ave., near Beach; refined, homelike. Steam heat, sun parlor. Special rates, $8 to $12 weekly.
H. B. PARKER.

HOTEL STRATTON—So. Carolina Av. 2nd house from beach. Thoroughly modern. Best location, $8 up weekly.
J. M. STRATTON.

MILLER COTTAGE—9 to 15 No. Georgia ave. Excellent table. Electric lights; $7 daily; $35 weekly until July 1.

LA BELLE INN—near Beach and Piers. South Carolina Ave. Every convenience. Excellent table. $8 up weekly. J. Youngblood, late of Schaeffer's hotel.

THE CLIFTON Cor. Atlantic and Conn. aves. All conv. $1.25 to $2 daily; $7 to $10 weekly. Front, Asbury Park, N. J., now open. C. A. SHAW.

THE HIGHLAND—Mrs. Archibald MacLean, 34 Massachusetts ave., Atlantic City, N. J. Special rates for July.

HOTEL MERVINE—New York Ave. Beach. New; brick; rooms en suite with baths, $1.50 to $2.50 -$9 to $14 weekly. MRS. EELS.

ACME—Kentucky Ave. and Beach. Thoroughly modern. Special moderate rates.
MRS. G. W. STODDARD.

BEAUMONT—Tennessee Ave. near Beach. Steam heat. Open all year. $1.50 up daily. Special weekly. J. B. CORE.

COLWYN—21 So. Michigan Ave. Open all years. Steam heat, home comforts. $1.00 per day. E. C. WARBURTON.

MEYERDALE—21 So. Carolina Ave. Excellent table and service. $1.50 daily; $9 weekly.
J. FRIES SMITH.

SCARBOROUGH Directly on beach; Maryland ave. $2.50 a day up; $12.50 week up. Walter R. Davis, Mgr.

SPRING LAKE, N. J.

SPRING LAKE, N. J.
THE NEW MONMOUTH
At Spring Lake, N. J.
Will Open About June 25th.
Building entirely of